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Title: Duluth evening HERALD

Inclusive	Jan 1	Feb 28
Dates:	1902	1902

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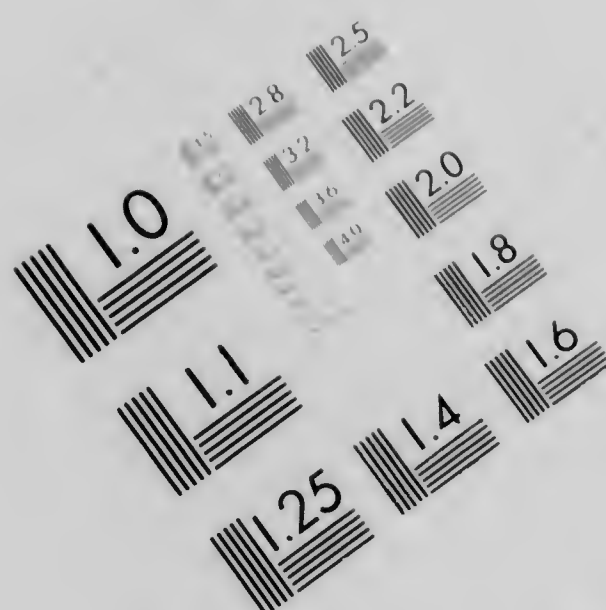
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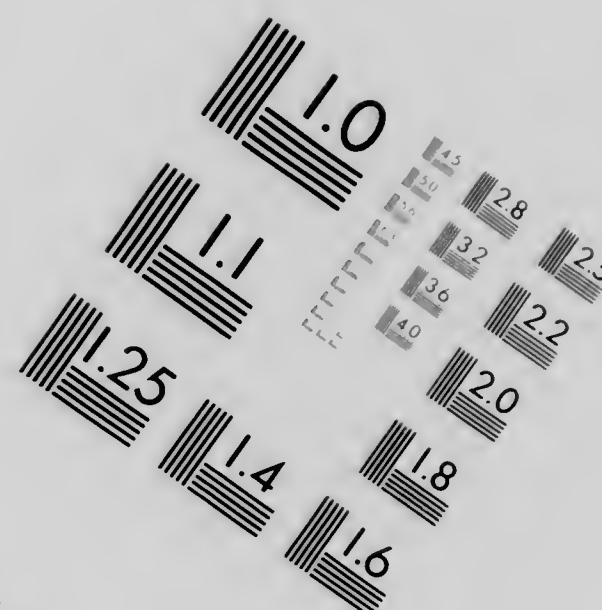
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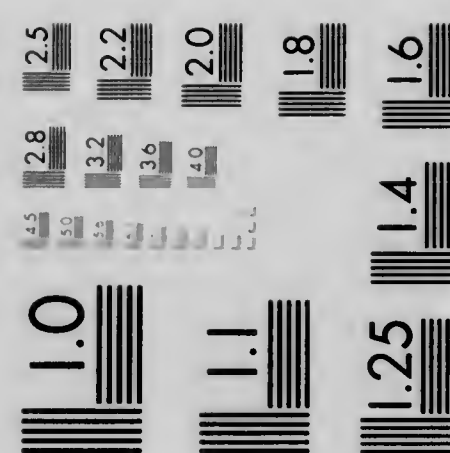
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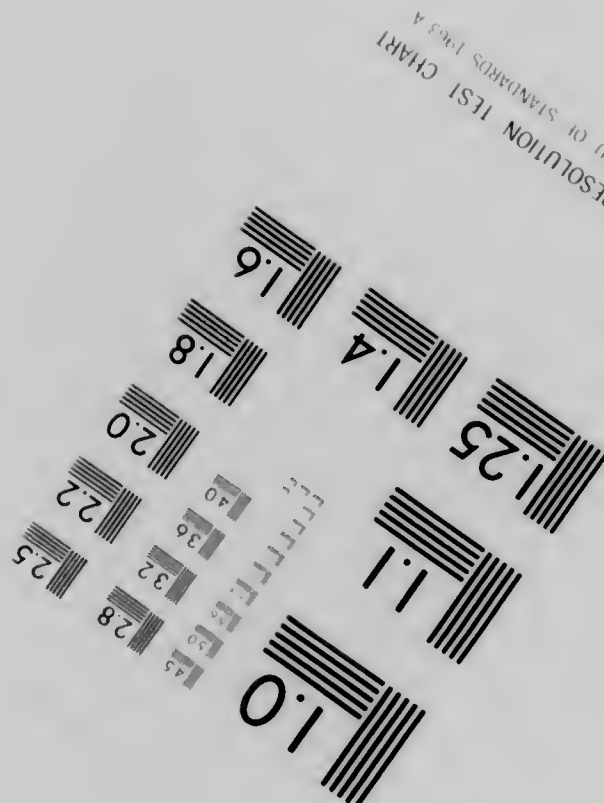
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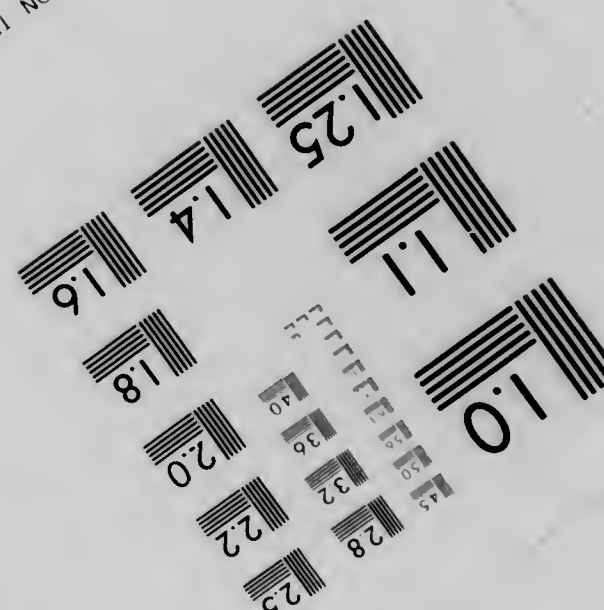
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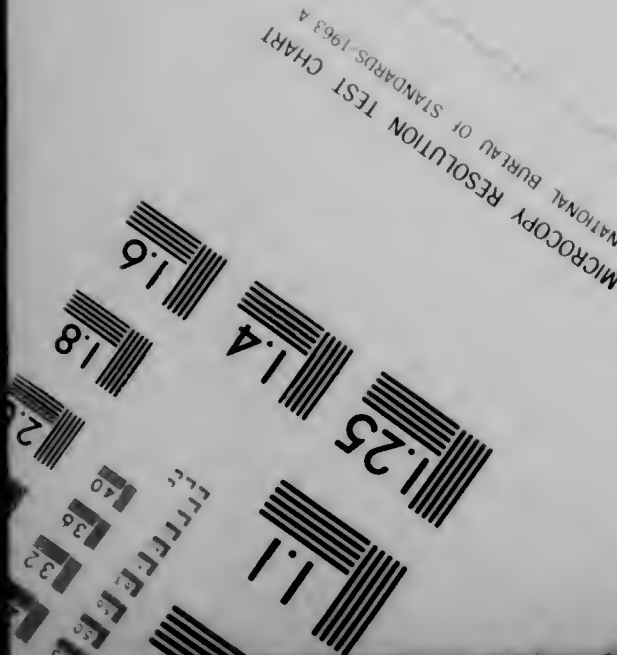
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NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS-1963-A

January complete.

NINETEENTH YEAR.

LAST EDITION.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 1, 1902.

TWO CENTS.

PRESIDENT RECEIVES

Grand New Year's Reception at White House. A Scene of Most Extraordinary Brilliancy.

Washington, Jan. 1.—President Roosevelt held his first New Year's reception at the White House today and was surrounded by the presidential and cabinet circle, his guests, as well as a great concourse of people from private life. The scene within the historic mansion was one of extraordinary beauty and brilliancy and there was an added touch of interest in the occasion this year, from the fact that this was the first official function of magnitude with Mr. Roosevelt and his interesting family, and the central figures.

The day was ideal for the observance of the time-honored custom of making New Year's calls. The sun shone from a cloudless sky, the air was cool and bracing, and a light easterly wind made the White House flags stand out proudly. Early in the day an array of decorators and florists took possession of the mansion and transformed the stately corridors and parlors into bowers of palms, potted plants and sweet smelling flowers. The official program of the day fixed 11 o'clock as the time for opening the reception with the calls of the members of the cabinet and the foreign representatives, but some time before that hour the approaches leading up to the marble portico were filled with carriages, while long lines of people took position at the outer gates in order to have points of vantage when the public reception began.

The interior of the mansion was aglow with a myriad of electric lights, and to this was added the beauty of a profusion of flowers, plants and vines, banded about the mantles and draped from chandeliers and walls. The floral decorations reached their height of effectiveness in the east room. Here the great chandeliers were looped with smilax, while the recesses of the chamber were banked with poinsettia blossoms, begonias and tall ferns. In the red and blue parlors there was the same effective disposition of flowers and plants, the flaming red of the poinsettia being most apparent everywhere.

In the outer corridor, just within the entrance, in front of the Engineer corps, U. S. A., sixty strong, in their brilliant uniforms, were ranged in tiers, while further along in the conservatory was the full membership of the Marine band in bright red uniforms. While the musicians were taking their places the Roosevelt children were having a merry time through the corridors, and one of them could be heard shouting the "King's March" in the private apartments of the presidential family.

Shortly before 11 o'clock the throngs of distinguished callers began to assemble in the main corridor. First came the members of the diplomatic corps in their rich court uniforms, resplendent in medals and decorations. It was a most cosmopolitan throng with the Oriental viceroy of the Chinese minister and his suite, the red geese of the Turkish minister and the more modern but equally gorgeous attire of the Japanese and Chinese consuls, and the members of the corps gathered in the red parlor preparatory to being presented to the president and those about him.

(Continued on Page 2.)



FATHER TIME INTRODUCES THE YOUNG NEW YEAR.

MORGAN'S LATEST DEAL

Is Controlling Factor In a Merger of Largest Electrical Companies in the World With Capital of Fifty Millions.

New York, Jan. 1.—J. Pierpont Morgan has under way a deal of vast importance to the electrical world, involving a combined capital of \$50,000,000, says the Herald. The Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing company of Pittsburgh, and the General Electric company, of which Mr. Morgan is the controlling factor, are to be brought together, and operated under the community of interest plan. The news of the proposed merger, reports of which have been current for some days, in well informed circles in Wall street have been officially confirmed. No statement will be made until the merger has been accomplished.

Only two companies with a capitalization of nearly \$50,000,000, but two important manufacturers of electrical apparatus in the world, are to be brought together. A syndicate of which Mr. Morgan will be the central figure. The companies have branches in England, France and Germany, which also will pass into the hands of one central organization. A financial color has been lent to the report that a merger of interest of this kind is being evolved between the two companies by the fact that George Westinghouse, the president of the company which bears his name, has been here in New York recently, and has conferred frequently with Mr. Morgan.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Of Massachusetts Meets at Boston For Annual Session of 1902 Which Will Last Well Into Next June.

Boston, Jan. 1.—The great and general court of Massachusetts was convened today for the session of 1902. Rufus A. Soule, of New Bedford, was re-elected by the senate as president, and the house elected James J. Myers, of Cambridge, speaker for the third time.

The senate includes 33 Republicans and 7 Democrats, a gain of 2 Republicans, compared with last year. The house has 165 Republicans, 72 Democrats and 2 Social Democrats, a gain of 14 Democratic representatives over last year. There is a tie in one district. It is expected that the session will last well into June.

From the present outlook the most important measure that will come before the legislature this year is the bill for a second sub-way in Boston. A bill passed last year was vetoed by the governor, but it is expected that this year's measure will be framed so as to meet with the governor's approval.

FIREMAN LOSES HIS HEAD

Albuquerque, N. M., Jan. 1.—At bridge No. 51, seventy miles west of this city, Fireman Henry Schopper of the west-bound California limited, was instantly killed, as the train approached the bridge at full speed. Schopper leaped far out to make observation on the engine. His head struck an iron girder and was severed from the body. Schopper leaves a widow.

NEVER TOUCHED BURGLARS

Minerva, Ohio, Jan. 1.—Early today three burglars wrecked the safe in Fishers Bros. big warehouse, but could not get into the drawer containing the money. As they were entering the post-office they were discovered by Policeman Leyda, who opened fire upon them. The fire was returned and the firing awakened a number of citizens, who took a hand in the fight, but the robbers escaped. One was injured.

AGED COUPLE LOSE LIVES

Litchfield, Minn., Jan. 1.—Mr. and Mrs. Milton Gordon were burned to death at their residence four miles northwest of Litchfield at 10 o'clock last night. There were but three persons in the house. The aged couple and the hired man, Frank Adley, 18 years old. He escaped with but a shirt and that was on fire. Mr. Gordon had been an invalid for years.

ENORMOUS

Volume of Business By Great Life Insurance Companies.

New York, Jan. 1.—One of the best evidences of the unexampled prosperity of the country, as well as of the very general movement of business men for profitable, permanent, protective and absolutely safe investment, is found in the volume of business done by the great life insurance companies. Nothing nearly approaching it has ever been known. The business of the three leaders, the Mutual Equitable and the New York, has been very large. The Mutual has written an amount vastly beyond its highest record of other years and every dollar of it has been on the most carefully selected risks in approved localities and without demoralizing conditions of any kind. The Mutual's rank as the largest, strongest and most stable life insurance company in the world is still easily maintained. It has returned to policy holders and reserved or expended in their behalf the enormous sum of over one billion dollars (\$1,000,000,000). No other company in the world has come near to these figures.

GRANTED.

Engineers and Firemen on Great Northern Secure Advance.

St. Paul, Jan. 1.—Late yesterday afternoon General Superintendent Ward, of the Great Northern P. M. Arthur, grand chief of the Brotherhood of Engineers, and J. J. Hanrahan, first vice grand master of the firemen, met at the Great Northern building to sign an agreement between the company and the engineers and firemen. It was practically completed this morning. The new agreement grants an increase in wages to both engineers and firemen, recognizes the contention of the men that work on the new and larger engines is worth more than the old scales. The Brotherhood men will return to their homes tonight.

IS A PIRATE.

President Castro Has So Declared the Steamer Banrigh.

Caracas, Jan. 1.—(Via Haytian cable.)—The official gazette published a decree yesterday signed by President Castro, in which the steamer "Banrigh," formerly the "Banrigh," is declared to be a pirate. The government of Venezuela has offered a reward of \$100,000 and the cargo she carries to the Venezuelan or foreign ship which shall seize the Liberator, the Liberator being used in the interest of the revolution against Castro. Gen. Matos is the reputed leader. Gen. Matos has issued a manifesto. The Banrigh last reported Dec. 29 at Port-au-Prince, Martinique. She came out from Antwerp and is alleged to be carrying 5,000,000 cartridges and 10,000 Mauser rifles.

HEAVY COINAGE.

San Francisco, Jan. 1.—The San Francisco mint has just completed a coinage record which makes 1901 the banner year in its history. \$1,022,000 having been coined from bullion in 1901.

INVASION.

Gen. Uribe Uribe Has Crossed into Colombia.

New York, Jan. 1.—According to cablegrams just received by Dr. Restrepo, head of the Colombian revolutionary junta here, Gen. Uribe Uribe, the revolutionary leader, with 3000 men, has invaded Colombia from Venezuela. The invasion was made in the Colombian province of Santander. The dispatch came from Gen. Vargas Santos, a liberal chief, living in Caracas. Uribe Uribe is confronted by Gen. Gonzalez Valencia, according to the advice, in the fear of the government forces said to be a Liberal army, which recently took possession of the town of Bucaramanga. Four battalions of government troops in that town, it is said, joined the Liberal forces in a body.

WIRELESS

Telegraphy Will Soon Be In Operation Across Ocean.

New York, Jan. 1.—Cuthbert Hall, manager of Marconi's company, asserts that the inventor of wireless telegraphy will be back in England in two or three weeks, says a dispatch to the Tribune from London. He will then start in earnest the work of installing the wireless telegraph system in America. The American wireless telegraph system will be in operation within six months, wireless telegraphy between England and America will be in operation.

A LITTLE SHY.

The Y. M. C. A. Endowment Fund Needs \$210,250.

New York, Jan. 1.—The jubilee endowment fund of the Young Men's Christian Association received subscriptions yesterday amounting to \$6,250, making the total \$210,250. This leaves \$210,250 to be raised today in order to complete the desired \$1,000,000. If the association is not successful in rounding out that amount on New Year's day, at least \$200,000 of the pledged subscriptions must be forfeited. Willie E. Loucke, secretary of the international committee, and Richard C. Morse, the general secretary of the jubilee committee, will endeavor to secure the required \$200,000 today.

PHILLIPS SKIPS.

Deputy Coroner Cannot Find Former Hennepin Sheriff.

Minneapolis, Jan. 1.—Alonzo Phillips, former sheriff of Hennepin county, has closed up his house and with his wife and several has disappeared. Deputy Coroner John Wall, who was given the papers in the suit brought by the county against Phillips, has been unable to find Mr. Phillips. He is supposed to have gone to Shakopee. Service has been secured on the Fidelity company, which has the \$25,000 bond given by Mr. Phillips on the \$25,000 bond given by the county.

LORD MAYOR

Of London Sends Cable of Congratulations to Mayor Low.

New York, Jan. 1.—According to the Journal and Advertiser, C. D. Dimsdale, lord mayor of London, has sent the following cablegram of congratulations to Seth Low, the new mayor of New York:

"In the name and on behalf of the citizens of London, I congratulate you on your entrance into office, and sincerely trust that your administration may be attended by such results as will conduce to the happiness and prosperity of the inhabitants of your world-renowned city. I cordially wish you health and strength in the performance of this distinguished, honorable and arduous duty."

NOT SETTLED.

Election Not Equivalent to Possession in Costa Rica.

San Juan De Costa Rica, Dec. 2.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—President Iglesias, of Costa Rica, is going to Nicaragua shortly. It is reported that the five Central American presidents will have a meeting in Nicaragua regarding canal affairs. The fact that the primary elections resulted in favor of the Liberal party has by no means settled the presidential question in Costa Rica. It now remains to be seen who will be inaugurated president on May 8 next.

GAS WELL IMPROVES.

Flow Near Pelican Rapids Has Increased.

Fergus Falls, Minn., Jan. 1.—The flow of gas from the well near Pelican Rapids has continued the past week, but as the pressure was comparatively light the drill was put down again for the purpose of going deeper. It had gone only a few feet, however, when it seemed to strike a new vein.

FIRE IN BOSTON.

Spitz Bros. & Mork Are Heavy Losers.

Boston, Jan. 1.—The clothing firm of Spitz Bros. & Mork was the principal loser by a fire today in the Summer street block. The flames started in the basement and burned up through two floors of the five-story granite building, and caused a loss estimated at about \$100,000, of which that on the building is from \$15,000 to \$20,000.

RISKS ALL FOR LOVE

New York Girl May Lose Millions By Marriage. Weds the Man to Whom Her Father Objected.

New York, Jan. 1.—Fannie Rayne McComb has risked the loss of millions for love's sake and has just married Lewis Herzog. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Henry Van Dyke, at the Brick Presbyterian church, this city, in the presence of a few of the young people's friends. The bride is a daughter of the millionaire, James J. McComb, who died on March 31 last, at Dobbs Ferry.

Mr. McComb objected to Mr. Herzog as a prospective son-in-law, and a few days before his death he added a codicil to his will, which has deferred the wedding until the present. Mr. McComb's fortune was estimated at the time of his death at upward of \$20,000,000. By the provisions of his will, which had been in existence for years, his daughter Fannie would have received upward of \$4,000,000. By the codicil it was provided that if she were married to Mr. Herzog she should be cut off with an income of \$15,000 a year during her life, \$300,000 to go on her death to each of her children absolutely. Soon after her father's death Miss McComb, through Attorney W. W. McFarland, brought suit against the Title Guaranty and Trust company, executors of her father's will, seeking to have the courts declare the new codicil void. The courts refused to consider the question prior to the marriage of Miss McComb.

PALMA TALKS OF CUBA

Candid Expression of Needs of the Republic, the Principal One Being a Commercial Treaty With United States.

New York, Jan. 1.—Upon the eve of the Cuban elections which occur a representative of the Tribune visited Gen. Tomas Estrada Palma at his home at Central Valley, N. Y. The nominee for president of Cuba said, in an interview:

"I am entirely content with my present life. I have lived here with my family for eighteen years and am entirely satisfied with my present condition. I am not seeking honors. I have given more than thirty years of my life to the cause of my country, and will always be ready to help in its betterment, but political strife is out of my sphere."

Although he believes that his election is a certainty, he refused to speak as a presidential candidate, as he had not yet been officially notified. He said unofficially to the Tribune correspondent:

"The principal object of the Cuban republic should be first of all to secure the most friendly relations with the American people, who helped us in our hour of need. We will always bear in mind the work of the United States in helping us to obtain our independence from Spanish rule, and at the same time we should try to secure from the Washington government all the advantages possible from our products by reasonable reductions of the import duties, and especially on sugar and tobacco, as this is the only way for Cuba to escape the absolute ruin of these two industries, which are the only bases of Cuba's actual wealth. Without this benefit the Cuban people will find themselves in great distress and subject to disturbances from lack of employment; without this benefit all the sacrifices of the Cubans for their freedom will be at naught, for in a starving condition they cannot enjoy their independence. I am convinced that the people of the United States know as well that it is to their own interest that Cuba be in a prosperous condition and in a state of order and peace, and for that reason I am sure that a majority of the Americans will favor a commercial treaty between the countries advantageous both to the United States and Cuba."

FOUR RASCALS CAUGHT

Chicago Young Men Held at Los Angeles For Robbing a Poor Widow of Her Hard Earned Money.

Los Angeles, Jan. 1.—Arthur Enger, Fred Nelson, Eric Widenmark and Morris Williams, four young men from Chicago, have been arrested by the Los Angeles police at the request of Francis O'Neill, general superintendent of police at Chicago. They are now held in the city jail, subject to the orders of the Cook county authorities. They are accused of having robbed Mrs. Annie Olsen, of Pierce avenue, Humboldt Park, Chicago, of \$680, the savings of many years of hard toil.

The prisoners have made a confession to the detectives here. They say that Arthur Enger was the principal in the case. According to the prisoners' story he was spurred on to robbing Mrs. Olsen by Widenmark, and the other two merely helped to spend part of the stolen money.

MAYOR LOW IN OFFICE

A Complete Turning Over of City and County Offices in New York as Result of Last Election.

New York, Jan. 1.—Seth Low, former mayor of Brooklyn, and president of Columbia university until he gave up that office to become a candidate for the mayoralty on a fusion ticket, became mayor of New York today. At the same time there was a most complete turning over of city and county offices by Democratic incumbents to the candidates elected on the fusion ticket in November. The changes in elected officers included the district attorney, the comptroller, the presidents of the boroughs, the sheriff, the county registrar and the county clerk. Of the successful ones all were candidates on the fusion ticket, except the president of Bronx and Queens boroughs, where the Democrats were successful. Of the appointed officers, the important changes included the retirement of Police Commissioner Michael C. Murphy, who was succeeded by John N. Partridge, and the appointment of George L. Rives to be corporation counsel in place of John Whalen.

Of the thirty-five district leaders of Tammany hall, eighteen lost their places in the public service today.

A CIGARETTE CAUSED FIRE

New York, Jan. 1.—Miner's Eighth Avenue theater was burned to the ground early this morning. One fireman was badly hurt. The building and its contents were valued at \$150,000, on which there was full insurance. The fire was started by the dropping of a lighted cigarette in one of the dressing rooms after the close of last night's performance. There were many women in the theater rehearsing at the time the fire was first discovered. All of them got to the street in safety.

BOILER BLEW UP

Part of Sacred Heart Institute Heating Plant Explodes.

Portion of One Boiler Blown Through the First Floor.

Large Number of People in the Building But All Escaped.

A boiler of the steam heating system of the Sacred Heart Institute exploded last evening.

The explosion was due either to a blunder in managing the boiler or to a deliberate effort to blow it up. Three valves belonging to the boiler were found closed.

The southeast end of the building was damaged to the extent of about \$2500.

More than seventy persons were in the building at the time of the explosion, but there was not the slightest injury to any.

The boiler that exploded was one of a battery of four.

There had been no fire under it until late yesterday afternoon, two boilers being sufficient to heat the building in mild weather.

Engineer Johnson was away from the building at the time of the explosion and when he heard of it he seemed utterly unable to explain how it could have happened.

The report was current immediately after the explosion that it was the result of a deliberate effort to blow up the plant. However, this is not given much credence, despite the fact that all three valves were found closed after the explosion.

Every effort is being made to get at the bottom of the trouble.

On the floor above the heating plant, but not in the same part of the building, about twenty children were playing in the chapel on the third floor.

McGonigle was conducting service and there were fifty sisters of the Order of St. Benedict present.

The rumbling explosion and noise of falling glass stopped the playing of the children and the children and sisters quietly left the building. There was not the slightest confusion.

Examination showed that a portion of the boiler had been blown through the floor of the first floor and stopped by the ceiling.

The escape from injury of all those in the building is regarded as something more than fortunate. Ordinarily that part of the building which was torn up by the explosion was well filled with children and children, but most of the children were enjoying their holiday vacations and the sisters were in the chapel.

So much of the building had been blown away that it was found necessary to station a policeman there all night. The work of temporarily repairing the building was begun without delay and it is expected that everything will be running smoothly in the institute within a week or so.

While the explosion had not been due to any fault of the engineer, it has nevertheless called forth considerable comment to the necessity of having some regulation governing the operation of steam heating plants.

It is a fact that the children are in charge of several good sized steam heating plants in this city. The matter was recently taken up by the Federated Trades' assembly and it is probable that the accident last night will bring the matter more forcibly before that body.

The building inspector and fire warden were entitled last night for not having fire escapes on the building. Both say that the fire escapes were ordered and the fire warden says that he was told the contract for the fire escapes had been let.

HAS A DREAM.

Duluth Business Man Has a Plan for Chester Creek's Mouth.

A Duluth business man has a dream that he hopes to see realized one day. He wants to see the mouth of Chester Creek, out at Fourteenth avenue east, made into a summer resort. If his dream comes true, it would be a brilliant fairland of glass, electric lights and babbling brook.

At the point he has in mind Chester Creek tumbles down into Lake Superior in a very picturesque manner, with deep, mossy banks and numerous little precipices over which the water breaks into foam-covered pools, such as brook trout love to lurk in. On either side, below Fourteenth road, is a broad, level plateau, overlooking the rocky shore of old Lake Superior. Here cool breezes blow during the summer and winter, too, for that matter—and here, with an expansive view, bounded on one side by the city, the point and the harbor, and on the other by the north shore and the broad blue waters of Lake Superior, this dreamful business man would locate his summer hotel.

But that is not all. Besides the hotel he would have a casino, covered with glass, built down around the little stream so that its agitated waters could flow picturesquely and unimpededly through. Brilliantly lighted,

it would be a place where one could see the stars in the night sky.

It may then produce irregularity of the stomach and bowels, dyspepsia, catarrh, and marked tendency to consumption before manifesting itself in much cutaneous eruption or glandular swelling.

It is best to be sure that you are quite free from it, and for its complete eradication you can rely on

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The best of all medicines for all humors.

Scrofula

may develop so slowly as to cause little or any disturbance during the whole period of childhood.

It may then produce irregularity of the stomach and bowels, dyspepsia, catarrh, and marked tendency to consumption before manifesting itself in much cutaneous eruption or glandular swelling.

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LARGER NUMBER

More Destitute People in Duluth This Year Than Last.

Poor Board Has Found That to Be True.

Death, Desertion or Sickness Responsible for Most Cases.

It is an after-thought to the days of Christmas cheer that is somewhat disconcerting, but there is more absolute destitution in the city of Duluth than there was last winter.

And that in spite of unexampled prosperity and work so abundant that there is not the least possible excuse for an able bodied man going hungry.

Destitute are mostly those whom death or man's peridy have left unprotected, and there were many little stockings that were left unknit on Christmas eve.

Perhaps it was just as well, for some of those little stockings were probably so worn that they could not have held the heavy load of good things that find their way into the stockings of the children of comfortable families.

A. P. Cook, clerk of the poor board, said to a reporter for The Herald yesterday that there is much more destitution in the city this winter than last.

The county's charges are mostly widows and deserted families, with some disabled men, for, of course, the county supports in idleness no able-bodied men.

Those hands are strong enough to feed their mouths when the opportunity for work is at hand, but on Christmas eve, at hand in abundance, but it benefits little those mothers of families who have been left to carry the burden alone.

To many of them there is no way open except charity. The county will provide no one with a home, but, of course, its provision is not luxurious.

The policy of the board of poor commissioners is to compel relatives to support their dependents, if possible.

Where husbands have deserted, their wives and families every effort is made to locate them and to compel them to support their families whether they wish to or not.

L. A. Marvin, of the Bethel, says that the Bethel authorities have noticed the increase in destitution. Their applications are more from men than from women, though they have many cases of families that are under their care.

There seems to have been more than the usual amount of sickness and accident among the workingmen.

There have been many applications to the Bethel by men that have just got out of the hospital, and long sickness from illness or accident, and as in many cases they are too weak to go to work for a time something has to be done for them.

AMUSEMENTS.

ANNA EVA PAY.

So many court attractions in the city for the season of 1902.

We have specially endeavored this year to surpass all our previous efforts, not in maintaining our superiority as a fine domestic cask goods specialty house, but also by our already extensive collection on the most suitable and desirable novelty fabrics manufactured in Great Britain, France and Germany.

Our line is so much more extensive, so far ahead of anything that we have ever attempted before, that it is almost an impossibility for us to picture even a fair representation of our magnificent line.

Silky, gauzy, fluffy and airy handsome 49c lace striped silk Chambrays—Glass Block price, per yard only 49c.

35c Persian striped imported Gingham—per yard only 35c.

25c Madras and lace 100 distinct styles 10c striped Waistings—per yard only 25c.

Extra carpet values.

Wilton Velvet Carpets—rich, heavy pile with wearing 1.00 qualities that will last almost a lifetime—the patterns are superb—the colorings are exclusively harmonious—regular value \$1.35—our price \$1.00 per yard.

Axminster—in magnificent color effects—the ideal 1.00 Carpet for parlor or sitting room—exact reproductions of the French Savonnerie—worth \$1.25 a yard—our price is only \$1.00 per yard.

Tapestry Brussels—ten patterns only at this price—some are genuine 10-wire—nothing better manufactured; this quality retails at 85c to 90c per yard—to close out we offer these goods at 55c a yard.

55c All wool extra Super-Ingrains—1500 yards in a variety of splendid designs and colors—the 80c quality—nothing better manufactured in all wool Ingrains—55c per yard.

BIRCH-BUNKER.

Wedding at Ten O'Clock at Bride's Home.

A large and very pretty New Year's wedding took place this morning at the Birch homestead, a short distance above Proctorknott. The bride was Miss Anna Birch, a young lady well known in this city and West Superior, and the groom was Eugene J. Bunker, a lumberman of this city.

The ceremony took place at 10 o'clock and was performed by Dr. Robert Forbes of the Methodist Episcopal church, in the presence of a number of the friends and relatives.

Some of the guests were from outside of the city, including a brother of the bride, a sister of the groom, and a number of friends.

The wedding was followed by a reception and dinner, and Mr. and Mrs. Bunker will leave on the Twilight limited for entertainment, and 415 West Michigan street for ladies. Same ticket will entitle lady or gentleman.

Turkish Bath.

I will place on sale 25 tickets at \$10.00 each entitling the holder to 15 baths. M. Z. Kassimer, 311 West Superior street, for gentlemen, and 415 West Michigan street for ladies. Same ticket will entitle lady or gentleman.

Towelings, sheets.

18-inch kitchen towelings; fine linen; bleached—worth 10c; at 7 1/2c

45x36-inch pillow cases; "ready made"—worth 10c—7 1/2c

81x90-inch sheets; ready made—"torn and ironed"—at each 49c

22x56-inch dresser covers, hemstitched all round—worth 50c, at each 25c

20x40-inch huck towels—hemmed, ready for use—worth 19c, each 14c

Fringed damask doilies—worth 5c each—at only 2 1/2c

Wall papers.

1500 rolls clean cut enticing bedroom papers—worth up to 10c and over—on sale Thursday morning and throughout the balance of the week—while they last at, per roll 5c

2300 rolls of parlor, dining room hall designs, with the newest shades of those popular wide borders—sold by exclusive stores at 25c and 30c—we sell them Thursday and balance 15c

A limited amount of paper in lots sufficient to do one and two rooms—on sale Thursday morning at about one-half regular selling price. Don't fail to bring your measurements with you.

Handkerchiefs.

50 dozen ladies' all linen hemstitched handkerchiefs—worth 10c; each, at 60c

100 dozen ladies' and misses' white lawn handkerchiefs—hemstitched—worth 5c each; only 35c each—per dozen 35c

A general clean-up of all lengths of Ribbons left from our Xmas rush—1 yard to 4 1/2 yards long—comprising fancy, plain taffeta, satin, gros grain, metallic finished taffetas, plain white fancy ribbons—all to be closed regardless of cost—three lots—Lot 1, 1000 yards from 1/2 to 4 1/2 inches wide, silk—worth up to 40c, 15c a yard. Lot 2, ribbons from 2 to 3 inches wide, all silk, worth up to 25c a yard—10c a yard. Lot 3, half ribbons, fancy neck ribbons, gros grain, etc., worth up to 15c a yard, for 50c a yard. Lot 4, 1000 yards from 1/2 to 4 1/2 inches wide, silk—worth up to 40c, 15c a yard. Lot 5, 1000 yards from 1/2 to 4 1/2 inches wide, silk—worth up to 40c, 15c a yard. Lot 6, 1000 yards from 1/2 to 4 1/2 inches wide, silk—worth up to 40c, 15c a yard. Lot 7, 1000 yards from 1/2 to 4 1/2 inches wide, silk—worth up to 40c, 15c a yard. Lot 8, 1000 yards from 1/2 to 4 1/2 inches wide, silk—worth up to 40c, 15c a yard. 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Lot 130, 1000 yards from 1/2 to 4 1/2 inches wide, silk—worth up to 40c, 15c a yard. Lot 131, 1000 yards from 1/2 to 4 1/2 inches wide, silk—worth up to 40c, 1

ALL STOCK IS RETIRED

Preferred Stock of Northern Pacific Ends.

All Obstacles In Way of Harmony Removed.

New York, Jan. 2.—Formal notice was issued today that in view of the power conferred upon it, the Northern Pacific railroad retired its preferred stock in whole yesterday. Each and every holder of a certificate for preferred stock not heretofore surrendered will, upon presentation and surrender of his certificate at the office of the company, No. 49 Wall street, receive payment in cash at par. Except as to this claim, all rights and claims of the preferred stockholders have ceased to exist. Notice also was given by the Northern Pacific company that it had elected to require the holder of every 4 per cent convertible certificate of the company to convert the same into common stock of the company at the rate of one share of \$100 for each \$100 of the unpaid principal of the certificate, and upon presentation and surrender of such certificate at the company's office, the holder will be entitled to receive therefor common stock of the company at par. No interest will accrue or be payable upon any such certificate from and after Jan. 1, 1902. These notices showed that from and after today the capital stock of the company would consist of \$155,000,000, entirely in common stock, and that the bond certificates issued to provide for the requirement of the preferred stock would be retired immediately. The effect of this was to put what was formerly preferred stock on the same basis as the old common.

All of the Northern Pacific stock is to be taken over by the Northern Securities company, which also will acquire all of the stock of the Great Northern. The Northern Securities company will thus hold the stock certificates of two great companies in the Northwestern field, and under the settlement agreed upon between the controlling interests for control in that field, will administer the properties in its charge to the end that harmony may prevail.

The belief in Wall street was general today that the rapid retirement of the Northern Pacific preferred stock, followed by its retirement, had removed the obstacles in the way of the carrying out of the plan for the adjustment of the difficulties which grew out of the control for the control of the Northern Pacific last May. It was this contest and a sensational rise of Northern Pacific common to \$100 a share which brought about the sensational decline in the prices of other securities on May 2.

TOOK WRONG MEDICINE

Beautiful Young Society Woman of Detroit Dies

From the Effect of Taking Arsenic Instead of Anti-pyrim.

Detroit, Jan. 2.—Miss Beulah Wheeler, a beautiful young society woman, died early today at her home on Second avenue from arsenical poisoning. Last evening she retired to her room to rest before starting for the theater. Soon afterwards Miss Wheeler called to her mother for aid and said she had

taken the wrong medicine. What the young woman had taken for anti-pyrim proved to be arsenic. Physicians were immediately summoned and they worked over Miss Wheeler all night. Despite their treatment she died just before daylight. Miss Wheeler, who was 22 years old, was born in Rome, N. Y.

A PALACE BLOWN UP

Nihilists Explode a Bomb Under Grand Duke Constantine's House Which Does Considerable Damage.

Paris, Jan. 2.—A dispatch to the Patrie from Kiev, European Russia, under today's date, says a bomb was exploded last night under the balcony of the palace of Grand Duke Constantine. The explosion occurred at a moment when the salons were thronged with guests.

COKE FOR SIXTY YEARS

New York, Jan. 2.—Judge E. H. Gary of the United States steel corporation, announced today that the properties heretofore secured by the managers of the Pocahontas coal syndicate consisting of about 300,000 acres of fuel and coking coal, had been sold to the Pocahontas Coal and Coke company, which is controlled by the Norfolk & Western Railroad company, and that 500,000 acres of these lands had been leased on a royalty basis to companies whose capital stock is owned or controlled by the United States steel corporation. Judge Gary said that within

the comparatively near future there would be constructed at least 300 of the most modern coke ovens, with a capacity of at least one and one-half million tons of coke, together with necessary railroads, tunnels, water works, electric plants, and the United States steel corporation will supply the coke for upwards of sixty years, thus corresponding with the iron ore supply.

SAMPSON FAILS STEADILY

Washington, Jan. 2.—Admiral Sampson's malady progresses slowly but very steadily towards the end. Medical science cannot check it. Symptoms of arterial degeneration have appeared.

SERIOUS

Is the Condition of Young Noyes Hurt at Lennox.

Springfield, Mass., Jan. 2.—Additional advice says that D. Raymond Noyes, of St. Paul, Minn., a graduate of Yale college, who was seriously hurt in a coasting accident at Wyndhurst, the country residence of John Sloane, of New York, was in company with John Sloane, Jr., of Yale; Miss Emily Wyckoff and Miss Eveline Sloane at the time. They have been at the Curtis hotel, Lenox, since Christmas for a winter outing in Lenox, and were coasting on the coast at the country place, using toboggans. Young Noyes steered

his toboggan into a drift, while it was running at a high rate of speed, and he was thrown fifty feet. He struck on hard ice. Physicians worked over him for some time before he was restored to consciousness. He is still in a serious condition and his sister, Mrs. Saltus, of Cambridge, Mass., has been summoned. Mr. Sloane's country place was opened for the care of the injured man. The party had intended to return to New York on New Year's day.

IT'S MORGAN'S.

New York, Jan. 2.—J. P. Morgan, according to the Journal and American, admits the truth of a cable report from London that he has bought Raphael's "Madonna of St. Anthony of Padua." He will not talk about the purchase. It is said that the picture will not be imported at once inasmuch as the tariff charges, if the picture cost \$200,000, as reported, would exceed \$100,000.



THE WEDDING OF MISS MARY E. WILKINS, THE NOVELIST, AND DR. CHARLES FREEMAN.

THE engagement of Miss Wilkins, author of "Pembroke," "The Portion of Labor" and other successful novels, and Dr. Freeman was announced in October, 1900. Since then several dates for the marriage have been announced from time to time. It was said last year that the wedding was deferred owing to Miss Wilkins' literary engagements. Dr. Freeman is a native of Metuchen, N. J., is forty-two years old and is a graduate of Rutgers college. He gave up active practice several years ago and has devoted his time to the care of a lumber and coal business, besides attending to the management of a large estate.

Randolph, Mass., Jan. 2.—Friends of Mary E. Wilkins, at this place, today received cards announcing her marriage to Dr. Charles M. Freeman, of Metuchen, N. J. When the cards were printed it was the intention that the ceremony should take place at Randolph, but word was received that Dr. Freeman's mother, on account of illness, was unable to make the journey to Massachusetts, and Miss Wilkins consented to go to New Jersey, where the wedding was solemnized last evening.

GUESTS BADLY SCARED

A PROBLEM.

Fire In Morton House, New York, at an Early Hour Drove Out the Patrons In Great Alarm.

New York, Jan. 2.—The Morton house and Keith's theater at Union square and Fourteenth street, were threatened with destruction by fire early this morning. One hundred frightened patrons of the hotel were forced by the smoke to make hasty exits from their rooms and a great deal of excitement was caused in the neighborhood by the fear that the fire would spread. Twenty-two firemen were overcome from smoke and the fire department worked three hours before they had the flames under control. The loss was estimated at \$20,000. The fire was discovered by the night engineer of the Morton house. An alarm was turned in by him without waiting to warn the guests of the hotel, who, when they were awakened, found the hallways full of smoke.

None of them waited to dress, but gathering up their valuables, they hurried to the street. The fire, which started in a room in the rear of the hotel, was quickly extinguished. The firemen tried to fight the flames from the sidewalk but were obliged to lower ladders into the cellar and fight the fire from there. The smoke in the cellar was so dense that many of the firemen were overcome by it. An ambulance was called from a hospital and all the men were resuscitated in a short time.

It was three hours before the hotel guests were able to return to their rooms. All were badly chilled and many of the women were hysterical from fright.

The origin of the fire could not be learned.

The hotel and theater are in the same building. The theater was not damaged.

INSURGENT GUNBOAT

The Libertador Has Been Lightly Armored and Has Sailed For Venezuela With Many Distinguished Revolutionists Aboard.

Port De France, Island of Martinique, Jan. 2.—Via Haytian cable.—The British steamer Libertador, recently renamed the Libertador, has left this port for the Venezuelan coast. She carries among her passengers Senor Matos, who is now referred to as Gen. Matos, and several generals and other important personages of Venezuela who joined Gen. Matos here. Among these notables are Nicholas Boland, Domingo Monagas, Juanito Ducharme, Eduardo Ortega Cordeiro, Carlos Aguero, Thomas Garcia, Christiano Antolies Barzani, Antonio Espinoza and Morondo Sambrano. Besides the leaders of the expedition, the Libertador has on board 300 volunteers and it is understood she will embark a number of other volunteers on her way to the coast of Venezuela.

Sen. Matos and his adherents while they were at this port was most correct, and when they left here they had the sympathy of the whole population. Gen. Matos is well known at Port De France, where he has many friends. The local newspapers have published articles expressing hope for the prompt success of the expedition and the downfall of President Castro, whose attitude, the papers add, has earned for him the enmity of the whole world.

Previous to his departure from Port De France Gen. Matos issued a manifesto calling on all his fellow countrymen to take up arms.

While the Libertador was at the port her sides were strengthened by light armor and her gun positions were protected. Her armament is of the modern type.

SPOILED MERRY MAKING

New York Toughs Were Having a Jolly Time Dressed In Stolen Property When Police Descended Upon Them.

New York, Jan. 2.—Five women and three men celebrating the New Year in the midst of property which had been stolen the day before were arrested last night. The police arrived at the house when the merry-making was at its height. The stolen property found belonged to Louis Greig and Peter Gombier, two French chefs from Cincinnati, who arrived in New York Monday with their families and five trunks, all on route to Paris. Greig and Gombier say they were robbed of money and the checks for their baggage in a saloon on Second avenue Tuesday night. They were suddenly set upon by several men, were knocked down and severely beaten. A man who said his name was Thomas Lawler, arrayed in Mr. Gombier's evening suit, was acting as host at the time of the arrests. A young woman, wearing an evening dress belonging to Mrs. Greig and who said her name is Marie Ryan, was the hostess. The other six persons were apparently visitors.

TERRIFIC EXPLOSION

Boiler in Engine Lets Go in Round House.

Five Men Killed and Horribly Mutilated.

Macon, Ga., Jan. 2.—The boiler of an engine of the Central of Georgia railroad, exploded at the shops in this city this morning, killing five men outright and badly injuring eleven others, three of whom probably will die.

Among the dead are: Thomas Hodges, an engineer, and J. M. McDonald, machinist. Of the other dead men two are negroes and the other body is so badly mutilated it is impossible to tell his color. The heads of two of the victims were completely severed and were found 100 feet from the bodies. The explosion wrecked the roundhouse in which the engine was standing. A negro painting the top of the roundhouse was blown one hundred yards, his body being reduced to an unrecognizable mass of human flesh. Henry Fox, a machinist, was fatally injured. Alderman L. Willis, who was passing at the time, was severely injured. The shock broke every window in a building at the corner of Poplar and Fifth streets, five blocks away.

The following is a list of the casualties: Dead: John M. McDonald, machinist; Tom Hodges, engineer; Uriah Cornelius (colored) helper; James O'Neil, one unidentified.

Injured: Alderman Robert L. Willis, badly scalded; William Wilson; Edward Hembrick, Henry Fox, machinist, will die; Peter Hammond, (colored); "Dec" Meadows, (colored); Lum Marshall, (colored); F. H. Keller, William White, James Handley, one unknown white man. The explosion wrecked three locomotives and demolished the building.

MANY LICKED THE KING

Many of the New King Edward Stamps Were Affixed to Letters as Soon as They Were Put on Sale.

New York, Jan. 2.—A dispatch from London to the Herald gives the following account of the manner in which London received the new King Edward stamps: There was an enthusiastic demand and a ready supply, but King Edward coins were missing. Many people got up early and went considerably out of their way to make purchases of the pretty new penny and half-penny stamps. Quite a number of ardent philatelists waited until midnight on Tuesday at the general postoffice and began asking for the stamps, which were on sale immediately after, 12 o'clock struck for New Year's day. In the majority of cases the stamps were promptly affixed to letters and postcards, which were forthwith posted at the nearest available letter box. Everybody demanded the new edition, and frequently the supplies were exhausted. There is no doubt whatever, from the gossip heard at the postoffices, that the public is highly pleased with the new King Edward stamps, especially the penny red ones.

For weeks past millions of the stamps have been stowed away in the strong rooms at Somerset house, and over them the closest supervision has been exercised by officers of the inland revenue commission.

PALMA CONGRATULATED

New York, Jan. 2.—Gen. Thomas Estrada Palma, the newly elected president of Cuba, has received many dispatches and telegrams of felicitation from various parts of Cuba and this country. Senor Emilio Baez, mayor of Santiago, cabled in the name of the municipal council.

"I, with the president, wish you a happy new year, and all are pleased to greet you as the future first magistrate of the Cuban republic."

A dispatch from Dr. D. M. Sabalás, at Havana, a veteran of the ten years' war, in Cuba, sent a message of congratulation. From Nuevitas, province of Puerto Rico, came the following: "Happy new year, triumph in Nuevitas. Hundred congratulations."

"MIGUEL RORA."

Senor Joaquin Fortin, brother-in-law of the late Jose Martí, said in a message from Mexico City: "I am particularly delighted at your success, as I was one of the first to advise your candidacy. I am pleased, too because you have been an immaculate patriot all your life."

Gen. Palma was particularly pleased with a cable message from Gihara, Santiago province, which is his native state. This dispatch read: "On the day of the first president of Cuba, Amelio Agramont telegraphed this from Havana: 'Hurrah for the honorable president of our country, in whose hands its prosperity and happiness will be safe.'"

"I have not the least ambition as to fill any public office; in fact, I all along refused to allow my name to be put forward as a presidential candidate. I am disappointed that there should have been any dissatisfaction over the election. I consented to the use of my name only at the last moment, when it was too late to withdraw. But I thought that if I am humbly permitted to accept the vice presidency, I really would have preferred to have been allowed to stay out of politics, and attend to my private affairs."

A WELL CONNECTED THIEF

Chicago, Jan. 2.—George F. Donovan, who attempted highway robbery last night at Twenty-first street and Calumet avenue, and was shot and killed by his intended victim, Eugene Hector, financial editor of a Chicago newspaper, is thought to be the son of respectable parents living in Springfield, Mass. In his pocket was found a letter addressed "Dear Mother," and signed "Will," dated Manila, Jan. 24, 1901, and referred to domestic affairs at Springfield. It indicated the writer to be a stenographer in the employ of the United States Philippine commission. Another letter, dated Boston, Mass., 1900, recommended George F. Donovan as a faithful man, who had been employed in Trinity court, Dartmouth street, Boston.

ORE BARGES FOR OIL BARGES

New York, Jan. 2.—According to the World the Standard Oil company has successfully brought two large iron ore barges, the Liberty and the Loyalty, from Cleveland through the lakes, the Canadian canals and the St. Lawrence to this city, whence they have been sent to the Cramp yards in Philadelphia to be converted into tank barges for conveying fuel petroleum from the Beaumont oil fields of Texas. Each barge will have a carrying capacity of 2000 tons of oil.

WESTON, IA., VISITED BY FIRE

Weston, Iowa, Jan. 2.—Fire which started in Petrus Peterson's general store at midnight, destroyed a greater part of the business portion of the town and several residences. At 2 o'clock this morning half

of the residences of the town had been emptied of their contents and the streets were filled with household effects and stocks of merchandise, which had been removed to places of safety. The loss at that hour was nearly \$50,000.

WILD HORSE MEAT FOR FOOD

Salt Lake, Utah, Jan. 2.—Wild horse meat is the principal article of food for the section men in the desert districts adjacent to Celebre island, where he

according to reports which come from there. The men say the meat is most ad, especially when it is the only fresh meat available.

EARNINGS OF A YEAR

Municipal Court Makes New Record For Total Receipts.

Margin Is Narrow, Only Twenty Dollars Better Than 1900.

Number of Arrests Three Hundred Less Than Year Previous.

The earnings of the municipal court for the year of 1901 broke all previous records.

In fees and fines \$19,966.06 was turned over to the city and state treasury by Clerk Ross.

The year 1900 held the previous record with earnings amounting to \$19,945.32. This was only beaten by a narrow margin of \$20.14, but even that small excess is sufficient to establish a new record for the court.

This statement is all the more remarkable from the fact that there were about 200 more arrests made in 1900 than in 1901.

The monthly statement of earnings during the past three years is as follows:

	1901.	1900.	1899.
January.....	\$1,527.01	\$1,139.94	\$1,244.00
February.....	1,503.91	1,073.25	1,002.35
March.....	1,724.88	1,171.50	1,104.60
April.....	1,538.90	1,224.70	1,302.15
May.....	1,552.83	1,601.75	1,482.23
June.....	1,731.08	1,756.62	1,274.85
July.....	1,803.53	2,059.61	1,746.83
August.....	1,675.20	2,361.11	1,238.10
September.....	1,894.26	1,759.60	1,552.18
October.....	2,172.01	1,552.75	1,451.20
November.....	1,417.49	1,409.01	1,413.75
December.....	1,510.70	1,370.25	1,735.06
Total.....	\$19,966.06	\$19,945.32	\$19,109.90

CLOSE CALL.

D. J. Crowley's Family Cut by the Boiler Explosion.

Every member of the family of Daniel J. Crowley was injured in the Sacred Heart institute boiler explosion Tuesday evening.

Their escape from serious injury was even more miraculous than the escape of the seventy people in the building.

The Crowley family, who lived in Third street just across the alley from the institute, was wrecked considerably, and the room in which the family was sitting at the time of the explosion was a complete wreck.

Mr. Crowley received a severe cut on the left hand from flying glass. Mrs. Crowley was cut on both hands, and the little child who was sitting in the room was literally torn to pieces. Miss Ruth Crowley was sitting on her father's lap at the time and her right hand was quite badly cut. Little 3-year-old Grace Crowley was cut slightly on the cheek.

The library of the Crowley home is directly opposite the boiler room of the institute and only about fourteen feet away. The family was sitting in this room, and without the slightest warning they were in a whirlwind of flying glass. The two big plate-glass windows in the library were smashed in a twinkling by the wreckage flying from the boiler room.

A large bookcase received the bulk of the flying wreckage, and that is what, in all probability, saved the family from more serious injury. The bookcase was knocked over by the force.

Glass from the windows of the boiler room was hurled clear through the Crowley family and embedded itself in the ceiling on the opposite wall.

In the Crowley house fifty-nine pieces of glass broke. A door knob from the convant was found in the Crowley house.

Mrs. Crowley, who was reading the paper near one of the plate-glass windows, received most of the wounds. There were forty or fifty small cuts on her hands where the flying glass struck.

HEAD BLOWN OFF.

Boy Was Blowing Into Muzzle of Gun.

Huntington, Pa., Jan. 2.—Frederick Rupert, aged 13 years, had his head blown off today by the accidental discharge of his gun. Young Rupert had tried to shoot a hawk, but the gun failed to discharge. He attempted to locate the trouble by blowing into the muzzle of the

NOTICE!

People's Moving and Storage Co.

will move to the Merchants Hotel block, 204½ W. Superior Street, January 1, 1902. Telephone 601.

Johnson & Kaake

DENTISTS.

Best Set of Teeth \$10.

Our offices are equipped with all the latest electrical appliances for performing dental operations in a speedy and painless manner. Examination Free and all work Guaranteed.

Painless Extracting.....30c Gold Crowns (22k) \$7.00

Porcelain Crowns.....\$5.00 Gold Filling up to \$1.50

Silver Fillings up to 75c.

Open Sundays 10 to 12. Mesaba Block, Zenith Phone 168.

407 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

Dr. Lyon's Tooth Powder

AN ELEGANT TOILET LUXURY.

Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century.

THE SUNDAY CONCERT.

Waltz by Gustave Flatau Will Be Played.

Sunday afternoon Flatau's orchestra will give another fine concert at the Armory. One of the features of the concert will be the playing of a waltz composed by Gustave Flatau who has been in Europe for a couple of years. He is a brother of John H. Flatau, director of the orchestra and was for some time its conductor. His friends will be pleased to learn that he is now back in Duluth, where he is no better, in fact, worse, if anything.

George Taylor will be the soloist at the concert. The program is as follows:

(a) March.....Flatau (b) "Cradle Song".....Flatau (c) Waltz.....Flatau (d) "The Lord".....Flatau

Waltz—"Thoughts of Home" (new). Wagner Remembrance from "The Burgomaster" (by request).....Lauders

Sixth Avenue Theater.

Standing room was at a premium at the Sixth Avenue theater last night when the North American comedians presented "Michael Strogoff," a strong military drama. In six acts, the company has again proved its popularity, and is producing the play in a satisfactory and highly creditable manner. The work of the cast throughout the evening was excellent and of a thrilling and strong character.

Of which the piece affords many, received hearty and well-merited applause. The matinee in the afternoon was also well attended, when "Tora," a dramatization of Tennyson's poem, was the bill. The company will appear at 2:30 p. m. on Saturday evening, and Friday and Saturday Goethe's masterpiece "Faust."

The management promises an excellent production. A matinee will also be given on Sunday at 2:30 p. m. A bag of candy will be given free to each child attending.

Mckinley Memorial Fund.

The following amounts have been handed to the treasurer up to this morning and the fund is growing handsomely:

Previously acknowledged.....\$1,104.72

James McArthur.....1.00

Marion Douglas.....1.00

Phineas A. Johnson, Sr.....1.00

Clarence C. Johnson.....1.00

John J. Kinn.....5.25

Rev. H. M. Tuttle.....1.00

John J. Tuttle.....5.00

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PLEASEING PROSPECT

Favorable Reports on Duluth and Arizona Mining Company.

Has Much Ore, Which Assays at Very High Rate.

Located Well With Reference to Water and Transportation.

Mining investments are always attractive, and in view of things that the people of this section know, there is no mineral so suggestive of a golden harvest of riches from a small investment than copper. Every time copper is mentioned people think of such things as Calumet & Hecla stock, par value \$25, actual value somewhere not far short of \$1000 per share.

There are many other instances, not quite so marked, perhaps, but still attractive, that give copper an attractive sound to the ears of the people of this section. There is not much chance for a man of small means to invest in the ground floor of a copper mine. The company is mentioned people think of such things as Calumet & Hecla stock, par value \$25, actual value somewhere not far short of \$1000 per share.

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Reinhardt's

GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

BUSY Under Friday Price

During the rush of holiday business many small lots of staple merchandise have accumulated—which will be closed out at low prices. Our weekly Friday bargain list has long been an attractive shopping guide for shrewd, economical buyers.

- Ladies' Outing Flannel Nightgowns**—cut full and long, neatly trimmed—special, each—**45c**
- Boys' Shoe Special**—A large assortment of heavy, solid leather, heavy sole school shoes—all sizes in the lot—choice a pair—**89c**
- Ladies' 75c Alaskas**—Spring heel, extra special Friday a pair—**49c**
- Bobbinett Ruffled Curtains**—yds long, our regular \$2.00 value, for one day only—**\$1.39**
- Bobbinett Ruffled Curtains**—Extra fine quality, lace edge, insertion to match, a \$3.75 value at a pair—**\$2.69**
- Swiss and Irish Point Curtains**—A choice assortment of \$6.00 and \$6.50 values for Friday at a pair—**\$5.00**
- Mrs. Potts' Sad Irons**—3 in a set, regular price 98c—Friday a set—**69c**
- Japanned Coal Hods**—Medium size, very special at—**18c**
- Fibre Water Pails**—Full size, the best kind, for Friday only—**21c**
- Men's Outing Flannel Nightshirts**, cut extra full and long, good colors, well made, regular 35c—**38c**
- Boys' Outing Flannel Nightshirts**, as good quality and made with same care as adults—cheaper than you can make them, at the special price—**35c**
- \$7.50 Trimmed Street Hats**—The stylish tailor-made hats, daintily trimmed with quills, wings, and panne velvet—popular shades, have sold all season from \$5.00 to \$7.50 choice to-morrow at—**\$2.98**
- \$3.00 French Flannel Waists**—Colored and black—tucked all over or on yokes only—bishopsleeves, detachable collar, actual \$2.25, \$2.50 and \$3 values—choice at—**\$1.98**
- \$1.75 Fleece-lined Wrappers**—Good colors and patterns—founce skirt—trimmed with braid—**\$1.25**
- Women's 27-in \$15 Jackets**—Kerseys or Montanas, castor or black, high storm collar, turned cuff, sleeves, satin-lined, actual \$12.50 and \$12 values—choice for Friday—**\$10**
- Apron Gingham**—Neat checks, in good colors, an extra special value at—per yard—**5c**
- Remnants 10c Outing Flannel**—5 to 10-yard lengths, cream and colors in stripes and checks—a big clearance sale at a yard—**7c**
- Cotton Plaids**—for children's school dresses—all the pretty color combinations, regular 10c value—**12½c**
- \$1.25 Cotton Blankets**—Full size, heavy fleece, grey with fancy colored border—Friday—**98c**
- \$1.25 Bedspreads**—Hemmed, Marcellus pattern, large size, 98c special—each—**98c**

SUNDAY FUNERALS

Duluth May Take Some Part In Movement Against Them.

Chicago and Minneapolis Undertakers to Discourage Them.

Claim They Are Hard on Themselves, Clergymen and All Concerned.

Duluth may take part in the Chicago-Minneapolis movement against Sunday funerals.

It is claimed that funerals on that day are extremely hard on clergymen, undertakers and cemetery employees.

The clergymen probably have the most cause of complaint, though they seem to be taking the least interest in the movement.

Those interested say that when a minister of the gospel has one or two funerals on the Sabbath day, besides his regular church work, it is only by the hardest kind of work that he can get through the day.

It is also a trying day on the undertakers, they frequently having more funerals on hand than they can look after.

In Chicago and Minneapolis the undertakers have formed an association, the object of which is to do away with Sunday funerals, except in emergency cases.

This organization is particularly strong in Chicago, where, when a man makes up his mind to die, his first and best thought should be to select a day not to interfere with the arrangements of the association.

In Duluth there has not been any talk of organizing, but there has been considerable talk against the Sunday funerals, which seems to be growing in favor. This is especially true among the poorer classes. It is the only day on which the working men can get away without losing their wages.

One Duluth undertaker in speaking of the movement said: "I fear there would be a great deal of public opposition to any scheme to abolish funerals on Sunday, but, nevertheless, it would be

The Non-Irritating Cathartic

Easy to take, easy to operate—**Hood's Pills**

A STATE MEETING

Good Roads Association of Minnesota to Meet This Month.

Duluth Has a Local Organization But It Is Inactive.

Addresses on Methods of Road Construction to Be Feature.

Duluth once had a local Good Roads association, but at present it is in a slumbering condition. The calling of a convention by the state association may possibly awaken it to life.

The call has been issued by H. R. Wells, president, J. T. Brown, secretary, George W. Cooley, vice president of the National Good Roads Association for Minnesota, and Benjamin F. Beardsley, chairman of information bureau. It is as follows:

"The subject of highway improvement is demanding the best thought and action throughout the nation of the world. The state association, recognizing the great importance of arousing attention, promoting discussion, stimulating scientific investigation, making practical demonstrations, collecting and disseminating information, to the best methods of road construction and maintenance, respectfully invited the various county, municipal and commercial organizations of Minnesota to send representatives to this meeting.

"The program will include addresses on the modern methods of road construction by practical road experts and others who are closely identified with the subject of good roads.

Since the last meeting of this association the National Good Roads association has been organized, which has as one of its objects a closer affiliation with the several state organizations.

"The annual meeting of the Minnesota State Agricultural society will be held in St. Paul at the capital on Jan. 14, 15 and 16, 1902. The officers of the society have extended an invitation to the representatives of the Good Roads association to attend their meeting.

"Representatives desiring to attend either or both of these meetings may obtain reduced railway rates, on the certificate plan, by securing at the time of purchasing their tickets a certificate, which should be presented to the secretary at the meeting for signature.

"This work has aroused great interest and enthusiasm throughout the country for better roads, and this association will further promote this interest.

"We, therefore, trust that you will be able to attend and participate in the proceedings, and that the purpose of the association may be fully attained."

The office of public road inquiries of the department of agriculture, at the convention.

CURLING GAMES.

Result of New Year's Contests at Curling.

There were several games of curling at the Duluth rink yesterday. A Duluth rink skipped by Alex Macrae defeated A. K. Smith, of Superior, by a score of 12 to 11.

A game was played in the Graves-Mann contest the score resulting as follows: J. A. Campbell, W. E. Edson, G. H. McCarthy, Donald Thomson, F. E. H. Smith, 10 to 9.

A practice game between G. H. Lettman's rink and a rink skipped by J. Summerfield, of Superior, with Duluth players resulted as follows: C. J. Grant, W. E. Morrow, E. White, S. L. Leach, G. H. Lettman—21, J. Summerfield—2.

O ye people! have ye wasted the golden moments of never returning time in taking a substitute for the genuine Rocky Mountain Tea made by the Madison Medicine company? Ask your druggist.

AMUSEMENTS.

ANNA EVA FAY.

Anna Eva Fay did not appear at the Duluth rink yesterday owing to the fact that she was suffering from nervous prostration. She has been appearing steadily for more than thirty days, giving ten performances a week, and the strain has taken its toll.

At St. Clement's church and St. Anthony's church the Christmas music was also repeated and in both was very fine.

At St. Paul's church there were services and a celebration of the holy communion. New Year's is always conspicuous for social calls. The custom of keeping "open house" is not observed so formally as it once was, but the spirit continues in a way and the men generally select that day for making social calls.

At the Young Men's Christian association the annual New Year's reception was held in the afternoon. The guests were received by Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Fowler, Mr. and Mrs. George Tupper, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Bradley, Mr. and Mrs. Phil Davis, Mr. and Mrs. Melvin, Miss Edith Scoville, W. S. McCormick and C. P. McCormick.

The following assisted Mrs. Richards, Mrs. Condon, Mrs. Berra, Miss Emma Black, Hattie Berra, Mae Cummings, Nellie O'Brien, Robinson, Mary Richards, Genevieve Washington and Virginia Wilcox; Messrs. John Brown, Will Cleland, Robert Dunlop, Paul Gilbert, Celia Howe, J. William Moore, Gaylord Shuman, Thomas Sullivan, A. A. Smedley, E. K. Smith, Henry Summers, W. P. Thomas.

The guests numbered from 50 to 100. The home was handsomely decorated with holly and evergreen and music was furnished by a mandolin orchestra. After the reception a short entertainment was given by Messrs. Paul Gilbert, Will Cleland, Blake and Maxwell. Refreshments were served by the Ladies Auxiliary and the ladies of the First Methodist church.

Municipal Court Jurors.

The following jurors have been summoned for municipal court service for the term beginning Jan. 7: Frank Upham, E. Mendenhall, William McKay, W. J. Donald, James Seville, C. F. W. Korth, Anton Borgen, A. N. Hopkins, Z. D. Scott, W. J. Surfel, C. E. W. Houghby, O. G. Olson, J. E. John, John Pederson, John Gordon, Charles A. Archer, Joseph S. Forward, James Waugh, E. A. Vainio, Robert Wood, R. S. Lerch, Alexander H. Donald, Alfred Robinson and Frank H. Wade.

John G. Woolley at the Armory Saturday evening, Jan. 11.

Cured After 10 Years of Suffering!

MEDERINE

CURES All kinds of Blood Diseases, Catarrh, Traumatic, Rheumatism and Gout.

CURES All forms of Liver Complaint, Chronic Constipation, Nephritis, Kidney Diseases.

Eczema of Ten Years Standing.

MEDERINE REMEDY CO. DUBUQUE, IA. MEDERINE—In September, 1900, I began taking MEDERINE for Eczema of ten years' standing, which had almost disabled my body. I took six bottles, and now there is not a spot on me. It has now been several months since I quit, but there is not the slightest evidence of a return of the disease. I have opportunity to recommend your MEDERINE for Eczema. (Signed) J. M. DICKINSON.

MEDERINE acts directly on the blood, curing skin and blood diseases, all kinds of catarrh, rheumatism and gout troubles, when other remedies utterly fail to give relief.

For Sale on Our Guarantee by ALL DRUGGISTS.

Write for MEDERINE JOURNAL OF HEALTH. Mailed to any address free of charge. It explains everything. MEDERINE REMEDY CO., West Superior, Wis.

A LAUNCHING.

One to Be Made In Mid Winter at Superior Yards.

It is expected that there will be a mid-winter launching at the shipyards within a few weeks. This will be a new feature, for of all the boats that have been constructed at the head of the lakes, none have been launched in the winter. The vessel now receiving the finishing touches is one that has been ordered for the Davidson Hotel of Lake Superior. The ship, besides the boat now in the stocks, is kept in the yard, and the winter's work is done at the Algonic Smith & Co.'s shop.

The big steel barge Smeton, which was so badly damaged on the rocky shores of Lake Superior toward the close of the navigation season, is in the dry dock ready for repairs. The purpose of the repair is to refit the barge for the winter and make her ready for the next season.

With the shipyard filled to the capacity with boats for repairs all precautions have been taken to insure the safety of the work. Each boat has a watchman and to the officer in charge of the yard, and to the officer in charge of the boat, making regular telegraphic reports during the night.

NOT ALL UNANIMOUS. Many Superior People Are Opposed to Tax Settlement.

As announced before, the federal court at Madison, Wis., has decreed that the Duluth city and county should pay the land company will be sold at auction at the Douglas county court house. In the course of a few weeks. This is said to be in accordance with the terms of the agreement on the part of the Duluth city and county.

In the meantime settlement of the people of the county has been made. Many of the land companies have been refusing to accept the terms of the agreement, and the land is being sold by the board and the land secured by small land holders.

BLOOD POISONING. Odd Case In Hospital at West Superior.

A peculiar case of blood poisoning, which is feared may be fatal, is on record at one of the West Superior hospitals. The patient, a man, was brought to the hospital in a very bad condition. He had been suffering from blood poisoning for some time, and the case was very unusual.

The Finlander swore out a warrant charging Beck with assault and battery. He was arrested by the police and taken to the hospital for medical attention.

TO BE STARTED. Grass Twine Factory to Operate In Few Days.

It is claimed that the grass twine factory built in West Superior over a year ago, will be started up this week or next. The machinery has been received, installed and tested, and the first crop of twine is expected to be ready in a few days.

SILVER ANNIVERSARY. Rev. and Mrs. Knowles Given a Surprise.

Yesterday was the silver or twenty-fifth anniversary of the wedding of Rev. and Mrs. Harry W. Knowles, and in the evening a large number of the members of Grace Methodist church, of which Mr. Knowles is pastor, gave them a surprise. They were called upon and asked to step over to the church and upon their arrival were presented with a fine silver service. The presentation being made on behalf of the congregation by Rev. Dr. Knowles, who responded feelingly on behalf of himself and Mrs. Knowles.

A Card. We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on the basis of Green's Warrented Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We will not ask for a refund if you are satisfied or money refunded.

Dr. F. Boyce, Max Wirth, R. C. Sweeney, Wm. A. Abbott.

We open mornings at 8:30.

PANTON TIME

GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

We close at 5:30 excepting Saturdays.

BARGAIN FRIDAY!

YOU haven't learned from any one, two, or a dozen experiences that we live up to our advertising. In past years it has been our custom to tell about our goods and offerings in a quiet, truthful, unostentatious manner, and you know that no matter how often you ask for advertised goods you will not be disappointed. It's telling the truth every time that wins your confidence.

THESE BARGAINS for BARGAIN FRIDAY:

Remnants of carpets in rug lengths—Axminster, Wilton Velvets, Moquettes, Brussels—worth up to \$1.50 per yard—the lot to go tomorrow at 85c per piece.

85c Kilmer's Swamp Root—cures acute and chronic kidney troubles, Bright's disease, dropsy, etc.—\$1 bottles Bargain Friday at 65c.

65c Black Spanish yarn—500 pounds of black 10c Spanish yarn that sells at 12½c a skein—Bargain Friday at 10c.

10c 1902 Calendars—every calendar in the store, including all our special novelties, fine art and souvenir calendars that everyone admires so much—selling at half price.

1/2 \$1.00 skirts at 35c—25 dozen ladies' fancy plaid flannellette undershirts—made with deep flounce—all good patterns—35c.

35c Women's felt house slippers—some leather foxed with plush tops—others all felt, leather soles—also a mixed lot of high cut fur trimmed Julietts in red—all sizes—\$1 value at 50c.

50c Men's unlaundered shirts, open back—35c French yokes—good quality muslin—lined cuffs, fronts and backs—cut full size—35c—3 for \$1.00.

A large assortment of men's elastic suspenders—slightly soiled—extra lengths—50c goods—this is a bargain—to close at only—per pair—**25c**

A special lot of men's and boys' 10c cloth lined mitts—closing at 10c and 36-in Longcloths—"Imperial," English manufacture; chamolins finish; worth 12½c—at **7c**

Odds and ends ladies' fine neckwear; worth up to \$1 each; closing at 10c and 36-in Longcloths—"Imperial," English manufacture; chamolins finish; worth 12½c—at **9c**

All our trimmed and untrimmed hats at half former prices.

Special millinery bargains—ladies' and misses' street and school hats—worth up to \$1.25—closing at, each—**25c**

Ladies' street hats—trimmed with pom-poms and silk—worth up to \$2.50 each—closing price—**50c**

MANY IRONS W. A. Avery Has Large Number of Extensive Interests.

W. A. Avery, the millionaire lumberman and well known member of the local lumber concern of Richardson & Avery, is probably interested in more separate enterprises than any other lumberman who has interest in the Duluth area. He is interested in a number of enterprises, including a large iron mine in the Duluth area.

At the present time, when one of the big boats leaves the Eastern port bound for Europe, the weather officials give a forty-eight to sixty-hour forecast of the weather to the captain. The start is made. Mr. Richardson believes that among the other possibilities there is one in which a wireless telegraph instrument, placed on the ship, would be of great value. The weather bureau can send a message to the ship, and the ship can send a message to the weather bureau. This would be of great value to the ship and the weather bureau.

O'Brien-McCreary. Miss Rose O'Brien and Frank McCreary were married yesterday morning at 11 o'clock at the home of the bride on East Third street, in the presence of a few relatives and friends. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Samuel P. Long, of the First Methodist church. Mr. and Mrs. McCreary left on the afternoon train for the Twin Cities.

CABLE FLASHES. Five persons were seriously injured, one fatally, in a collision between a carriage and a street car at the corner of Third and Main streets, Chicago, Wednesday night. The street car was driven by Samuel Fuller, his wife, and four children. All suffered broken bones and bruises. Little Helen Fuller was crushed so badly by the car that she cannot recover.

Local Forecaster Sees Them For Wireless Telegraphy. Since the demonstration of wireless telegraphy across the Atlantic ocean by the Marconi system, speculation has been rife as to the possibilities of the future in transmitting messages of all kinds about the country and across large areas of water. Forecaster Richardson, of the local weather bureau, while not speaking in his own name, has added another interest to his life, having taken a large share of the stock in the United States Gypsum company, a combination formed by the consolidation of twenty-five companies in the country. The company is capitalized at \$100,000. No stock will be offered for sale until the company has been organized. The purpose of the company is to develop the use of gypsum in the manufacture of plaster and other building materials. The principal office is in Chicago. Mr. Richardson is a member of the advisory committee.

Although a man still in his prime and with a splendid constitution, Mr. Avery sometimes feels the strain of his business cares, but when he does he believes in quitting the business and slipping away for a period of recreation. He is a devotee of the golf field. He has been a devotee of the golf field for two months, a devotee of the golf field.

DEPRIVED Of Cigarettes and Prisoner Became Raving Mad. Youngstown, Ohio, Jan. 2.—Steve Kuzura, a Slav banker, arrested in Cleveland last week on the charge of obtaining money under false pretenses, became insane in the police station because he was deprived of cigarettes. The man tore down steam-heating pipes and had a narrow escape from being boiled alive. Three boys were confined in the same department. One of them, John Garlin, became terrified at the man's raving, and when an attendant opened the door he dodged out and has not been seen since.

Dr. EMMA BREINHOLM Graduated Midwife ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETIC HEALING PRIVATE HOSPITAL 131 19th Ave. W. Phone 1471.

FLORAL DECORATIONS

At a Swell Club Ball Were Paper Imitations.

Cleveland, Ohio, Jan. 2.—Paper flowers masquerading as American Beauty roses worth \$15 a dozen have made the swell Tulon club of millionaires, the club that entertains the presidents, the butt of much fun-making by fashionable. When the club gave its annual ball, always the most staid of social events of the season, the handsome rooms of the club were filled with American Beauty roses. The effect was stunning, for the spacious clubhouse seemed a great fairy tower of roses.

One of the society buds pulled down one of the roses in her delightfully girlish way, to smell it. There was no smell and she tried to pull out one of the petals with her pretty teeth. She got a mouthful of paper and red dye. She ate all the other girls, and buds, matrons and waitresses took to pulling down paper roses to take them home as souvenirs of the club lavishment. There are hundreds of them in the houses of fashionable. The only good answer to the joke up to now is that the millions of the Union Club members have been by using \$1.50 real roses when 4-cent paper ones would do as well.

Chicago to St. Augustine Without Leaving the Train. Chicago and Florida special through passenger service to be resumed Jan. 1902, via Pennsylvania lines, will take passengers for Jacksonville and St. Augustine through from Chicago to the station without requiring them to leave the train. Meals in dining cars en route. Only one night on the way. Leave Chicago 12 noon every week, arrive Florida next evening. H. R. Dering, A. G. P. Agt., 248 South Clark street, Chicago, for further information.

AREPUTATION How It Was Made and Retained In Duluth.

A good reputation is not easily earned, and it was only by hard, consistent work among our citizens that Doan's Kidney Pills won their way to the public distinction attained in this locality. The public endorsement of scores of Duluth residents has rendered invaluable service to the community. Read what this citizen says:

Mr. Fred Hicks, of 414 Fourth street east, engaged in the shoe business, says: "I have had trouble all my life with my kidneys, the result of a nervous difficulty from which I suffer. Often severe heavy aching pain existed across the small of my back, and it was accompanied by irregularity and an unnatural condition of the kidney secretions. I tried everything in my power to check the trouble, but was unsuccessful until I procured Doan's Kidney Pills at W. A. Abbott's drug store. I tried that remedy like I had tried a score in the past, with little expectation of receiving any benefit. I was surprised at the results, and although I do not expect to become absolutely clear of the kidney trouble, I have at least found a preparation upon which I can depend to bring relief when I appeal to it."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-McIlburn company, Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the United States. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

**Believed That Loss of Life
Will Be Heavy.**

**St. Paul Trust Company Will Voluntarily Close Its
Business---The Creditors Will Be
Paid In Full.**

**William Pierce, a Cloquet Lineman, Lost His Life
While Working at Carlton By Coming In
Contact With Live Wires.**

FLESH FELL FROM BONES

**Present Entanglements
Are Said to Be Tem-
porary Only.**

approved of Price for speaker. Mr. Cox insists that the present entanglements are temporary only, and will have no bearing on future politics in the state.

With Cox in charge of the Price forces, and Dick directing the McKinnon forces, the contest has today narrowed down to two or three members out of

Passing of Everett-Moore Syndicate Into Hands Bankers Will Have But Little Effect On Eastern Financiers.

**The Dime Savings Bank at Cleveland Will Require
Sixty Days Notice Before Deposits
Can Be Withdrawn.**

CHILDREN TAKE LONG TRI

The Supreme Court Hands Down Decision.

Conditions Practically Prohibitory Are Put On Marriage of Spanish Army Officers By Royal Decree.

Congregational Pastor of Missouri Creates a Sensation By Suggesting That Women Should Ask Men to Marry Them.

Memphis Medical College Is Experimenting With an Embalming Fluid to Preserve Human Bodies For All Time.

Denver, Jan. 3.—The News today says: The fire and police board will blast the hopes of those who have been hoping for the re-opening of the fighting game in this city. It has been rumored among the devotees of the ring that the board would permit fights to be pulled off after the first of the year and a fight for the championship between Jeffries and Sharkey had been discussed. Frank Adams, president of the fire and police board, in an interview, said: "The attitude of the board has not been changed. The fighting game will not be revived."

New York, Jan. 3.—John H. Rees, who, up to 1897, was salesman for a New York woolen house, has returned home after being mourned for dead, says a special to the Press from Lockport, N. Y. He is back from the Klondike a rich man. He left Juneau on Dec. 6, hoping to get home in time to give his relatives and friends a pleasant Christmas surprise, but was de-
laved by storms. He left New York in August, 1897, for Seattle, and was one of the pioneers who cut the trail through to Dawson City, occupying four months in going forty miles. He exchanged his surplus gold for rich claims. Rees brought back \$40,000 in gold, and owns valuable mining interests near Atlin, B. C., where he will work on his return there next spring.

MID-WINTER CLEARANCE SALE

Men's Suits
Men's Overcoats
Fur Coats

MID-WINTER CLEARANCE SALE



MID-WINTER CLEARANCE SALE

Boys' Suits
Boys' Overcoats
Fur-Lined Coats

Our Annual Mid-Winter Clearance Sale

COMMENCES TOMORROW.



This sale will prove a profitable event for men and parents that all should share in.

It is our custom at this season of the year to begin a general Clearance Sale of Men's Suits, Men's Overcoats, Boys' Suits, Boys' Overcoats, Fur Coats and Fur-Lined Coats.

The Duluth public appreciate our value-giving and have always responded very generously to our special Clearing Sales and received bargains which they knew were better than they could possibly have received elsewhere and which they highly appreciated.

We have just passed the most successful season ever known in the history of this great store and feel better prepared to give more generous and liberal bargains than ever before.

POSITIVE REDUCTIONS OF 10, 20, 30 AND 40 PER CENT

THE OCCASION IS OF SUPREME IMPORTANCE.

M. S. BURROWS.



This sale is for cash only—No goods will be charged or sent on approval unless at original prices.

DECIDES ON FOUR

Charter Commission Formally Adopts Proposed Amendments.

Some Defects in the Instruments Are to Be Cured.

Trunk Sewers May Be Ordered by Fourteen Aldermen.

Last evening the charter commission formally adopted the proposed charter amendments which were acted on informally last week.

The amendments will go to the council at the adjourned meeting this evening, and will then be published for a period of thirty days before the people vote for their adoption or rejection on Feb. 4.

The first of the proposed amendments is to increase the efficiency of the permanent improvement revolving fund. At present the improvements naturally paid for from that fund must be finished before the assessment therefor can be levied and collected. That means that the money in the fund can be used but once in a season.

The proposed amendment permits a levy and collection of 75 per cent of such improvement as soon as the improvement is ordered. In this way the money in the permanent improvement fund can be used several times in a single season. Power and speed are given the revolving fund.

The amendment in full is as follows: "Section 372. When said board shall be ordered by the common council to make improvements described in section 356 of this charter, it shall cause an estimate of the cost of such improvement to be made by the city engineer, and shall thereupon proceed at once to assess 75 per cent of such improvement as is assessable, including 10 per cent upon such amount, which shall be added to the assessment to defray the necessary expenses of making survey, plans, specifications and superintendences on the property to be benefited

by said improvement in proportion as nearly as may be to the benefits resulting therefrom, but in no case in excess of such benefits. In making such assessment roll the board shall describe each parcel of property assessed, and the amount assessed against the same, and shall state the name of the owner thereof so far as known to said board. No mistake in or omission of such owners' names shall in any wise affect such assessment.

"If the work shall have been completed before any assessment is made, or if the amount so assessed shall be insufficient to complete the work, said board shall, after the completion of said work, make a final assessment in the same manner to pay the same.

"All assessments paid on account of any improvement ordered to be done by contract before the contract therefor is let shall be kept separate in the permanent improvement revolving fund for such improvement until the amount of said fund available for said improvement equals that portion of the estimated cost of said improvement that shall be paid from said fund.

The second of the proposed amendments is brief, but important. It relates to the requisite number of persons petitioning for improvements. Under the present provisions of the Greene charter, for instance, a local sewer improvement cannot be ordered, and petition of 10 per cent of the property owners owning 10 per cent of the property to be benefited and assessed.

An obstructionist might hinder the petition of his neighbors by making a small 25-foot lot over into the names of a number of people, thereby increasing the requisite number of names. The second amendment says that where lots are owned by two or more persons all such owners shall be counted as one.

The third of the proposed amendments simply remedies an error in the new charter by providing that penalties and interest on delinquent assessments shall be paid back to the city treasury after having been collected by the county auditor. Under the present provisions the delinquent assessment penalties collected by the auditor go into the county treasury. The amendment is:

"Section 384. The same penalties and interest shall be collected by the county treasurer on assessments as upon general taxes, which penalties and interest shall belong to the treasurer to the city with the city and be turned over by said assessments."

The fourth of the proposed amendments does away with petitions from property owners when it comes to building trunk sewers. It provides that when fourteen out of sixteen aldermen decide that a trunk sewer is necessary, that the city engineer shall be authorized to order the same. This is not construed to apply to local sewers or any other improvements.

Section 358. The common council of the city of Duluth by a seven-eighths vote of all its members shall have power to order the construction of

sanitary main trunk sewers when the public health and necessity require it, and the city shall have the power to assess upon the real estate to be specially benefited by the same to defray the expense of such construction, or a part thereof, according to special benefits which will accrue to such real estate, without the petition of property owners, provided for in section 368 of this charter; provided, however, that a sanitary main trunk sewer is hereby defined to be and shall be the main outlet sewer for the drainage of any sanitary sewer in St. Louis bay, or river or Duluth or Superior harbor or Lake Superior, the whole length of which shall be designed and intended as the outlet for lateral sewers and shall not include any other main outlet branch, lateral sewer or any extension of such trunk sewer."

"I had a running, itching sore on my left thumb," says Dr. J. C. Woodley, "which took away the burning and itching instantly and quickly effected permanent cure." C. W. Lehnart, Bowling Green, O.

FLAATEN'S CONCERT ORCHESTRA Sunday, Jan. 5, 3 o'clock. **ARMORY** Soloist, Mr. Geo. Tyler. Tickets, 25c.

THE WEATHER

December Was Two Degrees Below Normal In Temperature.

The temperature in the month of December was 2 degrees below the normal. It averaged 15 degrees above zero for the month and the average for the thirty-one years during which the weather bureau has been keeping records, has been 17 degrees.

The coldest day in the month was the 14th, when the thermometer fell to 25 degrees below zero. The warmest temperature recorded during the month was 43 degrees on the 30th.

The maximum wind velocity was 39 miles from the northwest on the 19th. The prevailing winds have been from the southwest and the total movement was 7160 miles.

The month was very low in precipitation, the total amount being only .68 of an inch. The average has been 1.24 inches. While the total was small last month it broke no records for there has been a month in which there was only .15 of an inch.

There was an accumulated deficiency in precipitation from the first to the last of the year of 3.49 inches. There were 11 clear days, 3 partly cloudy and 1 cloudy.

The mean relative humidity for the month was 72 per cent. The total snowfall was 7.1 inches.

MORE THAN ITS SHARE

St. Louis County Pays Too Heavily to State Treasury.

Its Per Capita Share Much Larger Than Other Counties.

With One Twenty-First of Population Pays Thirteenth of Tax.

St. Louis county pays more taxes to the state per capita than any other portion of the North Star state.

While Hennepin county, with one-eighth of the population, pays one-eighth of the taxes received by the state from county treasurers, and while Ramsey county, with one-tenth of the population, pays one-eleventh of the tax

St. Louis county, with one-twenty-first of the population, pays one-thirteenth of the taxes, nearly as much as Ramsey county.

The state treasurers' report, just published, for the fiscal year ending July 31, shows that the state's total receipts from all sources were \$5,731,847.02, of which \$2,750,757.52 came from county treasurers. Of this sum received from counties, St. Louis county furnished \$305,874; Ramsey county, \$253,248.31; Hennepin county, \$244,250.81.

This shows that, while Hennepin county pays just its per capita share of the state taxes and Ramsey county pays a little less than its share, St. Louis county pays very much more than its per capita share.

Aside from this, St. Louis county contributes in other ways. Her proportion of railroad property is far greater according to population than any other portion of the state, so in the state's receipts from "gross" earnings of railroads this county contributes a very large proportion. With one-twenty-first of the population it is said that this county probably contributes one-fifth of the railroad tax.

Even that does not exhaust the state's revenue from St. Louis county. There are still mineral leases, royalties and steamboat taxes to be considered. From mineral leases during the fiscal year covered by the report the state received \$15,529.10, and from royalties on state ore the county got \$27,020.23, all from St. Louis county, of course. Besides, the state got \$26,025 from steamboat taxes, mostly from this county, though the state will have to pay the county back half of this. This is the only instance where the county gets a cent out of anything that pays direct taxes to the state.

John G. Woodley at the Armory Saturday evening, Jan. 11.

A MAD MAYOR.

Parker of Superior Goes After the Land Company.

Mayor Parker is determined in his fight against the Land and River Improvement company of West Superior, for last evening he sent a letter to the city council scoring the land company and warmly denouncing the company's practice in the past of dodging its taxes.

Mayor Parker said that the land company paid no taxes from 1892 to 1898, inclusive, but brought injunction suits and tied up the collection of taxes during those years. He says that in 1898, in a manner that to say the least was very peculiar, general taxes of \$300,000 were pretended to be paid by the company with improvement bonds at par and accrued interest, and in some instances it looks as if they were turned in at a premium.

Mayor Parker claims to have good authority for the statement that some of the bonds were bought at 22 cents on the dollar, and now the United States court has declared the bonds to be void. Such being the case, says the mayor, it looks as if there is a failure of consideration for the pretended settlement, and that the property that was released from the tax lien of five years by reason of the void consideration, is still liable for the amount of the taxes with interest and penalty, amounting to more than \$250,000.

Mayor Parker holds that appearances would show that it was through the machinations of the land company, whose general manager is vice president of the First National bank, that the city left without funds to pay its employees every year since.

The mayor advises immediate action to compel the payment of over \$250,000 by the property of the land company, asserting that it is to the city's shame that the small taxpayers have paid their taxes and kept the city running "while this monstrous, not content with robbing the people in land transactions, has robbed the public by pretending to pay its taxes without money, but with depreciated or worthless bonds."

The mayor's communication was referred to a committee of five by the First National bank of West Superior also received attention, the city attorney, being instructed to begin suit against it to procure the difference between 4 per cent interest which, by the charter the banks are supposed to pay, and the 1 1/2 per cent interest that the bank did pay. It is alleged that the city has a valid claim to the unpaid interest.

It's the little colds that grow into big colds; the big colds that end in consumption and death. Watch the little colds. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

SUICIDES.

Ben Knable Ends His Life In Superior Boarding House.

Tired of life, Ben Knable, a stranger at the head of the lakes, ended his troubles by putting a bullet through his heart, at a boarding house run by C. F. Miller, on Banks avenue, West Superior. The shooting took place about 1 o'clock last evening. Knable, who had been talking and laughing with other boarders apparently in good spirits, went to his room, wrote a short note to Mr. Miller saying that everything has been going against him and he would bid all good-by. He then placed the letter on the bed, placed the muzzle of the revolver close to his heart and fired.

The other boarders heard the shot and rushed to the room to find Knable's lifeless body on the floor. A few letters were found on the floor of the suicide, addressed to him at Washburn and Duluth, indicating from their contents that he was a member of the order of Woodmen.

Knable had been employed for about two months on the docks but lately has been out of work and drinking a great deal. These two conditions are believed to have influenced him to the deed. There is no clue as to where he came from or this part of the country, or whether he has any relatives.

NO ORE SALES

Made Recently But One Contract Has Been Nearly Closed.

Cleveland, Jan. 3.—The Iron Trade Review says: No sales of ore have been made in this territory since the recent contracts of some of the independent companies for large amounts, but it is known that negotiations are pending with a concern in the valley for the sale of 25,000 tons, which it is expected will be closed in the next few days. While no definite date has been fixed for the meeting of the association, at which prices on old-range Bessemer ores will be determined, the general understanding that old rates will be maintained. No arrangements have been made so far for the transportation of ore sold, the matter of season rates and contracts being left open until the prices of ore shall have been determined. It is believed approximately the rates of the past season will prevail.

There is some discussion of possible action at the meeting of the Lake Carriers' association at Detroit looking toward the adoption of a demurrage clause that will give the owners some redress in case of unusual delays such as were experienced last summer.

Any old skin for others, but satin skin for users of Sath-Skin Soap. Best for you because best made.

Notice. The annual meeting of the shareholders of the American Exchange Bank of Duluth, Minn., will be held at their banking rooms in the Exchange building, Duluth, Minn., Wednesday, Jan. 8, 1902, at 7 o'clock p. m.

J. C. HUNTER, Cashier.

Herb Baths for Health.

If you have been thinking of going to some hot spring or sanitarium to regain your health, let us suggest that you try a course of our natural herb remedies. They are not expensive, can be used at home, and we can show you many letters from Duluth and Superior people who have been cured by them.

Our herb baths are wonder workers for weak, tired people. They bring back fresh new vigor, purify the blood and give a clear complexion. It will cost nothing to talk it over with us and we may save you much expense.

THE HERBAQUENEE CO., 315 First Avenue East.

ICE FOR ALL.

Curlers Getting Ready For the Bonspiel.

Today the work of building curling ice on the part of the Duluth Curling club's rink which is used for skating is in progress. It is expected that Monday the ice will be ready for use. They will double the curling boys, getting eight in all. This will give the curlers eight sheets of ice on which to play all of next week and they can therefore have ample opportunity to practice. With but four ice sheets who expect to participate in the coming bonspiel have not been able to get the demand for ice being brisk. The Manley agency event last evening and the other ice were filled with practice games. The scores in the Graves-Manley were as follows:

The McGilvary, N. J. Leach, G. W. Meldrum, F. W. Hargreaves, M. A. McLennan, R. H. Draper, Alex. Macrae—10, C. F. Macdonald—12.

S. H. Rothwell, A. C. Willets, C. A. Payne, W. J. K. Osborn, F. H. Burt, F. MacKenzie, Frank Greene—13, George Tyre—11.

HAS QUEER WHEELS.

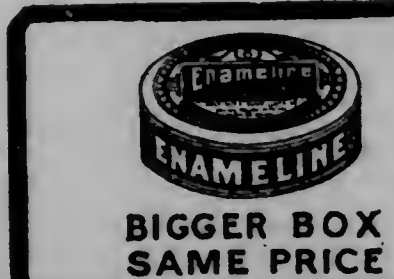
Mary Brustad Thinks She Is Being Pursued.

Miss Mary Brustad, a Norwegian girl, called on Mayor Hugo yesterday afternoon and informed him that she was being persecuted by secret enemies. She said she had filled a policeman in Christiana and although she fled to this country to escape the consequence, she was still being annoyed.

The mayor referred her to Chief Troyer, who quickly decided that the young woman was suffering mentally and notified the probate court. The necessary authority was given and the department locked the woman up over night. She thought it was a part of the general campaign of persecution and concluded that the fitted policeman in her native land had a strong pull with the local department.

J. W. Bradshaw's Funeral. The funeral of John W. Bradshaw, the pioneer citizen of Superior, who died New Year's morning, will take place at the family residence at 92 West Second street, Superior, tomorrow afternoon. The services will be conducted by Rev. F. K. Howard, of the Church of the Redeemer. Interment will be made in Woodlawn cemetery.

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. The remedy that cures a cold in one day.



Enameline

THE MODERN STOVE POLISH
Brilliant, Clean, Easily Applied, Absolutely Odorless.



LIQUID-BETTER YET! FIRE PROOF!

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO

January Reductions!

from our regular stocks—so that you can rely upon getting the very best. The items below tell their own story, but we would suggest frequent visits to the store, as many lots are too small to receive newspaper mention.

Women's and Children's Winter Undertwear

REDUCED. Clearance prices early enough to give you the benefit of almost the entire winter's wear.



Ladies' black wool Tights, extra good quality and weight, \$1.50, from \$1.75.

A full line of children's Swiss ribbed—the best underwear made for wear and wash, in grey, white and black.

Ladies' extra fine Swiss ribbed, wool, seamless and glove-fitting, extra good quality, 25c for 21c.

Ladies' cotton fleeced, ribbed vests and pants, in grey or ecru, vests piece by piece, trimmed round neck and down front, extra good quality, 25c for 21c.

Ladies' wool, plated fine ribbed Vests and Pants, extra fine value and finished in grey, 40c for 35c.

Ladies' Sanctuary Australian Wool, Jersey ribbed Vests and Pants, superior finish, steam shrunk, in grey, \$1.00.

Ladies' the Swiss ribbed wool Vests and Pants, made of finest grade of wool and extra well finished, in white, grey, black, pink and blue, pants made in tight fashion, \$1.25.

Sales Continued Tomorrow.

1.75 and \$1.50 Black Novelty Dress Goods at \$1 a yard.

36 PIECES OF DRESS GOODS, including Homespuns, Mountaineer, Suitings, Rannockburns, Whipcords and Prunellas at HALF PRICE!

50c Dress Goods will be 25c a yard.

75c Dress Goods will be 37 1/2c a yard.

\$1.00 Dress Goods will be 50c a yard.

\$1.50 Dress Goods will be 75c a yard.

(Dress Goods Dept)

\$1.50 and \$1.25 EIDERDOWN DRESSING SACKS ON SALE AT—75c.

\$2.00 and \$2.00 EIDERDOWN DRESSING SACKS ON SALE AT—\$1.75.

FIRST FLOOR—REAR.

ART WARE, VASES AND OTHER FINE IMPORTED GOODS AT HALF PRICE!

Flannelette Night Gowns Reduced.

At 98c—were \$1.25—Flannelette Night Gowns, in pink and blue stripes and checks, trimmed with three rows of braid. Full length with.

At 25c—were 50c—Flannelette Night Gowns, in cream and blue, at 98c.

At 25c—were 50c—Children's Flannelette Night Gowns, sizes 2 to 10 years.

At 50c—were \$1.00—Flannelette Gowns, in pink and blue stripes, neatly trimmed with plain chambray and finishing braid, and tucked.

At 25c—were 50c—Children's Flannelette Night Gowns, sizes 2 to 10 years.

At 50c—were \$1.00—Flannelette Gowns, in pink and blue stripes, neatly trimmed with plain chambray and finishing braid, and tucked.

Women's Stylish Wraps

at small prices. The selling is remarkable and the values more so. All Wraps of every sort are reduced and practically at the beginning of winter. Some of these garments have hardly been here over a few weeks, but they have all been reduced for quick clearance.

Jackets \$10 and \$12 Jackets for \$7.50
\$13.50 and \$15 Jackets for \$9.50
\$22.50 and \$25 Jackets for \$16.50
\$18.50 fur trimmed Jackets for \$13.75

Long Coats \$22.50 and \$25 Long Coats for \$15.00
\$27.50 and \$30 Long Coats for \$18.50
\$35.00 and \$40 Long Coats for \$24.50
\$45.00 and \$50.00 Long Coats for \$32.50

Three-quarter Coats \$27.50 and \$30 Three-quarter Coats for \$18.50 and 1/2 p's
\$32.50 and \$35 Three-quarter Coats for \$21.50 of p's
\$30 and \$32.50 Three-quarter Coats for \$21.50 between...

Flannel Waists made in new Norfolk style, reduced tailor stitched, in reds, blues, white, old rose, our regular \$4.75 Waist, special **\$3.50**

Fine French Flannel Waists, some tucked all over, others plain, tailored in blacks, blues, white, red, old rose, tan, brown, our regular \$3.50 values, special at **\$2.75**

Sailor-Made Suits—radically reduced—50 Fine Tailor-Made Suits, made in the latest styles and all new goods this fall, in browns, greys, blues, wine color, all sizes, our regular prices on these goods was \$19.50, \$21.50, \$22.50, \$27.50, \$28.50 to \$35.00, special **\$15**

We offer tomorrow about 20 suits, including some heavy weight walking suits—they are broken lots in all colors—regular \$12.50, \$15.00 and \$18.50 values, special, tomorrow **\$7.75**

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

FURS MUST GO.

To be sure, winter is ahead of us—real fur weather has scarcely come in sample doses yet, but New Year's swings the fur business over the brow of the hill, and we might as well forestall the date and take SOME LOSSES NOW. The S. & B. Co.'s Fur business is not merely the marketing of commercially handled furs, but is based on expert knowledge of the business. This doesn't mean that every salesperson can give the genesis of each piece, but it does mean that they have no pieces of doubtful goodness in its class.

Electric Seal Jackets, 22 to 26-inch long, lined with best Skinner satin lining—our regular \$32.50 garments. Clearing up price \$25.00.

Near Seal garments, made out of extra fine quality skins, best Skinner satin lining, all sizes, 22 to 26-inch long, our regular \$40 and \$45 garments. Clearing up price \$47.50.

One-third Off on all Collar-ettes and Storm Collars.

Mink, Marten, Seal, Sable, Raccoon, Beaver, Near Seal, etc.

1.75 fur pieces at \$2.00.
\$12.50 fur pieces at \$9.00.
\$15.00 fur pieces at \$10.00.
\$21.00 fur pieces at \$14.00.

\$65 Krimmer Jackets, made out of the finest quality pure white skins, special \$49.50.

\$45 Near Seal Jackets, trimmed with Marten and Beaver collar and roll fronts, satin lining; special tomorrow, \$30.50.

MUFFS.
That were \$7.50 are now \$5.00.
That were \$10.00 are now \$7.50.
That were \$12.00 are now \$9.00.
And so on—and almost any kind of fur you can think of.

Fur Scarfs and Bow.
Those that were \$2.00 are now \$1.50.
Those that were \$2.50 are now \$2.00.
Those that were \$3.00 are now \$2.50.
Those that were \$3.50 are now \$3.00.
Those that were \$4.00 are now \$3.50.

Children's Fur Coats—Made of extra fine White Tibbet Skins, high storm collar—brass buttons—our \$20 garment for \$14—our \$16.50 garments for \$11.75.

\$10.50 Children's Coats \$5—made out of fine all-wool heavy-weight golf cloth—In Blue, Tan, Brown and Grey, our regular \$10.50 garment, special clear up price, \$5.00—Of fine Kersey Cloth, that were \$10, at \$6.75—That were \$12.00, at \$7.50—Tans, Castors, Red, Navy and Brown.

\$5.75 Walking Skirts \$3.95—made with new corded effect at bottom—splendidly tailored—perfect fitting—no reason why they should not bring \$5.75 except that the maker had an over-abundance of cloth—and wanted to keep his help busy before the spring business sets in—100 of them in all—every size—\$3.95.

Children's Fur Coats—Made of extra fine White Tibbet Skins, high storm collar—brass buttons—our \$20 garment for \$14—our \$16.50 garments for \$11.75.

MOVING SLOWLY

Women's Council Laying the Groundwork For Future Action.

Listens To Discussion Of Charter By City Attorney Mitchell.

Want A Wider Interest Among Women In the Movement.

The second meeting of the Women's council, in the interest of city affairs, was held at the Spaulding hotel this morning. There was a large representation present, delegates from the several Women's clubs of the city, and much interest was manifested in the proposed object of the council, the cleaning and beautifying of the city and the proper administration of municipal affairs.

The first meeting of the council to consider steps to be taken along this line was held at the Spaulding some weeks ago, and it was then decided by the ladies to have someone well posted on the Duluth city charter give the council a talk on it, explain the ordinances, the means of their enforcement and answer such questions as the ladies might ask regarding the ordinances.

City Attorney Oscar Mitchell consented to perform the duty, and this morning gave the ladies as concise a statement of the new city charter and the general ordinances as he could in the time allotted him. Mr. Mitchell was also kept busy for some time in answering the questions put to him by the ladies regarding the manner of enforcement of the ordinances and punishment for infractions of the same. The discussion indicated that many of the ladies have lost no time since the first meeting in looking up information regarding the methods with which city affairs are administered.

The ladies have not yet outlined the policy or line of action that will be adopted by the council, preferring first to become thoroughly acquainted with the situation before they take any steps from which they might afterwards have to recede. When it does move, the club expects to be thoroughly informed, and will move slowly but surely.

The council is quite anxious to get more women's societies in the city interested in the work, for the more organizations that are represented the more successful will be the results. An urgent invitation is extended to all the women's organizations in the city churches, as well as those outside the church, to send two delegates each to the next council meeting.

The next council meeting will be held

in the parlors of the Spaulding, Friday morning, Jan. 17. The program of the session has not yet been mapped out, but it will probably consist of addresses on the city charter and ordinances by persons that are well posted regarding the topic. The ladies are invited to study the topic of municipal affairs and come prepared to ask questions at the meeting as well as discuss the addresses.

INDICTED.

Grand Jury Returns Five Bills—Is Nearly Through.

The grand jury was charged by Judge Dibley yesterday afternoon, and George C. Howe was appointed foreman. It went immediately to work on the small amount of business at hand, and this morning made a return of five indictments.

Joseph M. Manning, the former financial secretary of Court Commerce, No. 223, Independent Order of Foresters, was indicted for grand larceny in the second degree. He is charged with embezzling funds of the order the amount of \$51.03 that he had in his possession as financial secretary, Oct. 31, 1901.

Henry Burns was a most industrious embezzler if he did all the grand jury charges. He is indicted for grand larceny in the second degree, and he is charged with making away with forty watches, two watches, sixteen pocket watches, one revolver, eleven pocket knives, one machine gun jacket, one pair of rubber one pair of socks, two suits of underwear, a pair of mittens and \$14.65. He is charged with taking these from Joseph Postovsky, by whom he was employed as clerk when the theft is alleged to have been committed.

James Tuttle is indicted for assault in the second degree, the grand jury charging that on Nov. 15, at Gowen's Siding, he cut one Carl Dahlberg in the head with a knife.

Grand larceny in the second degree is the charge against George Gall, who is indicted for taking an overcoat and a pair of mittens from Samuel Winn, at 509 West Superior street, Dec. 16.

George Wagner is indicted for forgery in the second degree. He is charged with putting of a forged check for \$20 upon Morris Wigdahl, Dec. 2.

No bill was found against J. J. Collins and he was ordered released from custody.

The grand jury's work will have no more than begun before it will be finished. It was thought this morning that unless something unexpected came up the end would be reached this afternoon, though it was quite possible that the session would last into tomorrow.

This noon the grand jury had up a non-support case against one Louis Finn. Finn got wind of the proceedings and he showed up with about fifteen friends, whom he wished County Attorney McClintock to subpoena as witnesses.

Mr. McClintock was very busy about that time and he informed Mr. Finn that he didn't have time to attend to him.

"Did you see the turn-down he gave me," said Mr. Finn.

It is very unlikely that the grand jury will have the army of witnesses produced by Mr. Finn brought before it. He started off to look up an attorney when he began to perceive that it was not proposed to hear his witnesses.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbets, undertaken, 31 East Sup. St. Kelly's hat hospital for sick hats. Parlor theater. Entire new program. Robert F. Jones, the popular Methodist preaching elder, is recognizing the building of a new church in the regular district work. To keep in line he is preaching Sunday morning at the all the point of Morley church again next Sunday morning.

We now carry a line of Mann bone cutters for poultry use. Kelly Hardware Company.

A default judgment on a note for \$500 was entered in district court yesterday afternoon in the case of the First National bank of Chicago against Harry Roberts. Last evening the annual roll call of the First Methodist church took place and 174 members responded to the call of names. Of this number 34 joined the church under 10 years of age; 23 between 10 and 15; 36 between 15 and 20; 25 between 20 and 30; 5 between 30 and 40; 2 between 40 and 50; and not any above that age. One hundred and forty-three joined under 30 years of age.

A transfer of lay-front property on Rice's point from the Acme Elevator company to the Pioneer Steel Elevator company was filed this morning in the office of the register of deeds. The consideration was \$200.40. The deed was signed by the same, the Acme company having changed its name to the Pioneer Steel Elevator company.

Parlor theater, Matinee New Year's, 2:30. A petition of voluntary bankruptcy was filed with the clerk of the United States court, at St. Paul, where she visited her parents, a farmer of Mora, Minn. The liabilities are given as \$50 and assets as nothing.

Violin lessons 35 cents upwards, at the Bradbury violin school, 3 Columbus Bldg. 31, 1901.

PERSONALS.

J. R. James, deputy clerk of the district court at Virginia, called at the court house this morning.

Mrs. Arthur E. Gilbert has returned from St. Paul, where she visited her parents.

John P. Gordon, of Buffalo, was in the city yesterday on his way home from Buffalo. He was formerly a resident of Duluth.

W. J. Stephenson and family have returned from three weeks' visit with friends and relatives in St. Charles and other Southern Minnesota towns.

Harry Roberts left last evening on a business trip to the Twin Cities and Chicago.

E. A. Patrick left last evening for a short visit at St. Paul.

William C. McClure returned this morning from Saginaw, Mich.

G. G. Poggi, the Chicago lumberman, is a guest of the Spaulding.

James E. Granger returned this noon from a visit in the East.

S. S. Lamler returned this morning from Cleveland.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Croze, of Ely, are guests of the Spaulding.

F. H. Dear, of Hibbing, is a business caller here today.

C. A. Lawton, of Pease, arrived in the city this morning.

Captain W. H. Hill, of the Great Lakes Towing company, who has been in the city several days, left today for his home in Cleveland.

E. F. Crawford, of Bemidji, was a business caller here today.

J. C. Arneve, who has been spending the holidays with his parents, left today for his home in the East.

P. J. Welch, of Two Harbors was a guest of the McKay today.

J. Des of Brainerd, Minn., was in the city today a guest of the McKay.

Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Graves of Brainerd, were visitors in the city a short time today.

L. C. Randolph, of Jackson, Mich., is a guest of the St. Paul.

GREAT SALE.

Annual Midwinter Clearance Sacrifice of Clothing.

The annual mid-winter clearance sale at the Great Eastern Clothing house, the business store is at hand.

This is an announcement of vast interest to the people at the head of the lakes, because they look forward to the splendid opportunities offered by the clearing of so large a stock of clothing on the market by this popular firm.

The sale will be greater this year than ever before, owing to the magnitude of the stocks, over \$100,000 worth of high class clothing, consisting of men's and boys' suits and overcoats being within the reach and the pocketbook of the head of the lakes interest of the store.

The sale will include fur coats, fur lined coats, of the best and most substantial make. Most of the stock of suitings is of the Burrows' Form Fit model, hand made clothing, and equal in every way to the custom made clothing. Reductions will be made in prices of 10, 20, 30 and 40 per cent.

IS DUBIOUS.

Director Phelps Discouraged Over Outlook For Normal Schools.

"It is a most unfortunate outcome," said Resident Director W. F. Phelps, when told that the supreme court had decided in favor of the board of control and against the normal board.

"I am frank to say that I think the result will be that the normal schools will degenerate and become a part of the political perquisites of politicians. Hereafter they have been conducted on their merits, and I know it has been the desire of the board to secure the very best talent that the means at our disposal could command for the teaching force."

The decision may lead to the breaking of the deadlock and get their contractors their money. They have waited six months for most of their money, though they have agreed to it. And yet I do not know. The contracts were made by the normal board before any board of control was heard of. What the board of control has assumed an authority to handle the finances. Whether they can review the acts of the normal board and throw out the contracts made by it remains to be seen. I do not know.

"Since the resolution of the normal board was passed refusing to act under the board of control we have acted, in all the business transactions, precisely as we did before we went under that board by a very unwise act. Whatever contracts were made after that resolution was rescinded were made by the building committee precisely as they were made before."

"I don't see how anything can be done

with the Duluth school this year, on March 1 or any other time. Some of the most important measures that are necessary to organize, equip and furnish the schools are yet to be taken. Those men are thoroughly unfamiliar with the school system, and are unacquainted with the qualifications necessary to operate the schools. Their plan is so far from what I can gather, to conduct the normal schools on the same general plan as the penal institutions, insane asylums, etc. I don't see what need there is of a normal board under their plan.

"We have been waiting for a decision in the expectation that the supreme court would sustain the position of the normal board. This unexpected decision consigns everything to chaos again so far as the operation of the schools is concerned."

KILLED BY ENGINE.

Minneapolis, Jan. 3.—Oscar Olson, about 25 years of age, was killed yesterday afternoon in the Chicago Great Western railroad yards at Thirty-eighth avenue southeast.

He was standing in the middle of the track watching a train go by when a switch engine attached to several cars ran him down.

Olson carried only a few moments after being taken from under the car wheels. Both legs were badly crushed and his skull fractured.

The body was taken to the morgue where he was examined by a physician whom Olson is supposed to have in the city.

REQUISITION

For Murray Was Issued By Governor Nash of Ohio.

Columbus, Ohio, Jan. 3.—A requisition was issued by Governor Nash on Friday for James Murray, of West Jefferson, Madison county, Ohio, who is wanted for manslaughter. Murray is charged with having caused the death of his wife, on the 14th of last Sept., by repeatedly kicking her. Mrs. Murray was in a feeble condition, having just been operated on at Columbus hospital. The police have been searching for Murray ever since. Sheriff E. S. H. Murray, of "County" has been deputized to go after Murray and bring him back for trial.

UNIVERSITY

May Come Under Charge of Board of Control.

St. Paul, Jan. 3.—Under the decision of the supreme court in the normal board case, the state university is likely to be taken under the jurisdiction of the board of control, as that stands in the same position as the state normal schools. The only difference is that the state normal board voluntarily placed the schools under the jurisdiction of the board of control and then attempted to withdraw them, while the board of regents refused to relinquish control of the university finances. This point, however, is not raised in the decision.

UNCONFIRMED

News of Release of Miss Stone Not Substantiated.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Jan. 3.—The local reports of the release of Miss Ellen M. Stone and her companion, Madame Tsilka, remain unconfirmed. News from the frontier says the brigands are hiding in Turkish territory and are being hunted by the inhabitants who had previously been victimized by the bandits. A fight occurred recently in which the leaders of the brigands were slain and several wounded. Part of the brigand band, wearing the delay in obtaining a ransom for the captives, have deserted and are attempting to re-enter Bulgaria, but the guards are closely watching the frontier. It is further said that the whereabouts of the captives is known and that it is hoped the agents of the missionaries will be able to get in contact with the bandits in a few days.

DEATH LIST.

Brig. Gen. William H. Seamans of California Is Dead.

Washington, Jan. 3.—Brigadier General William H. Seamans, adjutant general of California, today died in this city after an illness of three weeks. The immediate cause of death was inflammation of the heart and lungs which followed an acute attack of inflammatory rheumatism. He is survived by a widow and married daughter, Mrs. Grace E. Barnes, of Sacramento.

Gen. Seamans was prominent as a member of the G. A. R. and Loyal Legion. The remains, accompanied by the widow and a granddaughter of John Jay, first chief justice of the United States, is dead at her home in Brooklyn. Mrs. Pierrepont, who was in her 82d year, was the daughter of the late Peter A. Jay and Mary Rutherford Clarkson, sister of the late John Jay, first chief justice of the United States. She was born at Broadway and Walker streets, this city, in 1818, and the house remained in the family until two years ago, when it was torn down to make room for an office building. Her husband died in 1888.

CRACK SHOT

Of Village Was Called Upon To Shoot the Burglars.

Camden Point Mass., Jan. 3.—Four masked robbers entered the bank of Camden Point at 2 o'clock this morning and wrecked the vault with dynamite.

A. P. Sarriburn, assistant cashier of the bank, and H. F. Rixey, a local merchant, returning from a country dance, passed the bank just as the explosion occurred. Hastily arming themselves

BIBLICAL COMMISSION

Has Been Recently Named By the Pope.

London, Jan. 3.—The Tablet makes an announcement concerning Roman Catholics and the Bible which it describes as being of profoundest interest to the whole Christian world.

It is that the pope has appointed a special pontifical commission for the consideration of all questions connected with biblical studies. Catholic scholars all the world over will have the fullest opportunity of stating their views and difficulties and bringing them to the direct notice of the holy see.

Cardinal Parocchi, high in authority on all questions connected with biblical exegesis, will act as president of the commission. Cardinal Seena and Cardinal Vives will be assessors, and Father David Fleming, secretary.

There will also be eleven consultants, chosen from different countries of the world.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Thomas A. Brown, of Marshall county, Minn., and Mabel Orlia Day, of R. B. Ford and Esther Taylor.

BIRTHS.

LEVENDER—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Levender, 176 New street, on Dec. 29.

SHAPIRA—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Shapira, 12 West Third street, on Dec. 27.

KOHN—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Erick Kohn, 1252 West Michigan street, on Dec. 21.

ZIEDEL—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Michael Ziedel, 422 St. Croix avenue, on Dec. 24.

WILCOX—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Harry Wilcox, 2816 Helm street, on Jan. 1.

MCALLUM—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm McCallum, 1025 West First street, on Jan. 1.

PETERSON—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. J. Peterson, 208 South Nineteenth avenue east, on Jan. 1.

PIILATHAULT—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Edward J. Piilathault, 12 East Fourth street, on Dec. 20.

LEFAIVRE—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Lefavre, 5816 Main street, on Dec. 22.

SVENSON—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Swenson, 22 South Fifty-eighth avenue west, on Jan. 2.

Open day and night, 725 W. 5TH ST. New Phone 1551
FLOOD & NORMAN
Undertakers and Embalmers
JOHN FLOOD, MASTER, DULUTH, MINN.

FUNERAL FLOWERS and Floral Decorations of all descriptions. Fresh Cut Flowers. Pottery Plants, Etc. Lowest market price. VICTOR HUOT, 222 West Superior Street.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to express our heartfelt thanks and appreciation for the kindness and sympathy of our friends and neighbors in the loss of our daughter.
MR. AND MRS. F. O. COOLEY.

PIANOS

I am compelled to sacrifice the Pianos and Organs I have on hand Cash or monthly payments.

- Chickering Upright Piano—**
Fancy walnut case, good value at \$650. **\$265**
I will take \$265 for it.
- Gabler Upright Piano—**
At the low price of **\$100**
- Knabe Piano—**
Elegant Rosewood case, at **\$50**
- Stone Upright Piano—**
Elegant fancy walnut case— **\$165**
- New England Upright Piano—**
Fine walnut case— **\$158**

The above are a few of the bargains offered. I will close this office Jan. 4th, up to which time you can inspect these bargains. Open Evenings.

Geo. M. Tietz
28 West Superior Street.
Over Stock's Store.

PROMISED TO TALK

To the Detectives, But Fodrea Suddenly Backed Out.

Murderer of Seay at Noblesville, Ind., Covered His Tracks.

All But Impossible Now to Trace His Movements.

Noblesville, Ind., Jan. 3.—William Fodrea, who has been arrested in connection with the murder of John E. Seay last week, broke down and cried like a child when officers undertook to question him in his cell. Fodrea and Seay were in love with Miss Carrie Phillips, of this city, and it is claimed that the former made threats against Seay before the tragedy was enacted. In a fearful voice Fodrea, it is said, promised to talk freely with the officers an hour later. In the meantime his attorney called, and when the officers came later the man had changed his mind and refused to say anything at all.

"This is the most complete mystery I ever undertook to solve. The murderer has covered up his tracks in a way that makes it next to an impossibility to get at the facts. I have had twenty years' experience in this kind of work, but never before have I undertaken to unravel a case in which I had so little evidence to begin with."

Thus spoke one of the detectives, who is now trying to get at the facts in the assassination of John E. Seay in this city a week ago. Nevertheless it is the opinion of the authorities that, with recent developments, the mystery surrounding what promises to be one of the famous crimes of the state will eventually be cleared up.

What is contended to be the exact route of the murderer after he shot Seay at midnight, in a mill near here, was decided on when Hiram Ackles and his son, Frank, related to the detectives what they observed on the night of the assassination.

They were passing an alley directly north of the Model mill when they heard the report of a gun. They are positive no one ran up the alley. They hurried on east to Ninth street to see if they could ascertain the cause of the shooting, and no one was observed on that thoroughfare. They walked leisurely south on Ninth street to the intersection of the Chicago & South-eastern railroad, a distance of two squares, and started east on the track in the direction of their house.

Just ahead of them they saw a young man answering the description of Fodrea, the suspect. When they walked rapidly the stranger increased his speed. He continued ahead of them to the outskirts of the city. There were also parties west of the mill at the time of the shooting, which would leave no route by which the murderer could escape other than through the alley running directly south from the mill. This makes the story of Mr. Ackles and his son very plausible, and one in which the authorities place a good deal of credence.

When Fodrea was arrested he claimed that he wore a hat all that evening. He came down town twice that night—once at 7 o'clock and again at 11 o'clock. It was ascertained, so the police claim, that he wore a hat on the first trip and

Your Liver

Will be roused to its natural duties and your biliousness, headache and constipation be cured if you take

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

A THREAT OF DEATH

Girl Threatened If She Refused to Wed a Man.

Her Uncle Promptly Had the Young Admirer Arrested.

His Strange Actions Are a Puzzle to His Friends.

Nashville, Tenn., Jan. 3.—Tiptonville is disturbed over what threatened to be a tragedy, and the cause of the excitement is the conduct of Handel Wyatt, who, it is stated, occupies a government position at Cincinnati. Young Wyatt has been paying court to Miss Maude Wynn, and his attentions have been acceptable to the young lady and her family. For several years he followed her to school, and matriculated in college in the same town in which she entered a seminary. In 1899 Miss Wynn was a student at Ward seminary here, and Mr. Wyatt entered the Peabody normal at Nashville.

Wyatt came to Tiptonville a week ago, and had hardly reached town before his peculiar actions began to attract attention and to excite comment. Immediately upon his arrival he called at the home of Miss Wynn and demanded that the marital vows should be solemnized at once.

Miss Wynn recognized at a glance that something was wrong with Wyatt, an endeavor to pacify the impetuous lover, but he refused to be put off, and his manner became so threatening that she dismissed him and refused to allow him to renew his call.

This action brought on an attack of melancholia, and young Wyatt sent word that he would kill himself if Miss Wynn persisted in her refusal to see him.

Miss Wynn paid no attention to the threat, and this so infuriated Wyatt that he procured a license and sent word to the young lady that he would kill her if she declined to marry him. The case was getting desperate, and Dr. Walker, the uncle of Miss Wynn, and at whose home she is now residing, sent word to Wyatt that he must not attempt to visit the house. The doctor was considerably startled by the answer that he would be murdered if he met Wyatt at the door and attempted to restrain him. Dr. Walker immediately concluded that the time for prompt action had arrived, and at once issued a peace warrant against Wyatt, who was arrested and placed in confinement.

Both of the young people are representatives of prominent families, and the unfortunate affair is deeply regretted.

A CRIME

To Smoke Cigarettes, Declared New York Justice.

New York, Jan. 3.—Judge McInnis, sitting in a fit in the prisoners' cage at Harlem court, and a physician called to attend him said he suffered from overindulgence in cigarettes.

"I understand you are a cigarette fiend," said Magistrate Crane when he was arraigned. "Is that a crime?" asked McIntire. "Yes, it is. It's a crime to smoke every cigarette you smoke takes a day off your life," said the judge. "Don't believe a word of it," snapped back the prisoner. "Well, take two months on the island to think it over," was the magistrate's final comment.

OIL TRUST

Cannot Give Away Kerosene in Ohio Town.

Charlton, Ohio, Jan. 3.—The fight being made against the Standard Oil company is becoming very bitter here, and the trust is unable to even give its oil away. J. Ming, the Standard's driver, has been arrested, charged with violating the village ordinance. "The Standard's driver has been arrested," said the Standard's driver, "and the Standard's driver has been arrested." Ming, the Standard's driver, has been arrested, charged with violating the village ordinance. "The Standard's driver has been arrested," said the Standard's driver, "and the Standard's driver has been arrested."

A HYPNOTIST,

So Papa Claimed, But Johnson Captures Girl.

Terre Haute, Ind., Jan. 3.—The father of Rose Russell locked her in his house at Sanford, Ind., to prevent her from marrying a Professor Johnson, of Paris, Ill., but she is now Johnson's wife just the same.

Papa Russell declared that Johnson was a hypnotist who had exercised his weird power on the girl. Johnson consulted a lawyer, who told him that if the girl was of legal age, the father could not detain the daughter under lock and key. The attorney went with Johnson to the fair maiden's home and explained the law, and Mr. Russell gave a reluctant consent to the marriage. The couple were then united in wedlock.

MUTUAL ADMIRATION

Op a Train Led to Their Marriage.

Knoxville, Tenn., Jan.—David Austin Schomaker, of Port Arthur, Tex., was married Tuesday evening to Mrs. Margaret McDonald, a beautiful young widow of this city. The wedding was a romantic one. Mrs. McDonald is only 24 years old. While traveling from Cincinnati to Louisville a year ago she and Mr. Schomaker met on a train. Their acquaintance developed into a mutual admiration, and since then a correspondence has been kept up.

A proposal was made by Mr. Schomaker, who is a millionaire capitalist of the Lone Star state, and the wedding was set for Christmas. However, some

Open
Saturd'y
Night
Until 10

PANTON WHITE

Send Us
Your
Mail
Orders.

Bargain counter 1.

Infants' and children's caps, worth 50c, 65c and 75c—on 39c sale at—
Misses' ready-to-wear-hats, worth up to \$2.50, for—50c
Hats worth up to \$1.25 for—25c

Bargain counter 2.

Last chance to buy Christmas cards, art calendars, work boxes, ink wells, match scratchers, and other Christmas novelties at—
Half price.

Bargain counter 3.

Men's 50c and 65c shirts and drawers at 35c—a special end of the season sale—\$1.50 shirts and drawers at—
See another announcement in this advertisement.

Bargain counter 4.

Boys' and girls' 50c and 65c underwear at 25c—Women's 50c and 65c union suits at—
—And other bargains.
See items in another part of this advertisement.

Ladies' waists, skirts, mackintoshes, jackets and furs—special sale.

98c \$1.50 waists at 98c—ladies' \$1.50 and \$1.75 flannel waists in black and colors—offered at the low price of 98c.

98c Ladies' \$1.50 mercerized sateen skirts, made with deep flounce and dust ruffle, closing at 98c.

Walking skirts at \$3.49—they lead the town—every body who wears them talks about the fit, quality and low price—all sizes and lengths—wonderful values at \$3.49.

Ladies' \$6.50 silk lined mackintoshes closing at \$3.25—in blue and black, with the fashionable Boston cape, velvet collar, guaranteed waterproof—installment houses ask \$15.00 for no better.

January fur sale—Astrakhan jackets worth \$30 now selling at \$19.50. Ladies' good quality Astrakhan fur jackets, satin lined, large collar and revers, guaranteed to wear excellently, fit perfectly—value \$30—selling at \$19.50. Electric seal fur coats, satin lined, large storm collar, perfect in make and finish—positively worth \$30, at \$19.50.

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Walking skirts at \$3.49—they lead the town—every body who wears them talks about the fit, quality and low price—all sizes and lengths—wonderful values at \$3.49.

Grey krimmer fur jackets, \$50 quality now \$39.50—adles' grey krimmer fur jackets, made of elegant light grey, glossy curl, satin lined, and large collar, selling at \$39.50.

\$5.00 fur scarfs, large cluster of tails and neck chain, special price \$3.75.

Best Isabella fur scarfs, now all the rage, \$18.40 cluster of tails—special bargain at \$18.50.

Electric seal fur muffs—\$4.50 grade at \$2.98. Astrakhan fur muffs, \$4.50 grade at \$2.98.

Ladies' \$12.50 jackets at \$7.50—your unrestricted choice of any one of our magnificent \$12.50 jackets in the store at \$7.50—either ladies', misses' or children's—all sizes and styles and colors—choice for \$7.50.

Ladies' \$16.50 jackets at \$9.98—in fine kersey, melton and several fashionable weaves—newest styles—best \$16.50 values—\$9.98 all colors and sizes closing at \$9.98.

Men's underwear.

Bargain Counter 3.

Take advantage of these bargains—wives, anticipate your husband's wants for this winter and lay in a supply—it's a great opportunity.

Men's hygienic shirts and drawers, heavy fleeced lined, covered seams and faced bands on drawers—shirts with silk band necks and fronts, pearl buttons, well finished—heretofore sold at 50c and 55c—all sizes—closing tomorrow at 35c each, or 3 for \$1.00.

Men's camel's hair shirts and drawers, made with merino backs, giving them a soft, non-irritable feeling—a garment much sought for shirts have ribbed bottoms which do not roll—sale price 85c—worth \$1.50.

Boys' wool sweaters—stripes and plain colors—large assortment to choose from a dollar sweater—take advantage of this offer and buy your boy a sweater like these for 59c—a good thing that will be appreciated by the "knowing."

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Women's underwear.

Bargain Counter 4.

Boys' and girls' natural wool underwear—shirts, drawers and pantaleons—sizes 26, 28, 30, 32 and 34—all at 25c—regular prices 50c and 65c.

Women's heavy winter weight Egyptian cotton vests and pants—lace necks and embroidered fronts—a splendid warm garment, always sold at 50c—now 35c, 3 for \$1.00.

Women's natural merino vests—lace necks, trimmed fronts, Swiss ribbed—close fitting and warm—all sizes—regular 50c values—special price 35c, 3 for \$1.00.

Women's natural union suits, new shapes, open across chest—very warm and perfect fitting—all sizes—values 50c and 65c—now 35c, 3 for \$1.00.

Women's extra large vests and pants—best quality of Maco yarn—very elastic—just the garment for stout people—worth 65c, now 35c, 3 for \$1.00.

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Japan Soap

one-sixth pure glycerin, is moderate in price but unsurpassed in quality.

With the perfume of natural flowers, there is no transparent soap so agreeable and delightful for toilet and bath.

Its maker's reputation is a guarantee of its high quality.

JAMES S. KIRK & COMPANY

NOT READY.

Report of the State Tax Commission Is Delayed.

St. Paul, Jan. 3.—The tax commission's report will not be completed this week, and possibly not next week. Governor Van Sant expected to find the report in his office yesterday when he returned from Helena, but the commission gave notice during the afternoon that considerable work remains to be done, and that a definite date for the transmission of the report cannot be fixed.

The commission has repeatedly found, just when it believed its work was in shape to be wound up, new and entirely unexpected matter developing which required immediate attention, and in several instances revision of the report. A delegation will be received today with matter which Governor Fox last night said may cause the report to be again torn to pieces.

All of the members agreed that the report cannot be finished this week, and Gov. Van Sant, speaking for the commission, said:

"The work is in such shape that we will be unable to fix a date positively until Gen. Childs has started with it to deliver to the governor."

Governor Van Sant said that the delayed report may make any change in the dates for the extra session of the legislature. When he receives the report he will be able to decide how much

time is necessary for its digestion by the members.

MERGER CASE

Will Be Brought Before Supreme Court on Monday.

St. Paul, Jan. 3.—Governor Van Sant and Attorney General Douglas reached this city yesterday from Helena. The attorney general left last night for Washington, and it is expected will file his papers in the merger case in the United States supreme court on Monday. The institution of the first suit in the United States supreme court is in line with the original plan made by Mr. Douglas, as, regardless of its effect on the ultimate result of the fight, it will definitely settle the question of jurisdiction, which is somewhat clouded. The suit in the United States supreme court may be immediately followed by an action along the same lines in the supreme court of New Jersey.

Governor Van Sant expressed himself as entirely satisfied with the result of his trip to Helena, and also Mr. Douglas. The attorney general was not warmly in favor of the governor's conference, as he feared, it is said, that it might either result in a fiasco or, if successful, the Minnesota light with interests that might weaken it.

SETTLERS.

Great Northern's Campaign to Bring Them to the Northwest.

St. Paul, Jan. 3.—The Great Northern railway has begun an extensive campaign among the farmers of Indiana, Illinois and other states of the Central West, with the object in view of securing settlers for the Northwest. The campaign is being conducted through the medium of the Great Northern land company, which is a definite, organized quantity. But what was said at that time toward establishing the divine kingdom was only a beginning. The process is an age long one and is not yet completed. Luke felt that he needed to write another treatise because so many things had been accomplished, since the ascension of Jesus, that had not more than been suggested before that event. Jesus had not organized his disciples into a church, but he had found his impetus in the time of his earthly ministry. The church, as the Messiah of the entire nation, He would at once have appeared as the particular Messiah of His church. Such an organization would also have been premature from the standpoint of the church itself, for the disciples had

GRAIN RATES

At Kansas City Will Be Investigated By Commission.

Kansas City, Jan. 2.—The interstate commerce committee will conduct another investigation of alleged manipulation of grain rates by railroads running out of Kansas City. Shipments have been issued on grain men and a number of freight agents representing Kansas City, ready to appear before the commission in that city Jan. 3, and explain their rates on a chaotic condition for several years, and a similar investigation was attempted last spring, but nothing was developed. Now the commission, it is said, expects to find the grain men and some sensational methods may be developed if they turn state's evidence.

BRAIN ABNORMAL

So Says Dr. Spitzka Concerning Czolgosz.

Chicago, Jan. 2.—At today's meeting of the Anatomical society a paper by Dr. E. A. Spitzka, of New York, was read by the secretary, and in it the doctor declared in it that the brain of Leon Czolgosz, President McKinley's murderer, was abnormal. The doctor said that during the autopsy of the criminal, he had been able to study the brain with considerable thoroughness.

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O ye people! have ye wasted the golden moments of never returning time in taking a substitute for the genuine Rocky Mountain Tea made by the Madison Medicine company? Ask your druggist.

STUDIES IN THE BOOK OF ACTS. THE PROMISE OF POWER.

International Sunday School Lesson For January 5, 1902.

Acts 1:1-14. "The former treatise I made, O Theophilus, concerning all that Jesus began both to do and to teach, until the day in which he was received up, after that he had given commandment through the Holy Ghost unto the apostles whom he had chosen, to whom he also showed himself alive after his passion by many proofs, appearing unto them by the space of forty days, and speaking of the things concerning the kingdom of God; and, being assembled together with them, he charged them not to depart from Jerusalem, but to wait for the promise of the Father, which, said he, ye heard of me: for John baptized with water, but ye shall be baptized with the Holy Ghost not many days hence. They, therefore, when they were come together, asked him, saying: 'Lord, dost thou at this time restore the kingdom to Israel?' And he said unto them: 'It is not for you to know times or seasons, which the Father hath set within his own authority. But ye shall receive power, when the Holy Ghost is come upon you, and ye shall be my witnesses both in Jerusalem, and in Judaea, and Samaria, and unto the uttermost part of the earth.' And when he said these things, as they were looking steadfastly into heaven, he was taken up, and a cloud received him out of their sight, and they were looking steadfastly into heaven, as he went, behold, two men stood by them in white apparel; also said: 'Ye men of Galilee, why stand ye looking into heaven? This Jesus, who was received up from you into heaven, shall so come in like manner as ye beheld him going into heaven.'

Then returned they to Jerusalem from the mount called Olivet, which is nigh unto Jerusalem, a Sabbath day's journey off. And when they were come, they went up into the upper chamber, where they were abiding; both Peter and John and James and Andrew, Philip and Thomas, Bartholomew and Matthew, James the son of Alphaeus, and Simon the Zealot, and Judas the son of James. These all with one accord continued steadfastly in prayer with the women, and Mary the mother of Jesus, and with his brethren, and Daniel and Zechariah. Yes, there were others, whose names are not written in the book of Acts. They were all of one mind, and they were waiting for the promise of the Father, which he had said they should receive. They were waiting for the Holy Ghost, who was to come upon them, and they were waiting for the power of the Father, which was to be given them, and they were waiting for the day when Jesus should come again, and they were waiting for the kingdom of God, which was to be established on earth.

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own manner qualities can be, in like manner, removed through the power of the Holy Spirit, and we can be made into broad-minded men of the noblest Christian type.

LOOKING UPWARD AND THE UPPER ROOM.

"Why stand ye looking into heaven?" The question was asked that question was not more idle strollers upon that mountain top, but were visitors from earth; perhaps the friends of Jesus and those who had been present at the transfiguration of Jesus and had now come to witness his complete glorification. They had a message for the gazing disciples. It was that Jesus would return again in like manner as they had seen him go. Before that return Jesus had taught them that there were many things which he wished to do, and they must set about those things as soon as the promised blessing had come.

It is expedient for you that I go away, Jesus had said to them. His ascension helps men to believe in him, to continue with him, to follow him, and further his work as the world's Redeemer. He has become to us the idealized Christ, the glorified man, who went to his glory in human form. His humanity abides. That fact should chasten every Christian life that meditates upon it.

Of course, in these days we do not lay stress upon the idea that Jesus ascended from earth to heaven, and that the universe we know no such directions. A cloud received Jesus out of sight, although it did not take him out of hearing or sympathy or out of reach of helping us. It was after his ascension that one wrote, "We have seen a high priest which cannot be touched with the feeling of our infirmities." It was after the ascension that John saw the vision celestial in the isle of Patmos, and received those helpful and comforting messages of which the book of Revelation is full.

The ascension completed the foundation of Christianity, and opened the door for ushering in the age of the apostles. The apostles turned back from the mount of Olivet to that upper room that had been hallowed by the presence of Jesus, there to wait as he had bidden them. In old Madrid there was an ancient wall that every upper room belonged to the king, unless otherwise specified. The king's room was a room of honor, and the king's presence was a room of honor. The king's presence was a room of honor, and the king's presence was a room of honor.

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Omega Oil

If old people will rub every night with Omega Oil, it will do them a world of good. The Oil loosens stiff joints, softens the skin, relaxes the muscles, and starts the blood flowing more freely. It drives out most of the aches and pains of Old Age, and relieves Rheumatism when nothing else will.

Omega Oil is good for everything a liniment ought to be good for.

Omega Oil is a SURE CURE for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Gout, and all the aches and pains of Old Age. It is a liniment that will do you good. It is a liniment that will do you good. It is a liniment that will do you good.

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SPECIAL Clean Up Sale

of all Warm Lined Goods, Felts, Pack and Skating Shoes. Now's the time to buy.

Ladies' High Cut Box Calf and Black Russia Calf Shoes for skating—	Men's Felt Shoes of all kinds—
\$2.69 and \$3	\$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00.
Ladies' Felt Shoes with felt or leather soles at—	Men's Skating Shoes, high cut—
\$1.39	\$2.89
Ladies' Satin and Felt Julietts all to go at per pair—	150 pairs men's heavy sole \$5 and \$6 Shoes, Johnson & Murphy, Strong & Garfield and Stratton, odds and ends, for—
\$1.39	\$3.98
Children Flannel Lined Shoes 69c and 89c at—	Men's Alaskas Jersey cloth—
98c	98c
Ladies' Fine Jersey Cloth Alaskas—	Boys' High-cut Skating Shoes worth \$3.00, at—
59c	\$2.39
Children's School 2 buckle Arctics—	Shoes for school \$1.39, \$1.69, \$1.98 to \$3.50.
98c	\$1.25

PHILIPS & CO.

A RECTOR JABBED

Joseph S. Vassau Not Pleased With a St. Paul Clergyman.

Landed an Uppercut on the Rev. Henry Dixon Jones.

One-Sided Set-to In the Study of the Rector.

St. Paul, Jan. 3.—A personal encounter between Rev. Henry Dixon Jones, the rector of the Church of the Messiah, and Joseph S. Vassau, a live stock dealer, is the spectacular feature of some interesting parish gossip which has been brought to the attention of Bishop Edsall, the official head of the diocese.

The episode which has set the tongues wagging, occurred at the residence of Mr. Jones, 111 Carroll street, the day after Christmas. Mr. Jones occupies as a study a double room located upon the second floor. A bookcase, a large center table, and a number of easy chairs were the most notable furnishings of the comfortable room. In addition to these there was a tea table with a brass kettle and a set of dainty tea cups, which had been a present to Mr. Jones by the ladies of his church. Into this bachelor's study of holies strode Mr. Vassau, accompanied by his wife, who has been an attendant at the church.

Mr. Vassau is a man of middle age, sparely built, with a bristling sandy mustache. Mr. Jones is smooth of face, round, and does not appear to be much over 20. Mr. Vassau was evidently much excited. He made charges which Mr. Jones would not admit were true.

The issue as to which told the truth arose between them, and Mr. Vassau was not long in indicating whom he believed.

After addressing Mr. Jones in terms that were far from endearing, he reached forth and smote the reverend gentleman.

The blow was a straight right-arm jab and it caught Mr. Jones on the chin.

It was delivered with a force that threw Jones off his balance.

The impetus of the blow sent him down, and, in falling, he carried with him the tea table, its pretty china and its cute little brass kettle.

Mr. Vassau, while Jones was in a recumbent position, continued his remarks, but offered no further violence, and finally departed with his wife.

Mr. Jones, after picking himself out of the debris and thinking things over, has decided that he is not called upon to resent Mr. Vassau's treatment.

Seen by the Dispatch and told that it is reported that Jones seriously reflecting upon his character as a man and a church official are to be preferred, he simply said: "I have nothing to say to these charges, except that I am innocent."

Mr. Vassau was also seen. He declined to make any statement.

LAND TRANSFERRED.

Big Deal In Northern Minnesota Lands Made.

Princeton, Minn., Jan. 3.—One of the largest land deals ever made in this part of the state has just been consummated. The Ann River Land company sells to the Ann River Farm company, which has lands in the counties of Miller, Lac, Kanabos and Aitkin. The consideration was \$100,000.

Among those interested in the purchase

and who are connected with the Ann River Farm company are: Messrs. McHenry, of Duluth; Jones, of St. Paul; and C. E. Cook, of Minneapolis. Mr. E. J. Cook, of St. Paul, is the owner of the land. The lands will be put on the market at once.

Smallpox is making its appearance in Princeton, and one case was quarantined this week. Several cases are reported from the town of Greenbush.

MINORITY YIELDS.

Absorption of Erie Telephone Company a Go.

Boston, Jan. 3.—Sixty of the minority stockholders of the Erie Telephone and Telephone company met at Lowell, Mass., Wednesday night and for two hours discussed plans to resist consolidation with the Bell company. As a majority of the stock in the new company has been voted, only a resort to the courts was urged, but it was stated by counsel that this would prove ineffectual. It was decided to accept the proposal of Kidder, Peabody & Co. and the consolidation will be effected within the next six weeks.

YOUNG COUPLE ELOPE.

Roy Main, of Madison, and Miss Maude Kinzie.

Madison, Wis., Jan. 3.—It has just been learned that Roy C. Main, a young insurance man of this city, and Miss Maude Kinzie, a milliner, who has been staying with relatives here, eloped on Christmas. The couple left the city, and from St. Louis Mr. Main sent back word to his family that he was in good luck. The news caused a stir in social circles, in which the Main family is prominent.

CORRIGAN'S HORSES

Will Be Seen No More on British Tracks.

New York, Jan. 3.—Ed Corrigan, the Chicago turfman, who has decided to give up his racing stable in England and come to the United States, will sail for Europe tomorrow. He is going over to prepare for next season's campaign in England, and from St. Louis Mr. Main sent back word to his family that he was in good luck. The news caused a stir in social circles, in which the Main family is prominent.

ROMANS TAKES A WIFE.

A Democratic Leader of Iowa Is Married.

Des Moines, Iowa, Jan. 3.—Ex-Senator J. B. Romans, of Des Moines, one of the Democratic leaders of Iowa, and Mrs. Cora Romans, of Des Moines, were married today and the bride and groom are now in the East.

It is said that before the ceremony Mr. Romans divided his property, valued at \$100,000, giving half to his children and half to his wife. His former wife was married to him a year ago as the result of a gasoline stove explosion.

Senator Romans, though a political opponent, was the friend of Governor Shaw, and both served as deacons of the Methodist church in Des Moines. While they were engaged in making sidewalk improvements at the church six years ago, Shaw confided his ambition to become governor, and it was at the advice of this experienced Democratic politician that Shaw laid the plans that gave him the nomination a year later.

Dorothy Romans Bradley, the operative star now appearing in Chicago, is the daughter of Senator Romans.

TWINS SO ALIKE

That the Mother Cannot Tell Them Apart.

Columbus, Ohio, Jan. 3.—Mrs. Frank Williams is the mother of twins who are so much alike that she has to put different colored ribbons on each so that she can tell them apart. They are lively youngsters, and their fond parents anticipate all sorts of trouble for each.

Instantly, if Joseph, the name of one, becomes mischievous it is likely that John, the other, will be punished.

The dark haired Winter girl is at the height of her glory just now. The exquisite pale gray of chinchilla shows up her dark tresses and brunette skin to perfection, and when this silvery shading is mingled with pink velvet and pink roses as in this model the effect is irresistible.

THE POETIC DAY OF THE VELVET GOWN

Velvet Is Suitable For House Wear and Street Wear—It Is Bound Always to Look Well.

New York, Jan. 1.—The day of velvet marks the beginning of the poetic age in dress. Its heavy folds, all glistening with the light that belongs peculiarly to velvet, its luster, its softness, its adaptability to outline and the readiness with which it takes to draping and to rest, its richness and its cost, all tend to make it the fabric of fabrics.

To be arrayed in velvet is to stamp one's dress as a masterpiece of good taste. At the same time there is a dignity and refinement about it that commands a lady to ladylike tastes.

All this cannot be claimed for any other material. Velvet is suitable for house wear and, now that it is in style, for street wear. Indeed, it was never out of fashion and is bound always to look well. The single exception in the wearing of velvet—the only woman who should not put it on—is the fat woman. But in those days there are no fat women, and those who are too stout are hastening so rapidly to slimness that this is almost unnecessary. Yet, for the sake of the few who will still need advice, it can be said: velvet is a thick material and should not be worn by a woman who is more than the fraction of an inch out of the figure. Like plush, it has a nap, and this serves to make the figure fuller, and it is not on just where it can ill afford to be—namely, upon the outside.

True, in a gown of black velvet too dangerous material with too much figure looks claimed were she to be gowned in rose or blue. But, on the other hand, it is doubtful if she would not look much better in dull black or in a very deep green or a disappearing blue.

Still, also adds a little to the size of the figure, for its luster creates a mirror in which the figure seems to come forth in extra size. Peau de sole, crepe de chine, and velvet are the three materials which are most flattering to the figure, and all the dull shades are free from the objection of either satin or velvet, for they do not increase the size of the figure.

But, not speaking of the woman who cannot wear it on account of her size, velvet is in style, it is in vogue, it is everywhere. Corsetry, pedestrian suits are observed in the shops, for the girls are out doing their Christmas buying, and upon the cars, in the streets and in all places where the cloth pedestrian suit is worn last season. It is a very comfortable, only a skirt is really rather difficult of entering and of egress.

The cut of the corsetry pedestrian suit is an almost universal one. There is a very little variety sought and very little variety possible. The skirt is plain, with out fall or trimming of any sort. A great variety of colors, however, is to be seen. The whole can be worn on the coldest day, and that is a great advantage.

The corsetry skirt is accompanied by its cut and that is a great advantage. The whole can be worn on the coldest day, and that is a great advantage.

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made no fuss. It was only for convenience in walking.

The jacket was a cutaway, with one button hitting across the bust. Traces of the Eton could be discerned in the trim shortness of the back.

To Holland the corduroy gown penetrated for walking purposes. One of the best pedestrian suits to be worn by Mrs. Wilhelmia will be one of dark brown corduroy recently ordered from a Paris firm where her devoted little majesty purchases many of her gowns. The skirt has a trimming of tulle, and is put on in a very large scroll design. It is made light by the cutting away of four inches of goods under the tulle bands.

A great improvement may be noticed in matter of weights, for the newest of the corduroy dress materials are light and scarcely heavier than cloth. They are thin, and, though warm, are not afflicted with that horrible quality which was so great an objection to corduroy.

As a gown worn by the bride, Mrs. Regina Brook, who was Miss Phyllis Langhorne, of Virginia, showed a skirt of black tulle. It had the conventional flare around the foot. Four inches of goods under the tulle bands.

The jacket was of black velvet upon the Oxford road without the box plait. It was belted and a little baggy above the belt. Below the belt there were skirts or flaring.

A feature of this gown was its trimming of black Persian lamb. A little border was put on around the wrists and a very deep collar was lined with it, the lining being in approved style upon the outside of the collar, so that it was not visible.

It was belted and a little baggy above the belt. Below the belt there were skirts or flaring.

In all the winter coats special attention is paid to the details. It is the lapels upon which the work is put and oftentimes the money. These must be elegantly finished with velvet, and the velvet must be of the best quality. The coat itself may be uninteresting and not very expensive, but when the matter of collar and lapels, of cuffs and of lining is taken into account, as one dress artist expressed it.

The corduroy gown, however, is the very best of the winter coats. It is a simple, elegant, and comfortable garment. It is a simple, elegant, and comfortable garment.

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PERSIAN LAMB BOX COAT.

Persian lamb and chinchilla is the favored combination in furs for street wear this season. The three quarter length coat is also the accepted style heavier than is desirable. The box shape is the rival of the chic fitted coat.

of the styles of the fashionable world, wears this winter a velvet gown of wood brown with a wide hand overfall with lace, and a deep collar lined with fur.

The skirt of her grace, for this is a handsome gown, is trimmed with gold and is especially for making its first call upon Queen Alexandra, who is wearing one of similar design executed in black velvet, and white lace and white satin underlay.

St. Louis Falls—John T. Nelson, ex-auditor of Brookings county, has walked out of the Sioux Falls penitentiary a free man. His release was in accordance with a pardon granted him by Governor Hendrickson a day or two ago. Nelson was lodged in the penitentiary Sept. 30, 1899, to serve five years for mutilating public record.

St. Paul, Jan. 3.—A new trial was afterwards granted. A new trial was afterwards granted. A new trial was afterwards granted.

Madison—The Odd Fellows of Madison celebrated the completion of their hall Wednesday evening by a grand ball and banquet. Over 400 supper tickets were sold, and about 30 dance tickets, making the receipts close to \$100. The hall was held in the opera house, which was filled to overflowing by dancers and spectators. The supper was served in the new banquet hall. Several visitors were present from Dell Rapids and Howard.

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district court of New York. She places her liabilities at \$20,000, and her assets at nothing. Thomas D. Dewett of this city, is the principal creditor, his claim being \$20,000.

The murder of Lars Axelsson, a wealthy Audubon county farmer, who was found dead in his home, is still shrouded in the deepest mystery. Officers are working hard to solve the case, but have no definite clues upon which to work. Not the slightest motive for the crime has been discovered.

The schooner Harvard N. Harvey, Capt. S. A. Bean, is ashore at Dark Harbor, Grand Manan, and is reported a total loss. She was from Wiscasset for St. John, with lumber.

The principal stockholders of the Wells Fargo company met Thursday for the purpose of selecting a president and a director to fill the two vacancies caused by the death of John J. Valentine. Dudley Evans, of New York, was elected acting president, and E. H. Hartman a director.

Two thousand people saw the Minnesota university basketball team defeat the Yale team at Minneapolis Thursday evening by the score of 23 to 22. The game was one of the fastest ever seen and was witnessed from start to finish.

SKELTON OF INFANT

Found and May Disclose an Ancient Crime.

Portland, Ind., Jan. 3.—A mysterious find, which is causing a good deal of talk, has been made in an old farmhouse, in Jackson township, Wells county, and is expected to disclose a crime of many years ago. A. R. Adams is the tenant on the farm, and he has been digging in the yard, playing in the garden when they came across the skeleton of a child. The bones were inclosed in a thin wrapper, and had, to all appearances, lain there for years.

A shade of mystery is added to the find by the fact that when the skeleton was dug out and the cradle shrouded in, Mr. Adams has lived on the farm four years, and is a native of the place. The house was built thirty years ago, and there is now little prospect of the identity of the parents ever becoming known.

THIRTEEN

At the Table and Col. Cockley Is Dead.

Mansfield, Ohio, Jan. 3.—The sudden death of Col. D. C. Cockley at Shelby recalls a peculiar coincidence. Last fall the senator Mr. A. Hanna spoke in this city he invited a number of prominent Republicans to dine with him. Thirteen sat down with him. Thirteen sat down with him. Thirteen sat down with him.

My child is worth millions to me," says Mrs. Mary Bird of Harrisburg, Pa., "yet I would have lost my boy by crump had I not purchased a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure." One Minute Cough Cure is sure cure for throat and lung troubles. Absolutely safe. Acts immediately

Start the new year right by making an advertising contract with The Evening Herald Duluth's best paper.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.
FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE
CRACKERJACKS!
\$1650—House and lot—heart of city.
\$800—Water—street graded, sidewalks, etc.
T. W. Wahl & Co.
Phone 430 201 Exchange.

A STUDY OF FACES
Of Men as They Leave President Roosevelt's Room.
Easy to Tell Those Who Get What They Desire.
All Are Impressed By His Positiveness and Frankness.

Washington, Jan. 3.—To behold pleased faces, disappointed faces, perplexed faces, a chair in the anteroom of the White House with an eye cast toward the door leading from the president's office affords a rare vantage point.

Theodore Roosevelt, the most unique chief executive since the day of Andrew Jackson, is responsible for the panorama of feeling expressed in the faces which file through the door every day. The ups and downs of political life, the making and breaking of careers before the popular gaze, are betrayed in smiles, in downcast mouths, in wrinkled brows.

The rough rider has a way of saying something forcible before a visitor leaves him. The impress of his words clings in the mind and is painted in the face as the caller passes out and down the stairs and away from the White House.

Ten o'clock in the morning. The procession of expectant faces is beginning. Men, people begin to emerge from the big door, and as it is swung to and fro behind them a large crowd of people standing, their eyes turned toward a single figure—the president.

The door opens again. Out walks a big, stalwart man. He is from the Southwest. Much of his life has been spent on the broad plains which the president loves and writes of. He wants a job and he is going to get it. The president has called him "Bill" and has turned to the congressman who accompanied him and informed him that "Bill" is a good man and that he will get the position.

Quite likely the congressman is a United States marshal, where bravery and quick thought and a ready trigger finger are still his main qualifications. The man who wears the pleated face.

He will go back to his state and Theodore Roosevelt will be his battle cry. He will be a better marshal because the president has clapped him on the shoulder and told him that he must be square in his dealings. Perhaps the president said he must be "white," for he doesn't look before a word which carries significance to a Westerner even if it has no standing in the dictionary.

Eleven o'clock swings around. Few particular notable characters have passed through the door since the morning. The crowd has been growing. In Washington he married Senator Hanson. He is a man of great energy, becoming brother-in-law of Gen. Fremont. The older Roosevelt later was French minister in London and married a French widow now living at Pisa. The couple had a son, the late Senator's son, who was killed in the war.

It is a typical financier—a capitalist. The well-groomed figure displays the finish of the East. A strong jaw and clear eyes, however, belie any intimation of indolence borne in the rather pronounced embossment.

The financier who knows more of the doings of "the street" than do the politicians who are his friends, who are friendly for obvious reasons—has large mining interests in the state where the president has just promised his late visitor an appointment as United States marshal.

The financier bears the disappointed face. He came to the White House early. He expected to see the president at once. But the Westerner saw the figure filled the president's eye as he

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.
FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE
Big Snap in Acres
220 acres of good land near the city, on good roads, will be sold at a sacrifice.
Geo. H. Crosby,
106-7-8 Providence Building.

came in from the cabinet room after a busy hour's work looking over important mail. The financier squirmed inwardly as he heard the president tell the Westerner and his congressman that the job was theirs.

The outcome is now crowded, and some of the callers are trying to look comfortable in awkward standing postures which are really very uncomfortable. Every section of the country is represented in the scene the room affords. The men who are standing would not wait so long for any man on a business engagement. But if they linger an hour in the anteroom and then half as long inside they will feel well repaid when the president grips the hand of their right hand and tells them he is "delighted" to see them in a voice which leaves no doubt of it in their minds.

Half a dozen Indians, escorted by their Washington agent, are waiting to see the president—the Great Father—but they look perfectly indifferent as to whether they see him or not. The agent, who wears diamonds paid for by the fees for handling the Indians' cases before the bureau, tells them that the president is a mighty hunter and that he is a crack shot and that the most vicious pony cannot unscent him.

They grant a semi-appreciative guttural tone. Finally they are shown in. A familiar figure greets the eyes of many in the room when, after the door has closed behind the beaver, it opens to let out a white-haired, handsome man of 60, with an eagle eye and an aquiline nose. Here is the perplexed face. Greetings reach the man from all sides of the anteroom. He stops, shakes hands with half a dozen persons. But there is something lacking in his greetings. His thoughts seem elsewhere. He seems lost in endeavor to puzzle out some problem as down the stairs he passes with a rather far-away look in his eyes.

The far-away look sees his possible "turn" during the decline of his once great political power. He is a politician of the old school. He bided time to prominence and became a political actor when the spoils system flourished. He handled votes as some men handle stocks and bonds, but instead of paying in money always he frequently settles his political debts by striving for government jobs right and left.

His resources in this direction have been crippled steadily from time to time. In recent years by the encroachment on the spoilsman's territory of the civil service regulations. The president has called him "Bill" and has turned to the congressman who accompanied him and informed him that "Bill" is a good man and that he will get the position.

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WAS INSANE.
Cause For Suicide of Baron Caudre boileau.
London, Jan. 3.—A verdict of suicide during temporary insanity was returned by a coroner's jury this morning in the case of Baron Charles Caudre Boileau, who was found shot in a railroad carriage at Loughborough Junction, Sunday.

Richard Horne, a lawyer, testified that the deceased was a French baron and the son of a former French consul general in Canada. The deceased, the witness added, married a daughter of "Senator Benton, of the United States." The baron had considerable means on account of business matters. He lived in Ireland, where he had a large estate.

Baron Boileau's father was formerly first secretary of the French legation at Washington. He was appointed by Emperor Napoleon III and held the additional office of French minister to the United States. In Washington he married Senator Hanson. He is a man of great energy, becoming brother-in-law of Gen. Fremont. The older Roosevelt later was French minister in London and married a French widow now living at Pisa. The couple had a son, the late Senator's son, who was killed in the war.

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HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.
FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE
Two Absolute Snaps.
\$6000—Will buy lot 10, block 15, Endon division. Look this up and make us an offer.
\$2500—Will buy fine seven-room house and lot on North avenue east. Small amount of cash will handle it. Balance in monthly payments.
Houses for rent, East End. Five-room house for rent, West End. Five-room house for rent, West End.

O. P. ORRIS & CO.,
101 Herald Building.
Real Estate, First Mortgage Loans and Fire Insurance.
Residence Lots, Business Properties, Dock Frontage and Acres
A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.,
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.
FOR SALE—FARM LANDS.
ONE OF THE VERY BEST SECTIONS of land in Carlton county is for sale at \$6 per acre. No other land around it can be bought for less than \$7.50 per acre. First class soil. No stone. Fine creek runs through. Only two and one-half miles from railroad. Would make the stock farm. Terms \$2 per acre cash, balance \$1 per acre per year at 6 per cent. B. C. Church, 318 Board of Trade.
40-ACRE TRACTS IN CARLTON COUNTY. Good soil, easily cleared, and in well settled neighborhood. \$6 per acre, easy terms. For sale by B. C. Church, 318 Board of Trade.
EIGHTY ACRES LOCATED RIGHT ON Northern Pacific railroad, 10 miles southwest of Superior. Also on military road. This is good soil, lays level, and is well settled. It is a half mile from cash, balance long time at 6 per cent. B. C. Church, 318 Board of Trade.

IRON ORE.
New Beds Are Searched For In North of England.
New York, Jan. 3.—Some big firms in this country are in a race to meet the threatened invasion by American iron and steel makers, have been lately devoting time and money to the search for new beds of iron ore in the North of England. The search is being conducted by the already existing companies, says a dispatch to the Tribune from London, but up to the present time many of the largest iron works in the North of England have been unable to find new beds of iron ore. The search is being conducted by the already existing companies, says a dispatch to the Tribune from London, but up to the present time many of the largest iron works in the North of England have been unable to find new beds of iron ore.

MERCHANT LINE
Will Be Established Between 'Frisco and Manila.
San Francisco, Jan. 3.—The Call says a line of merchant steamships between San Francisco and Manila will be established by the Empire Steamship company. The company will put on the trans-Pacific route the steamships Ohio, Idaho and the Pennsylvania, while the Albatross will run in the inter-island trade, "as these steamers are first class and are engaged in the transport service until recently." The line will be operated by the company, which is in charge of the line. The line will be operated by the company, which is in charge of the line.

WIRELESS
Messages May Be Sent to Sea Warning Ships of Danger.
New York, Jan. 3.—During a discussion before the American Institute of Navigation, of Columbia university, said that it was not necessary to wait for more developments before equipping every light-house with apparatus for sending wireless messages to sea warning ships of their proximity to rocks and breakers. Fog, according to Professor Small, being a better transmitter of the waves than the light-house could still save the lives of those headed for the rocks. Another thing declared was that in all probability the present method of sending and receiving wireless messages from tall poles or towers would be done away with, as the capture of the earth makes no difference in the waves.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.
FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE
LAST CHANGE!
\$1200—takes 50 feet on First street, near Ninth avenue east.
\$2200—takes 8-room house in East East Seventh street.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 202 Felt Bldg.
FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS
3000 ACRES, TOWNS 35 AND 36, ranges 23, 24, 25, Itasca county, Minnesota, few miles west from Hibbing. No mineral reservation. Likelihood of vast mineral wealth. Clean title with abstract of title. Address Henry R. Higgins, Phoenix building, Minneapolis, Minn.
FOR SALE—RADIANT HOME COAL
stove and zinc. \$10. No. 9 East First street.
FOR SALE—FINE FRESH MILCH COW
big milkers, six years old. G. H. Thompson, 209 West Lake street, Duluth.
FOR SALE—ELEVATOR WHITE PLY-
wood Rock and ten White Minnesota hens, and a few chicks of Silver Gray variety. 209 West Lake street, Duluth.
FOR SALE—TEAM OF DRAFT MULES
four years old and London road.
FOR SALE—SAFE AT REASONABLE
price. Call at 125 seventh avenue west.
FOR SALE—FRESH MILCH COWS
great number to select from, or will exchange for fat cattle. S. M. Kaner, 1219 Exchange building.

ASSAYER.
E. ANGERMEIER, 318 FIRST AVE. E.
FIRE INSURANCE.
INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies, Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.
FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY
George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.
CLAIRVOYANT.
MRS. HENDIX, 207 MAIN STREET, West Superior, Wis. Phone 432-3.
BARN FOR RENT.
FOR RENT—HAYE ROOM FOR TWO horses and private stable. Comfortable man in charge. Call 431 West Michigan.

PICTURE FRAMING.
GET YOUR PICTURES AND PICTURE frames at Hoffman's, 211 East Superior street.
FEATURES
Of the Protocol Between Nicaragua and the United States.
Washington, Jan. 3.—Some of the main features of the protocol between the United States and Nicaragua referred to in President Zelaya's message to his congress have just been made public, one of these being the complete American jurisdiction and the establishment of American courts, civil and criminal, throughout a zone six miles wide from ocean to ocean and including the proposed terminal, Greytown on the Atlantic and Brito on the Pacific. The protocol gives the United States the right to enforce the treaty in perpetuity of this treaty to the United States and an American guaranty that the independence, sovereignty and integrity of Nicaragua shall not be disturbed by the rights thus conferred upon the United States.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.
THOMAS F. MCGILVER, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction supervised for water supply, sewerage, etc.
HOTELS.
28 Lake Avenue South.
THE COMMERCIAL Segal & Witz, Proprietors.
Room and Board, \$4.00 per week.
HERBAQUEEN SPECIFIC.
REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISON. Use Tropic, 319 First Avenue East.
PERSONAL.
YOUNG MAN WANTS ROOMMATE. Address H. S. Herald.
HOUSE MOVING.
H. SAXTON, 108 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.
WANTED—FEMALE HELP.
GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. Apply 225 Third avenue west.
MR. P. H. KIRBY, EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 225 East Superior street. Phone 882.
ANY OLD SKIN FOR OTHERS, BUT suit skin for users of Satin-Skin Soap. Best for you because best made.
WANTED—SECOND GIRL AT ONCE.
225 Fifth avenue east.
WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL
housework; must be good cook. 131 West Third street.
WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL TO DO
general housework, \$15 per month. Apply H. E. Krantz, 619 West Superior street.
WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL
housework. 915 London road.
WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR SEC-
ond work in family of three. Apply 225 East Second street.
WANTED—A COMPETENT SECOND
girl. 201 East First street.
WANTED—EXPERIENCED GIRL, ONE
who can cook good wages to the right hands and graces. Salary or commission. The Merchants' Oil Co., Cleveland, Ohio.
WANTED—COMPETENT NURSE MAID.
516 East Second street.

STENOGRAPHERS.
Associated to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriter and shorthand. J. H. SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 232 West Superior street.
STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING.
All kinds accurately and promptly done. Old Phone 144, Zenith 51. Jessie L. Cooley-Lytle T. Greiser, 301 First National Bank Building.
MALE HELP—WANTED.
WANTED—BELL BOYS, APPLY ST.
Louis hotel.
WANTED—WE WANT RELIABLE
salesmen to sell full line lubricating oils, greases and greases. Salary or commission. The Merchants' Oil Co., Cleveland, Ohio.
WANTED—ONE PAINTS, TWO COAT
makers. Mole, the tailor.

WANTED—AGENTS.
PROFITABLE WORK OFFERED agents in every town to secure subscriptions to the Ladies' Home Journal and the Saturday Evening Post. We want agents who will work thoroughly and sell the Saturday Evening Post. We want agents who will work thoroughly and sell the Saturday Evening Post. We want agents who will work thoroughly and sell the Saturday Evening Post.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.
WANTED—POSITION, EXPERIENCED
man, either in or out of city. Can furnish best of references. Address A. S. Herald.
YOUNG SWEDISH GIRL, 21 YEARS
old, desires position as domestic. Can not talk English. Address 222 West Tenth street.
AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER
wishes to do in private families by day or week. E. 45, Herald.
GIRL WANTS WORK FOR THREE OR
four hours a day; any kind. 909 West First street.
WOMAN WANTS WASHING OR
cleaning by the day. Address 154 East Fourth street.
WANTED—CHILDREN'S SEWING.
236 Avenue West; basement.
WANTED—LIGHT HOUSE WORK;
good cook; no washing; by an experienced domestic by Monday. E. 8, Herald.
WANTED—BY A MAN SOBER AND
honest, a place to do janitor work; understand firing and other duties; wages for the winter small. Address E. 88, Herald.
A YOUNG SCANDINAVIAN BOY WITH
good education wants position. Address E. 47, Herald.
WANTED—DRESSMAKING BY THE
piece. Address J. H. Herald.
BOOKKEEPER WITH BEST OF REF-
erences, experienced with retail and mercantile houses, wants position Jan. 1. Personal interview solicited. Address B. care of Herald.
WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, POSI-
tion as bookkeeper and stenographer; can furnish best of city references. H. S. Herald.

MIDWIFE.
MRS. BARKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. Phone 865.
MRS. HANSON, female complaints. Private hospital 418 7th ave. E. Phone 125.
SATIN-SKIN SPECIALTIES.
ANY OLD SKIN FOR OTHERS, BUT suit skin for users of Satin-Skin Soap. Best for you because best made.
BEST FOR YOU BECAUSE BEST
made. Satin-Skin Cream and Powder.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.
HOUSES FOR RENT.
FOR RENT—MODERN 6-ROOM FURNISHED house, centrally located; references required. Apply Scott's Drug Store.
FOR RENT—SMALL FURNISHED house. Cooley & Underhill.
FOR RENT—A NEW MODERN SIX-ROOM house, one block from postoffice, suitable for small family. 374 West Second street.
FOR RENT—217 WEST TENTH street, six rooms; low rent; will repair for reasonable tenant. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows building.
ROOMS FOR RENT.
FURNISHED ROOMS FOR LIGHT housekeeping; also other rooms. 206 Fifth avenue west.
FOR RENT—A LARGE FRONT ROOM, nicely furnished, every convenience, rent reasonable. 11 East Third street.
FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 216 Lowell building.
CONNECTING PARLORS, SUITABLE for two or three gentlemen. 216 West Superior street.
FOR RENT—ROOM FOR BAKERY, good location; low rent. Albertson, 330 West Superior street.
ROOMS—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED for light housekeeping. All conveniences. A. Emmens, 206 Lake avenue south.
FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED room; all modern conveniences. 15 Seventh avenue west.
FURNISHED ROOM WITH BREAKFAST and bath, including bath, gas and heat. 15 East Fourth; upstairs.
FURNISHED ROOM, COOK STOVE, 305 West Superior street.
FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, quiet central locality, electric light, steam heat and bath. 315 West Second street.
FLATS FOR RENT.
FURNISHED FLATS, FOUR ROOMS, 311 up. Inquire 138 West Fifth street.
FOR RENT—BRICK FLATS, NOS. 13 and 15 East Fourth street. Also brick house, 104 West First street. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange building.
STORE FOR RENT.
FOR RENT—ONE-HALF OR TWO-thirds of store. 5 West Superior street.

WANTED—TO RENT.
WANTED—TWO OR THREE ROOMS for light housekeeping, centrally located. State price and location. Address J. M. Herald.
BOARD OFFERED.
BOARD AND ROOM OFFERED. 207 West Second street.
BOARD AND ROOM OFFERED. Gentlemen preferred. Address E. 35, Herald.
GOOD ROOM AND BOARD AT 230 WEST Second street. E. H. Herald.
ROOMS AND BOARD, BATH, ETC. 120 First avenue west.
FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM AND board for two. 225 Second avenue west.

BOARD WANTED.
LADY, NOT EMPLOYED DURING THE day, wishes room and board. Address E. 37, Herald.
MUSIC.
LATEST SHEET MUSIC 200 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 31st ave. W.
CHRISTMAS MUSIC—SOLOS, DUETS and choruses for all combinations of voices. All the very latest holiday music. A. Haakenson & Co., No. 9 First avenue west.
NORWEGIAN CO LIVER OIL.
IMPORT OF 1901. 2c A BOTTLE. At C. J. Tufts's drug store.
FINANCIAL.
MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOPLE holding responsible positions, on piano, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Business confidential. Western Loan Co., 321 Manhattan Bldg., Duluth.
MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.
MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS, all kinds of value, from \$1 to \$1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.
MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., V. Superior St. Established 1898.

CARPET CLEANING.
INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New phone, 315; old, 765.
PIANO TUNING.
C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, 9 First avenue west. Zenith phone 66.
BUSINESS CHANCES.
WANTED—AS PARTNER. Man of means with experience in the meat or grocery business. Address Box 75, city.
WANTED—TO BUY.
WANTED TO BUY—AT ONCE ABOUT twenty-five cats. Address 90 Mesaba blocks.
TYPEWRITER FOR RENT.
FOR RENT—NEW TYPEWRITER, cheap. Room 105 Manhattan Building.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.
SECRET SOCIETIES.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.
PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 72.
A. P. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Jan. 6, 1902. Work, Sec. and degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; R. Kennedy, secretary.
IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.
Regular meeting every Monday and third Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock. Work, Sec. and degree. Clyde W. Sullivan, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.
KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 21.
A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Work, rehearsal, Jan. 8, 1902. A. W. Turner, W. M.; T. Tenbrook, secretary.
DULUTH COMMANDERY.
No. 18, K. T.—Stated convocations every Tuesday evening at 7:30 p. m. Next convocation Jan. 8, 1902. A. W. Turner, W. M.; T. Tenbrook, secretary.
THE MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL, NO. 1—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. Frank Crossweller, G. S.; Wallace P. Welbanks, scribe.
BEAT COUNCIL NO. 2.
Meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west at 8 p. m. Jack Johnson, G. S.; Robert Johnson, scribe.
IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN.
SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Superior street, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at West Superior street. G. H. Prudden, G. S.; E. Storms, K. S.
KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS—DIAMOND LODGE, NO. 45, K. of P.
Meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock in Evanson block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Visiting members always welcome. Robert Rankin, W. M.; C. John Burnett, banker; C. F. Earl, clerk.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.
Imperial camp, No. 226, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. Robert Rankin, W. M.; C. John Burnett, banker; C. F. Earl, clerk.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCAREES—DULUTH LODGE NO. 1.
Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Superior street and First avenue west. Instructors in all the Western degrees. Visiting knights always welcome. Charles J. Hunt, W. M.; Harry Milnes, chief ranger; city hall; James Kelly, treasurer; Union hotel.

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PAINLESS DENTISTRY.
DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Furrows building. Best work, moderate prices.
RAILROAD TIME TABLES.
DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
7:40 a. m. Ar. Duluth. Lv. Ar. 3:40
7:50 a. m. Ar. Duluth. Lv. Ar. 3:50
8:00 a. m. Ar. Duluth. Lv. Ar. 4:00
8:10 a. m. Ar. Duluth. Lv. Ar. 4:10
8:20 a. m. Ar. Duluth. Lv. Ar. 4:20
8:30 a. m. Ar. Duluth. Lv. Ar. 4:30
8:40 a. m. Ar. Duluth. Lv. Ar. 4:40
8:50 a. m. Ar. Duluth. Lv. Ar. 4:50
9:00 a. m. Ar. Duluth. Lv. Ar. 5:00
9:10 a. m. Ar. Duluth. Lv. Ar. 5:10
9:20 a. m. Ar. Duluth. Lv. Ar. 5:20
9:30 a. m. Ar. Duluth. Lv. Ar. 5:30
9:40 a. m. Ar. Duluth. Lv. Ar. 5:40
9:50 a. m. Ar. Duluth. Lv. Ar. 5:50
10:00 a. m. Ar. Duluth. Lv. Ar. 6:00
10:10 a. m. Ar. Duluth. Lv. Ar. 6:10
10:20 a. m. Ar. Duluth. Lv. Ar. 6:20
10:30 a. m. Ar. Duluth. Lv. Ar. 6:30
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The house was wrapped in flames when a neighbor living across the street awoke at 4 o'clock. His shouts aroused Charles Peck, who, partly overcome by smoke, made his way to the roof and jumped. It was impossible to rescue the other inmates of the house, which was reduced to ashes in less than an hour. Mr. Peck was active in the Methodist ministry for many years, but retired two years ago.

LAKE-SIDE LAND COMPANY, 303 LONSDALE BUILDING.

Don't Overlook Lake-side and Lester Park

When you are choosing a lot for a permanent home.

The double-truck comfortable cars, with all the other features; beautiful parks, fine streets, sewers, city water, excellent schools and churches taken with the magnificent outlook over our grand old lake, what more can you ask?

Buy a lot now, and we will contract to lend you the money to build when you are ready at 6 per cent interest. We charge nothing for making this loan, and you can pay it back in from 3 to 8 years in monthly payments.

Remember, rents are going up. Why not own your own home? On our plan you can do this and never feel it. Spring will soon be here, so see us and talk this over now.

Lakeside Land Company, 303 Lonsdale Building.

Wm. G. Sargent, Pres.

John B. Greenfield, Sec.

I WANT TO SEE

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Bldg.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4.
Zenith Phone 713.

those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

TREASON ADVISED Document By Soldiers In the Philippines.

Washington, Jan. 4.—The war department has received from the Philippines copies of a remarkable proclamation, signed with the names of nine Americans—seven of them stated as being in the United States military service—inviting American soldiers to desert and join the ranks of the Filipinos. The text of the document is as follows:

"To Whom It May Concern:—After many months among the Filipino people, studying their customs and characters, we, the undersigned, have come to the conclusion that the time has arrived for us to break the silence and let you know the real truth so that you will see the folly of continuation of fighting these people, who are defending their country against the cruel American invasion in the same manner in which our forefathers did against England in those glorious days of our grand and noble liberation, Gen. George Washington.

"Since the day we were led by our conscience and presented ourselves to the Philippine authorities, we have received the best of treatment and are enjoying a life of luxury without having to put our lives in danger as you do, who still remain in the American ranks fighting for an unjust cause which sooner or later must surely prove disastrous, as it did to the Spanish, when they were defeated by the country and customs of the people better than the Americans do.

"For above mentioned reasons and also that the war soon may end, we ask the men of the American army to desert and join themselves to the Philippine authorities as we did, thereby showing yourselves to be true Americans upholding the principles of Washington and the Monroe doctrine against the aim of a reasonable proclamation, even if it be prepared, as was the one carried on in the name of the United States, to the detriment of thousands of American soldiers and with what object? To fill the pockets of Mark Hanna and several other American capitalists who have been for years and are now ruling America, or in other words changing your blood for gold and robbing many a loving mother, wife or sister of their loved ones, thereby making a good happy home sad and miserable.

"Before we close, let us tell you that near every town there are always stationed forces of Filipino troops to whom, should you so desire, you can present yourselves with or without your rifles to avoid danger. It is best to hide in a secure place, and after you have presented yourselves, inform the Filipino authorities.

IN MICHIGAN.

Polander Dashes Hot Soup In Faces of His Countrymen.

Crystal Falls.—Andrew Slepach, of Crystal Falls, is under arrest for maturing six of his Polish countrymen. A large party of Poles were congregated for dinner when Slepach, just for fun, grabbed a pot of boiling soup and swung it around his head a couple of times, like a cowboy with a lariat, and then dashed the contents into the faces of his countrymen. The doctor who was called found six of them with badly scalded faces and several others burned more or less.

Iron River—Iron River is to profit by

After Over-Indulgence
get your stomach and liver into proper condition by using this renowned old family remedy

Beecham's Pills.

Sold Everywhere—in boxes 10c. and 25c.

LIVES ARE IN DOUBT

Two Life Rafts From
Walla Walla Still
On Ocean.

Many of the Passengers
Are Still Unac-
counted For.

The Captain Tells a
Graphic Story of
the Wreck.

San Francisco, Jan. 4.—It is not yet known how many persons perished in the wreck of the steamer Walla Walla, which was run into and sunk by an unknown French bark off Cape Mendocino. The most conservative statement places the number of dead at ten and includes thirty-six in the list of the missing. Another estimate is that no less than seventy-three persons are yet unaccounted for. Those believed to be dead are:

MRS. HERMAN KOTZSCHMAR, wife of Lieut. Kotzschmar.
MRS. M. REYNOLDS, stewardess.
MRS. H. ERICKSON and three children.
LOUIS H. DRURY, of San Francisco.

EL. NUTTMAN, purser.
WILLIAM HERTEL, fireman.
JOHN WILSON, also known as Hans P. Anderson, quartermaster.

The list of missing, whose fate is still in doubt, includes the following: H. Erickson, laborer; Dr. S. P. Allen, surgeon; J. L. Field, J. A. Gray, Charles Neff, Seattle; W. Duhler, Dr. Jones, J. Brown, F. Denmark, Dr. G. P. P. March, G. Nicholson, M. Hanselman, Chief Officer Peter Nielsen, Second Mate President Engineer R. P. Butler, Steward Hughes, Fourth Mate C. Brown, Chief Engineer George H. Crosby, Second Assistant Engineer R. P. Butler, Steward John Connell, Boatswain A. Holmes, I. Nelson, M. Haare, J. Rooney, M. Callaghan, Santiago Murillo, purser; Frank Reardon, porter; John Shiel, P. Nautet, Frank Rhode, waiter; Edgar Reiss, waiter; T. Williams, waiter; J. Holloway, J. O. Johnson, George Morrison.

There are still on the ocean, so far as known, two rafts. If either of these has been picked up, the number of supposed victims would be decreased. Sixty-two of the passengers and crew were picked up and landed at Eureka by the steamship Albatross, twenty-three survivors drifted ashore near Trinidad and several others were rescued by the schooner Dispatch.

John T. Kreider, one of the signers of this proclamation, was tried recently by military commission in the Philippines, on a charge of treason and the records of the court-martial have just been received at the war department. The preponderance of proof, said Gen. Chaffee, in reviewing the case, was in favor of the contention of the accused, that he was held by the insurgents as a prisoner and took no part in operations against the United States army on any island.

"Fitzgibbon, a member of the 'Fourth Regiment,' was tried recently by military commission on a charge of treason and the records of the court-martial have just been received at the war department. The preponderance of proof, said Gen. Chaffee, in reviewing the case, was in favor of the contention of the accused, that he was held by the insurgents as a prisoner and took no part in operations against the United States army on any island.

"While no reasonable or overt act is established against the accused, 'if, however, remains to be remarked that it is the duty of every American soldier to face impending danger of death rather than to admit a reasonable proclamation, even if it be prepared, as was the one carried on in the name of the United States, to the detriment of thousands of American soldiers and with what object? To fill the pockets of Mark Hanna and several other American capitalists who have been for years and are now ruling America, or in other words changing your blood for gold and robbing many a loving mother, wife or sister of their loved ones, thereby making a good happy home sad and miserable.

"Before we close, let us tell you that near every town there are always stationed forces of Filipino troops to whom, should you so desire, you can present yourselves with or without your rifles to avoid danger. It is best to hide in a secure place, and after you have presented yourselves, inform the Filipino authorities.

"The military commission found Kreider guilty of the charge of treason and sentenced him to confinement for life, but Gen. Chaffee, because of the technical defense of treason, disapproved the sentence and ordered the prisoner set at liberty.

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Men

Have Been Wrecked on the Rock of Sexual Vice.

Thousands Have Been Rescued By the Progressive Medical Association.

Which Combines All of the Curative Powers of Both Medicine
and Electricity In Our Electro-Medical Treatment.

Specialists for Diseases of Men.

I do not treat all diseases, but cure all I treat. I treat men only and cure
Them to Stay Cured.

I make no extravagant assertion when I say that millions of men have been wrecked on the rock of vice. The trouble is not so much that they get diseased, but rather that they allow it to grow worse through neglect or improper treatment. This fact is responsible in many cases for nine-tenths of the suffering.

You should remember that the sexual diseases are never at a standstill. Neither can you make any compromise with them. Either you must control them or they will control you and render you utterly unfit for the duties of life.

But if you have Varicocele, Stricture, Contagious Blood Poison, Nerve-Sexual Debility, Rupture, Kidney and Urinary Diseases, or any associate disease or weakness, you owe it to yourself to fully and freely investigate our treatment. My mastery of these maladies is complete. I began a special study of them soon after graduating from college, now nearly a quarter of a century ago, and during all the years since then they have been my study and persistent practice.

Does it not occur to you, then, that I am better prepared to combat and conquer diseases and weaknesses peculiar to men than the general practitioner, who, instead of concentrating his faculties on a single class of disease, scatters them over the entire field of medicine and surgery?

Varicocele and its New Cure
Whatever may be the cause of Varicocele, its injurious effects are as well known for centuries as the fact that it depresses the mind, weakens the nervous system, and ultimately leads to a complete loss of manhood. The kind of this disease comes to our office and let us explain to you our process of treating it. You will then wonder why we have positively cured hundreds of cases of Varicocele during the past months. Under our treatment the patient improves from the very beginning. All pain instantly subsides. The tools of stagnant blood are forced from the dilated veins, which rapidly assume their normal size, strength and soundness. All indications of disease and weakness vanish completely, and in their stead comes the pride, the vigor, the sense of perfect health and restored manhood.

Contagious Blood Poison Cured Forever.
There are still on the ocean, so far as known, two rafts. If either of these has been picked up, the number of supposed victims would be decreased. Sixty-two of the passengers and crew were picked up and landed at Eureka by the steamship Albatross, twenty-three survivors drifted ashore near Trinidad and several others were rescued by the schooner Dispatch.

Stricture Painlessly Removed
It matters not how long you have suffered from stricture, our treatment is sure to cure it. We will not do it by any of the old methods, but by a new, entirely original with us and perfectly painless. It completely removes the stricture and permanently removes every obstruction from the urinary passage. It stops every unnatural discharge, allays all inflammation, reduces the prostate gland when enlarged, cleanses the bladder and kidneys, invigorates the sexual organs and restores health and soundness to every part of the body affected by the disease.

Nerve-Sexual Debility
Men, plenty of you are now reaping the results of your former folly. Your nervous system is falling and will be soon lost unless you do something for yourself. There is no time to lose. Impotency, like all sexual diseases, is never on the standstill. Either you must master it or it will master you, and fill your whole future with misery and indescribable woe. We have treated so many cases of this kind that we are familiar with them, as you are with the very daylight. Once cured by us, you will never again be bothered with emissions, prematureness, small or weak organs, nervousness, failing memory, loss of ambition or other symptoms, which rob you of your manhood, and absorb the unity of your study, business, pleasure or marriage. Our treatment for weak men will correct all these evils, and restore you to what nature intended—a hale, hearty, happy man, with physical, mental and sexual powers complete.

All Associate Diseases Cured.
In curing a disease of any kind, we never fail to refer to our promises. Address all communications to THE PROGRESSIVE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, No. 1 West Superior street, corner Lake avenue, Duluth, Minn.

THE SPECIALISTS OF THE DIFFERENT DEPARTMENTS

of this Association, by their special treatment, are making many wonderful cures in diseases of the
Kidneys, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Piles, Etc. Private Diseases, Syphilitic Blood Poison, Stricture, Varicocele, Hydrocele, Nerve-Sexual Debility, Rupture, Kidney and Urinary Diseases, and all Allied and Associate Diseases of Men.

REFERENCES—Best Banks and Leading Business Men in This City.

CONSULTATION FREE AND CONFIDENTIAL.

OFFICE HOURS—From 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 2 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association,

No. 1 West Superior Street, Corner Lake Avenue, DULUTH, MINN.

number were injured by the falling timbers. It is almost certain a number of the steerage passengers perished in this manner. The housing of the forward part was split into several pieces. Among the survivors the seriously injured are few, and while it may be possible to save some, many are beyond hope. A few cuts and bruises came under my observation, and these for the most part were recovered by the occupants of the life rafts. While not very rough the sea was nasty, and the history of her life and the scenes that she witnessed would make very interesting reading. Mrs. Roussain was a half-breed Indian and leaves two children and many grandchildren.

REQUIRES MANY MEN.
E. G. Pake, of West Duluth, was a visitor at Scanlon, Minn., this week, where he went to inspect the new Brooks-Seaton sawmill which is to start up next Monday or Tuesday. Mr. Pake says that it will require a small army of men to keep the mill operating day and night, and to operate the logging roads and camps. He believes that at least 800 men will be required. This will mean the establishment of a very busy little town at Scanlon. Mr. Pake has recently returned from the Pacific coast, where he has some large timber investments. He is a firm believer in the great future of the far Northwest, and says that all that prevents the Western lumbermen from becoming active competitors in the Eastern markets is the prohibitive lumber rates of the railroads.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.
Mrs. Homewood, of West Duluth, was pleasantly surprised Friday afternoon by a number of her friends. Among them were Messrs. Mesdames Gardiner, Pinchale, Gibson, Satter, Stickney, Clifton, Rupp, Merriam, Simons and Smith.

THE MERRILL & RING COMPANY IS MAKING
A committee of nine members was appointed to draft a constitution and a set of by-laws, and report at next meeting of the club, which will be held next Friday evening at 8 o'clock at the club house. The committee on names reported that 175 signatures to the charter had been obtained, and that the club is not only the largest of the city, but to a large extent speaks success for the new club.

AT WEST DULUTH
The West Duluth Commercial club is now fairly lazing. A large and enthusiastic meeting of those interested in the proposed club was held in Stewart's hall last evening, over sixty being present, and an organization was effected. Hon. George J. Mallory was elected president of the new club, C. W. Nittreuer was chosen vice president, J. A. Scott as secretary and Frank Wade as treasurer. The list of officers includes representative business and professional men of the city, and to a large extent speaks success for the new club.

THE SOCIAL CLUB
Will give a DANCING PARTY every Tuesday Evening at the Great Eastern Hall. Dancing from 9 to 12. Lancers' Orchestra. 25c per couple.

RAINBOW WILL BE HOME OF ASIATIC ADMIRAL.
New York, Jan. 4.—The Rainbow, which is to be the flagship of the Asiatic squadron, is anchored at Tompkinsville, awaiting orders to proceed to Manila. She is in command of Commander S. A. Stanten, formerly of the Albatross, and is expected to be anchored near Cavite as a station ship, on which the admiral of the fleet, Admiral Dewey, will live. It is expected the Brooklyn will return from Manila when the Rainbow arrives.

STATION SHIP.
Don't you believe there's anything "just as good" as Satin-Skin Cream and Soap. It's not true.

CRUSHED TO DEATH.
Young Girl Instantly Killed
By a Train.
St. Paul, Jan. 4.—Emma Forcier, 14 years old, was killed by a Great Western freight train yesterday afternoon.

The girl attempted to pass beneath a train of cars on the second track of the Morrison street yards of the company. The cars were standing on the track waiting for a switch engine to kick them on to the main track.

The girl got down on her hands and knees to cross under the cars, when the engine coupled onto the string of cars, and sent the wheels of a furniture car over her body. Death was instantaneous. The child was the only daughter of David A. Forcier, a section hand on the road. He resides at 236 South Robert street.

REPAIRS AT THE MILL.
A surprise party was held in Odd Fellows' hall Friday evening in honor of Miss Irene Jensen, of Floodwood, who is visiting Mrs. A. P. Lund.

V. L. Golden, of Illinois, was a visitor last evening. Miss Kaite Martin is reported quite sick. John Stenestad is back from the north shore. We handle the celebrated Pocahontas coal. Chesney & Co.

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THE EVENING HERALD

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

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Telephone Calls:—Printing Room—374, two rings.
Editorial Rooms—324, one ring.

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EVERY EVENING
DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

Single copy, daily.....**.02**
One month.....**.45**
Three months (in advance).....**\$1.30**
Six months (in advance).....**\$2.00**
One year (in advance).....**\$3.00**
Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter
Per year.....**\$1.00**
Six months.....**.50**
Three months.....**.25**

Largest Circulation in Duluth.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Jan. 4.—The high pressure valleys moved from the Red River valley to the Middle Mississippi valley, causing a decided fall in temperature in Southwestern and Northwestern Canada because of the northwesterly wind. The low pressure moved from the Gulf of Mexico to the Southwest, causing a decided rise in temperature in the Southwest. The low pressure moved from the Gulf of Mexico to the Southwest, causing a decided rise in temperature in the Southwest. The low pressure moved from the Gulf of Mexico to the Southwest, causing a decided rise in temperature in the Southwest.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:
Albion.....**22**
Baltimore.....**22**
Boston.....**22**
Buffalo.....**22**
Calgary.....**22**
Chicago.....**22**
Cincinnati.....**22**
Cleveland.....**22**
Detroit.....**22**
Duluth.....**22**
Edmonton.....**22**
El Paso.....**22**
Evansville.....**22**
Green Bay.....**22**
Hartford.....**22**
Havana.....**22**
Hingham.....**22**
Huron.....**22**
Jacksonville.....**22**
Kalamazoo.....**22**
Kansas City.....**22**
Knoxville.....**22**
La Crosse.....**22**
Lansing.....**22**
Los Angeles.....**22**
Marquette.....**22**

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 a. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, Wash. Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy and mild, with a light breeze. Fresh and brisk southerly winds. The Dakotas—Fair tonight and Sunday. Rising temperature. Increasing southerly winds. The Dakotas—Fair tonight and Sunday. Warmer tonight.

Chicago, Jan. 4.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Sunday: Wisconsin—Fair tonight and Sunday. Rising temperature. Increasing southerly winds. Minnesota—Fair tonight and Sunday. Rising temperature. Increasing southerly winds. The Dakotas—Fair tonight and Sunday. Warmer tonight.

There are certain indications that the present Congress will greatly benefit the American Indian. The main point sought by the Indian committee and in fact all the friends of the Indians is to speedily dissolve their tribal relations and to place the individual Indians on their own resources, giving them the right to acquire property and to be taxed like other citizens.

In the smallest tribes it is proposed to allot the lands of the members, turn over to them the land in the territory, as it will open lands for sale and taxation and make possible internal improvements that must now be carried out only at the expense of the government. It is proposed to continue the Indian schools for a period of ten or twenty years, but to extend no further aid or guardianship over the Indians as rapidly as their tribal relations are dissolved. It is stated that there are half a dozen of the smaller tribes that are ready for action and in favor of it. An effort will be made to have this policy adopted in connection with these tribes at the present session if it is possible to get a test of the operations of the plan may be speedily furnished. The number of uncivilized Indians is being annually much smaller. The majority are now semi-civilized and it is time to place them on a basis where they can take advantage of the progress they are naturally making.

The British government and the officials acting under its direction must be given credit for the excellent control of the finances of Egypt. The latest Egyptian budget is a striking tribute to the skill with which the financial affairs of the country have been managed under British supervision. The receipts for next year are estimated at £11,000,000 and the expenditure at £10,000,000, showing a surplus of £200,000. This is the sum actually at the disposal of the Egyptian government. The real excess of receipts over expenditure is nearly £1,000,000, but of this amount large sums have to be paid into the Caisse for the various sinking funds controlled by that body. During the past year, notwithstanding the reduction of the Egyptian budget, the Egyptian government has been able to pay off £2,000,000 of the provincial debt, the revenue exceeded the estimated revenue for 1901 by £200,000. On the other hand, the actual expenses exceeded those of the current year by £77,000. Large economies have been effected in the army and pension budgets, and also by suppressing the provincial debt.

The savings realized have been employed in providing for various useful reforms and administrative improvements. The profits of Egyptian prosperity are being shared when it is remembered that fifteen years ago the country was regarded as bankrupt.

rupt. In many respects this latest report is the most satisfactory one that has been issued since the British assumed control, and reflects no little credit upon Mr. Gore, the financial adviser of the khedive.

FOR STATE AUDITOR.

With Robert C. Dunn out of the running for state auditor by his own confession, there is but one prominent figure left in the field. He is a Duluth man, he has been auditor of St. Louis county for six years, and his name is Odin Halden. While Mr. Halden has never announced himself as a candidate, his name has had considerable discussion in this connection, and it has been favorably received in many quarters.

At this juncture The Herald takes pleasure in presenting his name as a candidate for the Republican nomination for state auditor, believing that a better selection could not well be made by the Republican party. Mr. Halden is at the top of the list among the county auditors of the state for knowledge of his duties and his capacity for faithful performance of them. There are few men in the state that are better posted upon taxes and tax laws than he, if any. His long association with the office of county auditor has made him perfectly familiar with many of the details of the state auditorship duties. The vigor with which he has fought to bring about proper taxation of the iron mines and other corporations indicates possibilities that the opportunity of a state-wide field will bring out.

Northern Minnesota especially should rally to the support of Mr. Halden and help him secure the nomination, in order that this part of the state, the richest within all its borders, may enjoy the novelty of representation upon the state ticket.

A DEPARTMENT OF MINES.

The project to have a department of mines and mining, with its chief a member of the president's cabinet, has again been revived, and it is the purpose of the representatives of some of the states where mining is a considerable factor to bring untold influence upon congress for recognition by either a department, or at least a bureau, in one of the existing departments. It is doubtful, however, if legislation of this character can be secured.

There is considerable sentiment in favor of the creation of a department of mines and mining, with its chief a member of the president's cabinet, has again been revived, and it is the purpose of the representatives of some of the states where mining is a considerable factor to bring untold influence upon congress for recognition by either a department, or at least a bureau, in one of the existing departments. It is doubtful, however, if legislation of this character can be secured.

Around this bill the representatives from the mining states expect to frame a measure which will create a bureau of mines and mining, to be under the direction of the department of commerce and industry, if such a department is created, or under the interior department, if no other cabinet position is created. But with the department of commerce having such a strong endorsement, it is doubtful if the mining interests will receive much encouragement.

FEDERAL DIVORCE LAW.

It has been the aim of some congressmen, and especially Congressman Taylor, of Ohio, to provide for a constitutional amendment giving to congress power to make laws regulating marriage and divorce, which is a most praiseworthy movement. A new law in effect in the District of Columbia, the first of the year, which provides that infidelity shall be the only ground for absolute divorce, and that, in such cases, only the innocent party may remarry. Separation is to be granted on other grounds. The passage of this law greatly encouraged the congressmen interested in the subject, and they will watch its operation with interest.

The proposal of Mr. Taylor for a general law is very brief, simply providing that congress shall have power to make laws regulating marriage and divorce. The question has been before congress at former sessions, is now pending before the Episcopal church of America and is one of the subjects for annual discussions and suggestions by the American Bar association. Efforts to secure much consideration for the bill have not been successful at former sessions of congress, but Mr. Taylor has received so much encouragement, from informal conferences with members of the house, that he is hopeful of securing favorable consideration of his bill at the present session.

If the amendment is passed, then it will devolve upon a future congress to deal with the causes upon which divorces should be granted. When that time comes congress will find the people of the nation aroused on the subject, just as they were aroused a couple of years ago when an attempt was made to have Utah represented in congress by a Mormon. An effort is being made by an association having for its object the enactment of laws to have similar divorce laws passed by the different states. The only objection to this is that if the laws were finally passed they would be subject to change by every legislature.

Yet there is some opposition to the measure from representatives from the Southern states, who are disposed to look upon it as infringement upon state rights, but even many of these members are favoring the proposition. The South Carolina law recognizes no divorces. Yet the same representatives who have gone elsewhere to obtain their divorces and then returned to live, under new marriages, in open defiance of

the South Carolina code, Florida has been scandalized, too, by the abuses that have developed from her divorce laws, and other states in the Union have laws which have operated to make the marriage ceremony a farce. The sentiment is growing rapidly in favor of uniform divorce laws and in favor of allowing congress authority to deal with the question. In the event of the passage of the amendment congress would then pass a law defining marriage and making provisions for the dissolution of the marriage tie. It is to be hoped that something may come of the present agitation as there is certainly need of reform in the divorce laws of the country.

A USELESS BOARD.

It is cause for regret by the friends of the normal schools, and therefore by practically all the people of the state that the supreme court has handed down a decision in favor of the contentment of the board of control that is in charge of the normal schools. The court was divided, three justices uniting on the majority opinion, while Chief Justice Start and Justice Collins dissented. The majority opinion holds that the normal schools are, in a broad sense, charitable institutions. They have received gifts. He holds the law unconstitutional because there is nothing in the title of the law in question relative to management by the board of control of educational institutions. Justice Collins dissents on the same ground. He holds educational and charitable institutions to be vastly unlike, and that the governor recognized the difference in his last message, when he recommended one board for charitable and penal institutions, and another for educational institutions. He says including the normals under the word "charitable" is "technical and far-fetched," and that the constitutional provision so overruled is "restricted to insignificance."

The majority, however, did not agree with these sensible views, and the result is a state of chaos as far as the normal schools are concerned. The board of control will now have charge of its finances, but to what extent? This is the point that caused the original trouble, and it is not cleared up by the decision. The board of control sought to cross the line that was supposed to separate the business from the educational interests of the schools, and it will probably do so again. It is an intolerable state of affairs and should be ended at the first session of the legislature. If continued, it will inject the poison of politics into the normal school system and ruin it. The board of control is a political body and run by practical politicians who know little or nothing about the management of normal schools and have not the time to give the subject proper attention. They would probably appoint the members of the faculty of a normal school on the strength of their political pulls and think that was the proper thing to do. All along the line of our state institutions there has been trouble since the board of control was created. It is an entirely useless body and should be abolished. The separate board system is far better for the institutions as well as for the state generally, and it should be restored.

RELIC OF BARBARISM.

The suggestion is offered by the Omaha Bee—and it has been made before—that perhaps the most effective way to put a brake upon envious rivalry and costly contentions in the navy department would be to abolish the practice of awarding prize money to the officers and men who happen to participate in successful naval encounters. The prize money system is an anachronism left over as a relic of barbaric times. It is a survival of the era of piracy and privateering entirely out of place in modern warfare. In ancient times the booty captured on either land or sea was appropriated by the victors and divided up by them as the spoils of war. The leader of the hosts was accorded first choice in selecting his trophies among the fairest of the captive women and the most costly objects in the loot, while the lesser warriors took their allotted shares in the order of their rank and prowess. Naturally, the man who seized for his own not only the ships of the conquered enemy, but also the men who manned them.

The whole progress of civilization as it relates to warfare, it is pointed out, has been to eliminate the practice of personal vengeance and private spoils and to substitute the idea of impersonal conflict, in which the agencies of war are simply the representatives of sovereign states, whose prestige or rights alone are at stake. This is the underlying principle in all our international law relating to belligerents—upon it have been erected the agreements for the protection of private property, for the definition of articles of contraband, for indemnity for seizures, etc. Captures made on land are no longer divided up between the soldiers participating in the raid; on the contrary, they become immediately the property of the government whose flag the forces carry, accounted for to the minutest detail and for which the same responsibility is exacted as for the munitions and supplies placed in their hands out of their own commissary and quartermaster departments.

"If prizes for the army," asks the Bee, "have been abolished, why should they be retained for the navy? If the soldier has ample incentive for patriotic devotion to duty in the proximity of the enemy, why should the sailor be lured by the prospect of a share in the spoils of war? The sailor should be encouraged by the same incentives that lead the soldier to the front." The article concludes by saying that the sailor should be encouraged by the same incentives that lead the soldier to the front.

St. Joseph, Mo., has gone largely into the business of making during the past few years. This is an industry that might be pushed to large proportions in Duluth. Challenged recently to a duel, Desha Breckinridge, of Kentucky, accepted and suggested sundry weapons, the code duello has changed much during the last fifty years.

As to judgeships the only chance the office has to seek the man in Indiana is to wait until all the men require a judge, casually remark the Indianapolis Sentinel.

"Nevertheless," remarks the Atlanta Journal, "there are people who enter into the opinion that the governor of Minnesota is going to find James J. a hard hill to climb."

of the fact that the prize money system breeds contention and promotes demoralization and is thus an element of weakness rather than of strength? Why should not the United States, which has ever been foremost in applying humane rules to war, be the first to discard this outgrown legacy of the buccaners?"

These are questions that can be answered correctly only in the affirmative. Congress should profit by recent experience and repeal the law which authorizes the awarding of prize money. The system will always breed discontent and create trouble. It should be abolished.

A LITERARY GHOU.

The admirers of the literary art of Robert Louis Stevenson are up in arms at the English-speaking world, and the occasion of it is an utterance by William E. Henley, the English literary man, in which his old friend "Lewis" Stevenson, as he calls him, is called a "literary ghou." Stevenson is a man of no mean literary attainments, and his work, in which perhaps his enthusiasm carried him to the point of idealizing his subject, one would hardly guess that Henley was an "old friend" of the greatest modern master of English fiction from the manner in which he rushed to the assault upon Mr. Balfour's essay. He has come out in the Pall Mall Gazette with an article that is almost bitter in its tone. "Why all this cavilling about Stevenson?" he asks, in reference to the Balfour essay. "Why this voluble admiration? As I read I am impressed by the thought that here is Lewis Stevenson very much as he may well have wanted to be, but that his greatest educational institutions. Justice Collins dissents on the same ground. He holds educational and charitable institutions to be vastly unlike, and that the governor recognized the difference in his last message, when he recommended one board for charitable and penal institutions, and another for educational institutions. He says including the normals under the word "charitable" is "technical and far-fetched," and that the constitutional provision so overruled is "restricted to insignificance."

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If Robert Louis Stevenson were alive, and William E. Henley were his bitter enemy, this article would be a masterpiece of sarcasm and invective. Henley is a man of no mean literary attainments, and his work, in which perhaps his enthusiasm carried him to the point of idealizing his subject, one would hardly guess that Henley was an "old friend" of the greatest modern master of English fiction from the manner in which he rushed to the assault upon Mr. Balfour's essay. He has come out in the Pall Mall Gazette with an article that is almost bitter in its tone. "Why all this cavilling about Stevenson?" he asks, in reference to the Balfour essay. "Why this voluble admiration? As I read I am impressed by the thought that here is Lewis Stevenson very much as he may well have wanted to be, but that his greatest educational institutions. Justice Collins dissents on the same ground. He holds educational and charitable institutions to be vastly unlike, and that the governor recognized the difference in his last message, when he recommended one board for charitable and penal institutions, and another for educational institutions. He says including the normals under the word "charitable" is "technical and far-fetched," and that the constitutional provision so overruled is "restricted to insignificance."

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Marconi's marvelous experiments, says the New York Evening Post, naturally lead doubters, for it not only strains the faith, but almost baffles the imagination of laymen to believe that the most effective way to put a brake upon envious rivalry and costly contentions in the navy department would be to abolish the practice of awarding prize money to the officers and men who happen to participate in successful naval encounters. The prize money system is an anachronism left over as a relic of barbaric times. It is a survival of the era of piracy and privateering entirely out of place in modern warfare. In ancient times the booty captured on either land or sea was appropriated by the victors and divided up by them as the spoils of war. The leader of the hosts was accorded first choice in selecting his trophies among the fairest of the captive women and the most costly objects in the loot, while the lesser warriors took their allotted shares in the order of their rank and prowess. Naturally, the man who seized for his own not only the ships of the conquered enemy, but also the men who manned them.

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Fables By George Ade

The Modern Fable of How Economical Edward Got His Quietus.

Once there was a young fellow named Edward who could make a dollar go as far as the next one. He wore Hand-Downs that looked as if they had been made by a Sewell Tailor. He kept his Trousers on hangers and took such care of his Wardrobe that a Suit would last him 3 to 5 years. He shaved himself and blacked his own shoes and borrowed a Paper to read.

So that although his Salary didn't make him a fortune, he was able to keep his Green Kind each Month and was contemplating Matrimony.

Edward estimated that two of them could get along comfortably on his Pay without cracking the Nest Egg. In Fact, he had it all figured out. The House Rent would be so much and the Groceries

would stand him something, and then he allowed \$20 a year for Clothing. He knew that he could worry along on half of that Amount and he had heard that dresses were cheaper than Suits of Clothes.

One Evening, just about the time when he was waiting for a Chance to nab the Girl, he was at the Home with other Callers, among them several Women.

They were asking the Real Thing about some Finery she had just purchased. She said she knew it must be an awful bore to Men, but she supposed she would have to show it. So she went upstairs and came back with enough Merchandise to fill one of Wanamaker's Windows.

The Women Callers went into Convulsions and the Men looked at it solemnly and said "Yes, its Purty."

"Ain't that a Dream?" asked the Real Thing, holding up a Picture Hat. "I got

that for next to Nothing. He wanted 60 but I jewed him down to 35."

"How much did your Tailor-Made set you back?" asked one of the Callers.

"Only 12," replied the Real Thing. "My, that's awful Cheap," said the Caller.

"Yes, and I think it's just as good as the Expensive kind. Oh, by the way, Tussle, I saw a Bos yesterday, that was a Looole. I'm going to have it, too. The Man wants 200 for it."

They were so busy looking at the new Duds they did not notice that Edward had fallen in a Swoon. He recovered sufficiently to find his way back to the Boarding House but he destroyed the \$100-a-Year Estimate, and the Real Thing was never again annoyed by having him call her up on the Phone.

MORAL: There is always one Way of getting rid of him.

The Modern Fable of the Girl Who Had Her Reasoning Powers With Her.

A certain hardworking Buttery who met a Girl in the Afternoon and called on her that Evening, had a little System of his own. He believed that the correct Method was to tell each New One all about how the Others were crazy to Land Him. This would show that he was a Popular Young Fellow and would make the New One a little more eager to cut the others out.

The System worked so well that he used it all the time. He kept his Pockets full of Letters and Photographs to prove that he was No. 1 with at least a Dozen of them and in order to make it very Strong he had a few Presents of Jewelry that he would show, under his Coat, when he was asked for them.

Said he to himself: "The short-sighted Lethario sits alongside his Love-Dove and tells her that she is the only one in the whole Patch, but I let her know that I am more than Friendly with at least

five or six. Competition is the life of Courtship. I play one against another. It's a Shame the Way I String them."

It chanced that this Circulating Sutor one day met a sweet and shapely Venus and immediately flashed his Date-Book.

"Have you any Open Time?" he asked. "Come up tomorrow Evening," she replied. "I have another Booking but I will cancel it."

He arrived before she had her Make-up on. He started early, because he had so much to tell her. She didn't know him very well, so it was necessary to give her a Line on his Record as a Girl-Sub.

She came down and he got Busy. He showed her a Ring that had been given to him one Night in a Boat, and he let her read part of the Letters to prove that they called him Darling Boy and he told how several Weddings had been postponed in the Hope that he, the Idol of the Ladies and the Envy of the Men,

might change his Mind.

The Girl was intensely interested. For a Woman to be a Man's Confidante in a throbbing Love Affair is unadmitted feminine Luxury.

Along about 11 o'clock he thought he had her sufficiently enthralled, so he placed himself on the Sofa and attempted to take her Hand.

"Beat you Trifler," exclaimed the Beautiful Maiden, repulsing him. "No Member of the Tell Club can do the Fendy around this House. When you get ready to publish your Book on the Confessions of a Man, I shall be glad to have you omit the Chapter about Me, because I am not going to give you any Souvenirs, or write you any give-away Letters, or send my Photo. I have learned to put a Blue Tag on the Man who tells all he Knows."

MORAL: The Man who tells you about the Last One, will tell the Next One about you.

The Modern Fable of the Roundabout Way In Which Gilbert Made Himself Strong With Alice.

Gilbert was engaged to marry Refined Alice, Daughter of the Commission Merchant.

He was on the List of Eligibles that every Mother in Town had in her Writing Desk. The Parents on both sides of the Pence had given their Consent. All Preliminaries had been arranged. There was not a Cloud in the Sky. It was a tame everyday, colorless-kind of Courtship and that is why it did not suit Alice. She wanted to be Engaged to some one who would send a Secret Message by the Faithful Servant and then climb up her back and try to kiss her through a Screen Window. Her idea of meeting a Lover was to slip out on a Dark Night and find him at the Trysting place, muffled in Cloak. The way was no particular excitement in being under

Contract to one who came in the Front of the house, and she was not at all interested in the House, for her Father would take a shot at him, but if she loved him, to put a Lamp in the Window and he would be outside in the Rain, it was rather to learn his Fate. It was a happy Night for Alice.

Next day she told her Parents that unless they permitted her to marry the Man of her choice, she would abjure the World and enter a Convent. They yielded and when Gilbert returned she made a running Leap for him and gave him her hand and heart.

MORAL: A Woman never Clings until some one starts to Pull in the Opposite Direction.—Copyright, 1902, by Robert Howard Russell.

DOMESTIC PLEASANTRIES.

Judge: Mrs. Von Blumer—The minister preached the most touching sermon I ever heard of. How much did he rate?

Detroit Free Press: Percy—I've made Payne sorry that she threw me over.

Percy—Why, I'm attentive now to a girl five years younger than she is.

Philadelphia Press: Her Father—Ain't I caught you kissing my daughter, Al? What do you mean by that sort of business?

He—I don't consider it business at all, sir, but pleasure, pure pleasure.

Tuck: Mrs. Newswell—Oh, John said this morning I was one woman in a hundred.

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Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Say, Helen, a delightful story has occurred to me."

"What is it?"

"How could a girl who received wireless love letters use them in a breach of promise case?"

The Smart Set: "Do you think you can make my daughter happy?" asked Miss Thurstons father, friend of the bride.

Why, I have already, haven't I?" replied Spooner. "I've asked her to marry me."

Chicago Post: Dick Slobay (joyfully)—Great news! (Sadly)—I can't see it up.

Dick Slobay—Nellie has promised to marry me!

Cousin May—Pshaw! That's no news. She asked me a month ago if I would be her bridesmaid.

Brooklyn Eagle: Mr. Doubleduff (offensively)—I think Miss Simpkins is every bit as good a dressmaker as that expensive Madam Soakney! Why, that waist she made fits you like the tailor on the wall!

Mr. Doubleduff (grimly)—Yes! Like the paper on this dining room wall, that you put on yourself.

HOW TO GET RICH QUICK.

Saturday Evening Post: There is one word of caution that never goes old or stale, because there is a fresh lot of imbeciles coming along every year. The traditional birth rate of the "sucker"—one every minute—has increased to a thousand. In greater droves than ever before the lambs have gone baa-ing and bleating into Wall street during the past twelve months. Oil deals have claimed their thousands, gold holds their tens of thousands and the "get-rich-quick" men the hundreds. Nothing has been so transparent, too flimsy, to catch the crowd of innocents. Every old skin game and a hundred new ones have been worked on and have worked the public.

subtly themselves. Invest in nothing which you have not investigated. First, know the character of the men who make up the company and direct its affairs, and second, the character of the properties from which your profits must come. There is only one way to get rich quick, and that is to get rich slow, to miss big profits and to miss big losses.

WHERE, O WHERE, IS HE?

Oh, where, Oh, where, Who was looking last July For winter and snow? And who was glad it didn't rain?

A good thing when he had it And who was glad it didn't rain?

Warm for aye? The alone, But put up a moan That could be heard a block away Because it was a hot day? What is the now, Amphet?

Is he luxuriating in atmosphere, Breeding his ear And calling for more? And draining a two-quart measure Of pleasure By no doing?

Is he weeping The snow banks For the weather, say? Nay, Nay.

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INDORSED

By the Higgins Fuel Oil company, the largest in the Beaumont field, and by many leading bankers and business men throughout the South.

HIGGINS FUEL OIL CO.

Beaumont, Tex., Dec. 22, 1901.
Mr. W. M. Crook, Asst. Secretary
United States Fuel Oil Co., Beaumont, Texas.

Dear Sir: Enclosed find piping and loading contract, covering use of our terminals at Gladys and in this city, which coupled with the proximity of your property to our pumping station on block 32, Spindletop Heights, will certainly place you in a fine position to do a large and profitable oil business when ready to commence active operations, and you are to be congratulated on securing so favorable a location for wells, and Mr. W. J. Sturm to drill the same for you.

With compliments of the season, we are yours very truly,

HIGGINS FUEL OIL COMPANY,
(Signed.) By Wallace, Gen. Manager,
Beaumont, Tex., Dec. 22, 1901.

What Hon. John T. Dickinson, ex-secretary of the World's Fair and former president of the Chicago Coliseum, says about the United States Fuel Oil company:

Chicago, Dec. 12, 1901.
United States Fuel Oil Co., St. Paul, Minn.

Gentlemen: I have carefully investigated your company through my Texas friends, and believe it to be one of the very best oil investments in the market. Should be pleased to meet your representative here in Chicago with a view of taking a larger interest and associating myself with your board as we formerly talked of. Yours very truly,
(Signed.) JNO. T. DICKINSON.

HIGGINS FUEL OIL CO.

Mr. W. M. Crook, Asst. Secretary
United States Fuel Oil Co., Beaumont, Texas.

Dear Sir: With regard to putting up settling tanks, will state that since you were here the Safety Committee has enjoined us from placing settling tanks upon our property, and, therefore, for the present, until permanent arrangements can be made, we will take your oil into a measuring tank between our pumping station and tank No. 2, which you can connect up with when your well comes in. Yours very truly,
(Signed.)

HIGGINS FUEL OIL COMPANY,
By Wallace, Gen. Manager.

THE CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK OF BEAUMONT.

R. Oliver, President
E. J. Marshall, Vice Pres.
W. J. Murphy, Cashier.
W. T. Campbell, 2nd Vice Pres.
THE CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK OF BEAUMONT.

CAPITAL \$100,000.00
Beaumont, Texas, Dec. 18th, 1901.

LOUIS J. WILDE.

144-146 Endicott Arcade, St. Paul, Minn.
Dear Sir: Your wells are going down very well, so the driller informs me. Mr. Sturm is a very good driller and should bring you in first class wells. I understand he has contracted for three for you. Your property is the best producing territory in the field, and I congratulate you on securing same. Yours truly,
W. T. CAMPBELL.

COLLINS-GANO REALTY CO.

J. J. Collins, C. W. Gano,
COLLINS-GANO REALTY CO.,
Oil Exchange Building,
Oil Wells, Lands and Stocks; Rice, Fruit,
Timber and Ranch Properties.
References: Citizens' National Bank,
Beaumont, Texas, Dec. 27, 1901.

MR. L. J. WILDE.

Dear Sir: We desire to congratulate you and your company (The United States Fuel Oil) upon your recent purchase in block 32, Spindletop Heights. The location of the lots is certainly one of the best on the hill, being entirely surrounded by gutters and fronting on Spindletop avenue, which gives you easy access to either of the railroads or any of the pipe lines leading from the hill to Port Arthur or Sabine Pass. We are thoroughly acquainted with Spindletop hill and do not think a better selection could have been made.

We also believe the arrangements made by you with a strong pipe line company to handle your oil from the well to the railroads, will prove very advantageous, and relieve you of much annoyance and expense which would of necessity be incurred were you to build your own pipe lines and tanks and purchase tank ground, right of way, etc. The driller selected by you to sink three wells for your company we know to be reliable, experienced and capable, and you should in a short time be the owner of wells equal to any in the field. Very truly,
CGW COLLINS-GANO REALTY CO.

R. C. GRAY & CO., Real Estate and Loan,

Houston, Tex.

Houston, Texas, Dec. 18th, 1901.

MR. JAMES T. MANNING, Secy.,

United States Fuel Oil Co.,

St. Paul, Minn.

Dear Sir: We know of no company in the field which offers such bona fide inducements to shareholders as your new company. With its sure wells and small capitalization it is a certainty that its stockholders' money is being expended in actual developments, and it is not going into the pockets of promoters. We cheerfully recommend it to our friends.

Yours truly,

R. C. GRAY & CO.

TEXAS SUBSCRIBER KNOWS BEST.

Established 1884.

FRANK DUNN, BROKER and CO.

LATERAL BANKER.

Operating Capital, \$250,000.

1010 Congress Ave., Near Main St.

Houston, Texas, Dec. 14th, 1901.

United States Fuel Oil Co., St. Paul, Minn.

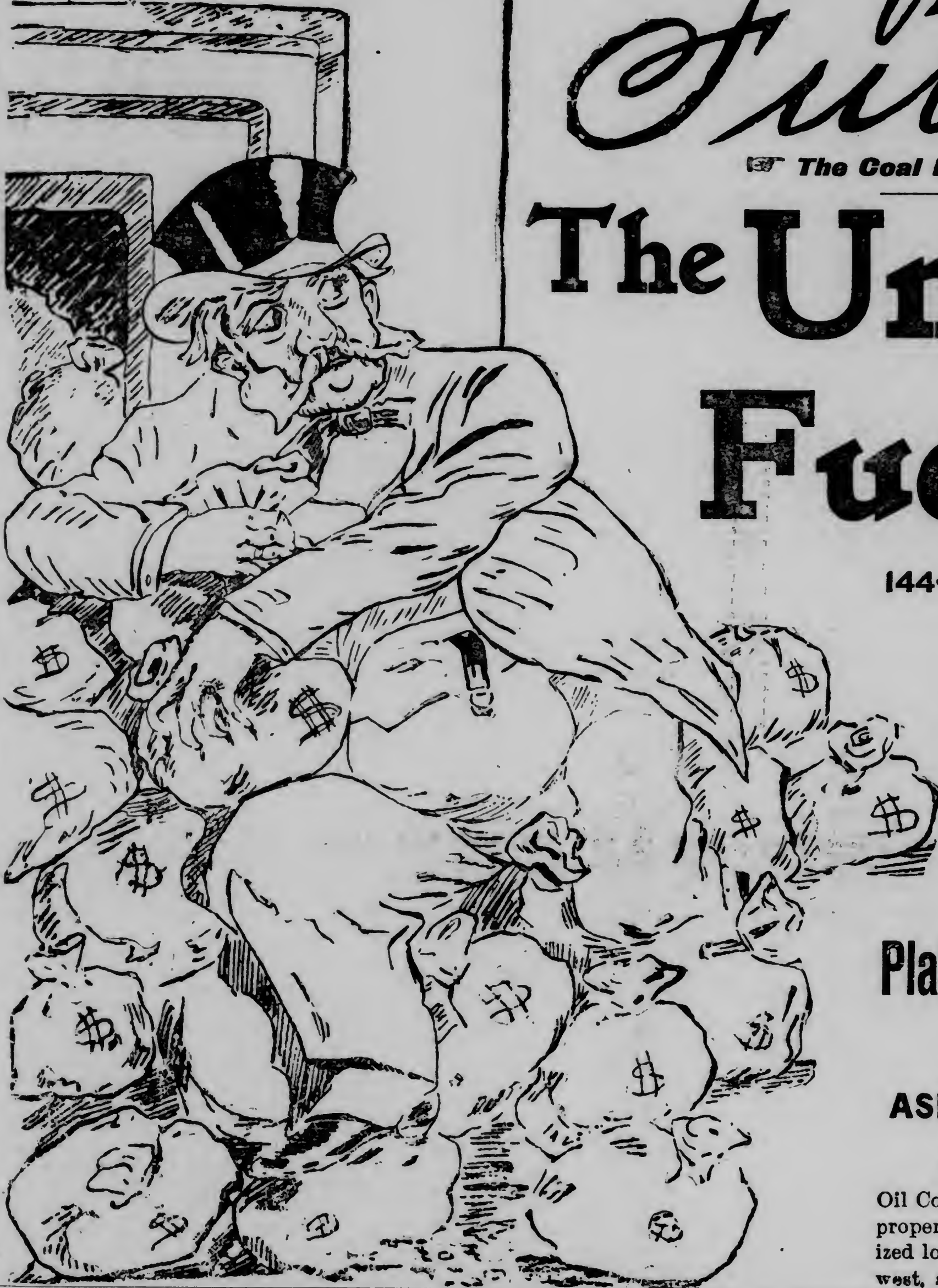
Gentlemen: I have looked into your proposition thoroughly, and have decided to purchase five thousand (\$5000) shares at \$25 per share, being non-assessable, fully paid, I see no reason, with the consideration of your able management, and with your holdings and contracts, which place facilities, why you cannot make money for your shareholders as well as for yourself.

Your company appeals to me as the best thing in the field, on account of its vast capitalization and valuable holdings in the actual, proven oil field.

I also like the manner in which you are going ahead and getting your company to the front.

I have spoken to several friends, whom you will hear from shortly. They may not take a great deal of stock, but will buy some; you know everybody here is loaded up on oil stock. Yours truly,

FRANK DUNN.

THE COAL TRUST**Old History Repeated.**

Coal companies have heaped up millions for stockholders in the past quarter of a century. This vast accumulation of wealth is an insignificant amount compared to the enormous profits and revenues hereafter to be paid out by well located, reliable oil companies. People who invest now little dream of the profit in store for them by reason of some small investment made in an anti-trust oil company which has kept down its capitalization to \$300,000 from start to finish, and made the progress that has amazed its followers. To all the facts given by the Associated Press and the united publications of distinguished writers, the endorsement of great railroads, manufacturers and steamship companies, "to all these facts he is a fool who will not yield."

You can buy stock in the United States Fuel Oil Company (the best oil proposition that ever entered competition with a coal combine) at 10 cents per share. It may multiply its value so much that simply figures dare not compute.

It is a question of cheaper fuel; it has been found; the great manufacturing industries, ocean steamers and principal railroads are now changing from coal to Texas crude oil. The future of a strong producing oil company holds in its hand the fortune of thousands of people. Have you ever thought about the great future of this fuel oil proposition?

Narrow minds laugh and mock and hesitate at new things, but the great world of progress moves steadily on, and these poor souls are trampled underneath. The people who have followed the new ways have prospered and enjoyed comfortable surroundings; their families have had plenty of the good things of life; the old fogies who are still burning tallow candles and believe in nothing but following an old rut and wiping their nose on their coat sleeve will continue on, ragged as Methusalem's old goat's tail, and if dollars grew on trees, like apples, their ambition would not be roused enough to shake the tree when the fruit was ripe. Any man should be ashamed of himself to be without money those glorious times when opportunity to make any amount of money knocks make up their minds to advance in the channel of progress until they are astonished how gray they are growing, how poor they are, and how poor they always have been; "time and tide wait for no man;" "the tide in the affairs of your life is here now; that tide is passing you; you are advised of it; will you ride on the crest of the wave or wallow in the hollow of despair, working along trying to make both ends meet, cursing the day you were born for being so utterly incapable. Did you ever stop and think it over, why some have money and others never have any? Simply this: Some men make prudent investments on their own judgment, combining their small capital with others in a clean-cut new thing like a staple article, something that everybody must have. Coming in a corporation when it starts up and then help it along; very soon it will help you along. You can never make a dollar by an idle dollar, it must work and each dollar is capable of bringing you in something if you secure it the right position and start it out right. There is a luxurious position offered small investments in the only independent anti-trust oil company in the Northwest. The United States Fuel Oil Company will have more oil and better shipping facilities than any one company heretofore advertised, and the advantage offered your money in this proposition is one that must appeal to you as being the opportunity of your life that you have longed for. The United States Fuel Oil Company own property in fee, in the heart of Spindletop, the cream of High Island, Alvin, Sour Lake, Liberty county, and every oil-bearing location in Texas; it is vigorously at work putting down wells in its Spindletop property, and not a day passes in idleness.

Speak Well of Those Who Mean Well.

The successful man has many enemies, and a successful corporation as well. The United States Fuel Oil Company has its enemies by reason of its phenomenal record and progressive nature, and its reputation or style about it. The stock of the United States Fuel Oil Company is by far the best oil proposition that ever has been in the field. You know about it; ask anybody that knows a thing or two.

Oil is the Fuel of the Future

The Coal Baron Reads the Handwriting on the Wall.

The United States Fuel Oil Co.

144-146 Endicott Building, St. Paul, Minnesota.

Minnesota's most aggressive and industrious enterprise, now the leading Oil company in the great Northwest.

CAPITALIZED AT \$300,000

NOT A MILLION OR TWO MILLION.
NOT A TEN COMPANY MERGER IN SIGHT.
NOT HANDICAPPED BY THE DEADWEIGHT OF CARRYING PURCHASED REPUTATION.

Plain LOUIS J. WILDE, President.
Plain JAMES T. MANNING, Secretary.
ASK NO FAVORS OF ANY MAN, BUT FAIRNESS.

The independent anti-trust oil company of the Northwest, the United States Fuel Oil Company of St. Paul, a company selling stock for business purposes to develop its property, working the field hand-in-hand with the shareholder; stock sold low; capitalized low; expenses low. The company started to better the fuel conditions of the Northwest, and selling its stock on honor.

Comparison with any other company is positively absurd. The company is offering that portion of its treasury stock allotted to development and construction work at the exceedingly low figure of 10 cents per share; every share guaranteed fully paid and non-assessable; no less than 100 shares issued.

\$ 25 buys.....	250 shares
50 buys.....	500 shares
100 buys.....	1000 shares

\$225 Buys 2500 Shares. Special Cash Offer.

SPECIAL OFFER UNTIL JAN. 15.

To every single cash subscription of \$2500 shares and over sent to this office on or before January 15, a discount of 10 per cent will be allowed. These are the best terms obtainable, and only offered until this day and date.

Address all communications, and send all remittances, to the UNITED STATES FUEL OIL COMPANY, 144-146 Endicott Building, Saint Paul, Minnesota.

<p>THE DULUTH EVENING HERALD</p> <p>Guaranteed Non-Assessable</p>	<p>In filling out this application, write your address in full and plain.</p> <p>APPLICATION.</p> <p>I hereby subscribe for.....Shares, full paid and non-assessable, of the Treasury Stock of the UNITED STATES FUEL OIL COMPANY at TEN (10) Cents per share, in payment of which I enclose Check (Draft or Money Order) for \$.....</p> <p>Make Checks, Drafts or Money Orders Payable to United States Fuel Oil Co., 144-146 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul, Minnesota, U. S. A.</p>	<p>* JANUARY 4th * 1902.</p> <p>Blank for Your Shares</p> <p>Make Certificate to..... Write Name in Full.</p> <p>Street and Number.....</p> <p>City or Town and State.....</p>
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CUT THIS OUT AND SEND WITH YOUR REMITTANCE.

ONE OF THE BEST INVESTMENTS IN THE WORLD —DULUTH REAL ESTATE.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

SPECIAL OFFERING

Of the 5 per cent Gold Bonds of the Crookston Water Works
Power and Light Company, of Crookston, Minn.

These bonds are an especially sound security owing to the fact that the electricity used for light and power is generated by water power. The net earnings of the property securing these bonds is more than three times the interest upon the bonds.

Personal interviews or correspondence invited.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO., First Floor,
Lonsdale Building.

SNAPS! SNAPS!

\$1650—House and lot—heart of city.

\$800—Corner 65x77, 28th Ave. west—City water, street graded, sidewalks.

FOR RENT—Office—417 Lonsdale; \$10 per month.

T. W. WAHL & CO.,

Phone 439. Residence Phone 1100.

Snap In Helm's Addition.
40x100 feet—good level lot—
\$250 Cash.

N. J. Upham Co.

400 Burrows Bldg.

We Buy and Sell Municipal,
County and School Bonds.

We have Money to Loan
on Real Estate at the
Lowest Current Rates.

If you have any money for investment,
it will pay you to see us.

Pulford, How & Co.,
Investment Bankers,
100 Trust Company Building.

Very Cheap Indeed
Six-room modern house with stone
foundation, lot 50x100 feet. Price only
\$2500, one-third cash. At Lester Park.
For sale by

GEO. H. CROSBY.

FOR SALE.

I have for sale the largest exclusive
list of desirable city property, both im-
proved and unimproved.

R. M. NEWPORT, 302 Lonsdale Bldg.

A Hotel in the West End,
paying 10 per cent net,
for sale for

\$3,300.

R. B. KNOX & CO
1 Exchange Building.

FOR RENT

223 West Superior Street, 4-room flat,
city water. \$12.00.

Second floor 2nd West Third Street,
5 rooms, city water. \$10.50.

220 West Second Street, seven rooms.
\$12.50.

218 Fourth Avenue West, modern conven-
iences, per month, \$25.00.

Mendenhall & Hoopes

208 First National Bank Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

HOUSES, LOTS, LANDS AND STOCKS.
CALUMET AND ARIZONA.
Copper Queen's annual profit \$3,000,000.
Calumet & Arizona joins Copper Queen.
Calumet's multi shaft 1000 foot deep.
Calumet has two miles of lode.
Calumet will have smelters soon. Calumet
ore averages 8 per cent smaller run.
For sale by Wm. Kaiser, 104 Palladium
Bldg., Old phone 82-2. New phone 22.

Big Snap in Acres

320 acres of good land near the city, on
good roads, will be sold at a sacrifice.

GEO. H. CROSBY,

106-7-8 Providence Building.

CRACKERJACKS!

\$1650—House and lot—heart of city.
\$800—Corner 65x77—28th Avenue west—City
water—street graded, sidewalks.

T. W. WAHL & CO.

Phone 439. 201 Exchange.

GOOD LANDS!

near Duluth will surely advance. I have
them at low prices.

George Rupley, 523 Board of
Trade.

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ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

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400 Burrows Bldg.

We Buy and Sell Municipal,
County and School Bonds.

We have Money to Loan
on Real Estate at the
Lowest Current Rates.

If you have any money for investment,
it will pay you to see us.

Pulford, How & Co.,
Investment Bankers,
100 Trust Company Building.

Very Cheap Indeed
Six-room modern house with stone
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George Rupley, 523 Board of
Trade.

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ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

Two Absolute Snaps.

\$600 Will buy lot 10, block 52, Endion
division. Look this up and make
us an offer.

\$2500 Will buy lot seven-room
house and lot on Ninth Avenue
west. Small amount of cash will handle
it; balance in monthly payments.

C. P. ORAID & CO.,
104 Herald Building.
Real Estate, First Mortgage Loans and Fire
Insurance.

Residence Lots,

Business Properties,
Dock Frontage and Acres
For Sale or Lease. All good values.
A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers,
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—FARM LANDS.

ONE OF THE VERY BEST SECTIONS
of land in Carlton county is for sale
at 35 per acre. No other land around it
can be bought for less than \$20 per
acre. First class soil. No stone. Fine
creek runs through. Only two and one-
half miles from railroad. Would make
fine stock farm. Terms \$2 per acre cash,
balance \$1 per acre per year at 6 per
cent. B. C. Church, 318 Board of Trade.

40-ACRE TRACTS IN CARLTON COUNTY.
Good soil, easily cleared, and in well
settled neighborhood. \$20 per acre, easy
terms. For sale by B. C. Church, 318
Board of Trade.

EIGHTY ACRES LOCATED RIGHT ON
Northern Pacific railroad, ten miles
southwest of Superior. Also on military
road. This is good soil, lays level, and
very easily cleared. \$10 per acre, half
cash, balance long time at 6 per cent.
B. C. Church, 318 Board of Trade.

Look these up before the holiday rush.
\$1000—2000—\$2000—\$2000—\$2000—
\$2000—\$2000—\$2000—\$2000—
T. G. VAUGHAN, 401 Lonsdale Bldg.

HERBAQUEEN SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISON-
ing trouble. 319 First Avenue East.

PERSONAL.

LADIES—\$50 REWARD FOR A CASE OF
obstinate depression, any cause, my
monthly regulator, pills, water, etc.
Harmless; vegetable; safe; sure. How
long, neglected. Dr. H. C. R. Co.,
R. 29, 107 Dearborn, Chicago.

HEIRLESS—ONLY 22 WITH \$100,000 OF
coal mines, timber lands, plantations
and money, with husband's manage-
ment and protection at once. Sure,
Drawer H. C. R. Co., 107 Dearborn, Chicago.

LADIES—OUR HARMLESS REMEDY
for delayed or suppressed period, can
not fail; trial free, Paris Chemical Co.,
Milwaukee, Wis.

YOUNG MAN WANTS ROOMMATE.
Address H. C. R. Co., 107 Dearborn, Chicago.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. S. SUTTON, 105 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—AS PARTNER, MAN OF
means with experience in the meat or
grocery business. Address Box 256, city.

SATIN-SKIN SPECIALTIES.

DON'T YOU BELIEVE THERE'S ANY-
thing as good as Salin-Skin Cream and
Powder? It's not true.

BEST FOR YOU BECAUSE BEST
made. Salin-Skin Cream and Powder.

LOST.

ANY ONE LOST OR FOUND A RED
dog, with white collar, white tag, call
622 Garfield Avenue.

LOST—COAT AND THREE PAIRS OF
mittens and pair of overalls and jacket.
Finder please return to Stone-Ordean
company.

LOST—LADY'S GOLD WATCH, HUN-
ting case, on Interstate car or Fifth Ave-
nue west, between Superior Street and
Stone & Ordean's. Finder leave at
Herald office, Howard.

LOST—ON SUPERIOR STREET, FRI-
day, between Fifteenth Avenue East and
Second Avenue West, small gold ring.
Return to 418 East Second Street. Re-
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HOTELS.

THE COMMERCIAL Segal & Witt,
28 Lake Avenue South.
Room and Board, \$4.00 per week.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. MCGILVERAY, 209 FIRST
NATIONAL BLDG. Plans and specifications
prepared and construction superintend-
ed for water supply, sewerage, etc.

PICTURE FRAMING.

GET YOUR PICTURES AND PICTURE
frames at Hoffman's, 21 East Superior
street.

TYPEWRITER FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—NEW TYPEWRITER,
cheap, room 105 Manhattan building.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 209 ST. CROIX
AVENUE. Private hospital. Phone 762.

MRS. HANSON, female complaints. Private
residence 413 7th Ave. E. Phone 1226.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

Two Absolute Snaps.

\$600 Will buy lot 10, block 52, Endion
division. Look this up and make
us an offer.

\$2500 Will buy lot seven-room
house and lot on Ninth Avenue
west. Small amount of cash will handle
it; balance in monthly payments.

C. P. ORAID & CO.,
104 Herald Building.
Real Estate, First Mortgage Loans and Fire
Insurance.

Residence Lots,

Business Properties,
Dock Frontage and Acres
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ONE OF THE VERY BEST SECTIONS
of land in Carlton county is for sale
at 35 per acre

SATURDAY, JANUARY 4, 1920.

THE COPIER Year Opened Under Flat- tering Auspices. It Ended In Uncertainty and Depression.

(Copyright, 1920, by Horace J. Stevens.)
The year 1919 was a year of great activity in the Lake Superior copper industry. The year 1920 opened under the most flattering auspices, but it ended in uncertainty and depression. The industry was surrounded by uncertainties, the history of the past and the development and activities of the present-day mines gave assurance that the future was bright. The industry was surrounded by uncertainties, the history of the past and the development and activities of the present-day mines gave assurance that the future was bright. The industry was surrounded by uncertainties, the history of the past and the development and activities of the present-day mines gave assurance that the future was bright.

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Scenes in the Philippines

The accompanying illustrations are of familiar scenes in the Philippine islands, and are taken from photographs forwarded by John N. Currie, formerly of Duluth, who is now located at Loag, province of Ilocos Norte. Mr. Currie enlisted in the Thirty-fourth regiment, U. S. V. and when the civil government was established in Ilocos Norte he was made treasurer of the province, a position which he still holds.



THE NATIONAL SPORT—COCK FIGHTING.



FILIPINO RIDING A WATER BUFFALO.

BUSINESS.
Bradstreet's Weekly Review of Conditions of Trade.

New York, Jan. 4.—Bradstreet's says: Satisfaction in the old and confidence in the new year are dominant features in the industrial and commercial situation. The year 1919 was a year of great activity in the Lake Superior copper industry. The year 1920 opened under the most flattering auspices, but it ended in uncertainty and depression.

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IRON ORE BUSINESS Ore Trade of the Lake Superior Ranges. Past Season Marked By Largest Output.

(Copyrighted, 1920, by Horace J. Stevens.)
Ishpeming, Mich., Jan. 4.—The season of 1919 was marked by the largest ore output ever secured from the iron mines of Lake Superior, and although there have been seasons in the past when the prices of ore have been much higher, and also periods when wages of miners have been larger, it is safe to say that there never has been a year previous to 1919 when the general average of prosperity for mine-owners and employees was greater. Wages have averaged high, even though not the highest on record, and employment has been easy to find, with steady work given practically every man who wanted it, and more men have been engaged in the mining of the year's product than were ever before employed. Not only has the season been a prosperous one for all engaged in the industry, but the outlook for 1920 could scarcely be better. The furnaces and steel mills are sold so far ahead that the demand for iron is assured, and while prices have not yet been fixed, it is certain that there will not be any great difference from the figures that ruled last season.

The history of iron mining in the Lake Superior district, now much the most important source of the world's supply of the most useful of all metals, is a comparatively brief one. Iron was first discovered under the name of hematite, in 1844. The opening of a few shallow mines, worked by hand, and the establishment of a few rude bloomeries and furnaces, served the purpose of keeping the infant industry alive, even though scarcely in a prosperous condition, until the completion of the canal at Sault Ste. Marie, in 1854, permitted the Lake Superior mines to ship direct to Lake Erie furnaces without the tedious and costly portage around the rapids of St. Marie's river, that had previously operated as an effective barrier to the establishment of an ore shipping industry of importance.

Of the lumpier ores of the region, the growth of the iron mining industry was rapid. The truly remarkable nature of this growth is best shown by the following table, giving annual shipments every fifth year, starting with 1854, the year of the opening of navigation from Lake Superior to lower lake ports:

Year.	Gross Tons.
1854	6,822
1859	10,735
1864	17,073
1869	27,934
1874	43,945
1879	70,363
1884	112,451
1889	174,712
1894	272,243
1899	439,243
1904	682,243
1909	1,073,500
1914	1,707,300
1919	2,793,400

As will be noted, the output for 1919 was almost three times as great as in the comparatively recent year of 1884. For some years past the output of iron ore by Lake Superior mines has been practically the same as the gross output of the entire United States. The production of ore last year was greater in amount than the total of all iron ore produced by all the iron mines of Lake Superior from the first discovery of the district in 1844 until the close of the year 1882, and the district is now producing about tenfold as much ore as was being mined and shipped twenty years ago.

The first iron mines in the Lake Superior district were opened near Ishpeming, in Marquette county, Mich., and the Marquette range had a monopoly of ore production until 1877, when the first shipments were made from the pioneer mines of the Menominee range. In 1844 both the Vermilion and Gogebic ranges made their first production, and in 1852 the Mesaba range began shipping, sending out a single cargo late in November of that year. The Marquette range is wholly in Michigan; the Menominee and Gogebic ranges are mainly in Michigan, but with a few mines across the state line, in Wisconsin and the Vermilion and Mesaba ranges are entirely within the state of Minnesota.

In 1900 a sixth range was born to the Lake Superior district, this being the Michipicoten, located on the northern shore of the lake, in the district of Algoma, province of Ontario, Canada. There is a seventh range, also in Canada, this being the Attikokan, north of the western end of the lake, where promising iron deposits have been located, none of which have been developed as yet, owing to lack of transportation facilities. Iron ore is such a bulky commodity, and sells at such a low figure, that only mines having large ore bodies and blessed with the best of ore transportation facilities can hope to make the business of mining a profitable one.

The ore shipments for the season of 1919 have been as follows, the products of the previous year being given in the second column, and the figures in parentheses all figures of shipments being in gross tons:

Range.	1919.	1918.	Increase.
Mesaba	3,064,347	2,809,332	1,194,512
Marquette	3,064,347	2,809,332	3,481,232
Menominee	3,064,347	2,809,332	2,241,231
Gogebic	3,064,347	2,809,332	1,653,829
Vermilion	3,064,347	2,809,332	130,123
Total	15,899,543	15,603,313	167,560
Grand totals	26,125,243	19,121,893	

As will be noted from the foregoing table, the Mesaba made a great advance in output in 1919, while the Gogebic and Vermilion ranges scored small gains, and both the Marquette and Menominee ranges lost ground, the Marquette range falling behind 1918, 1919, 1920, 1921, 1922, 1923, 1924, 1925, 1926, 1927, 1928, 1929, 1930, 1931, 1932, 1933, 1934, 1935, 1936, 1937, 1938, 1939, 1940, 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, 1946, 1947, 1948, 1949, 1950, 1951, 1952, 1953, 1954, 1955, 1956, 1957, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962, 1963, 1964, 1965, 1966, 1967, 1968, 1969, 1970, 1971, 1972, 1973, 1974, 1975, 1976, 1977, 1978, 1979, 1980, 1981, 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 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Historical Sketches

Of the Dutch Occupation In South Africa for Over Two Centuries.

The Events Leading Up to the War Begun In 1899 Between the Boers and the British.

The events which led up to the present war in South Africa, better known as the Boer war, which for over two years has engrossed the attention of the whole civilized world, which today is not only armed at, but administers the staidest bravest of these young republics, for the almost unheard-of struggle against odds of five to one, calls for some historical facts, which in the light of adverse argument, may be of interest to those unfamiliar with this great issue.

As early as the year 1652 a Dutch settlement was formed in South Africa, which for many years made small advancement, its new people devoting more attention to trading than to the art of civilization. The government, which produced a restless condition among its inhabitants, in the year 1814 England paid the Dutch £16,000,000 sterling for the country, from which time some English settlers began to come in, but they did not keep pace with the natural increase of the Dutch, both being Protestant nations, and quite natural that they would exist on good terms, but for the fact that England insisted on the use of the English language to the exclusion of the Dutch, they would have had little cause for dissatisfaction. The final abolition of slavery was a benefit, but the inadequate allotment to South African slaveholders, much of which was paid to them, being payable in London, together with other grievances, decided about 1800, of the Dutch Republic, which is commonly known as the great trek of 1800, into a new country mostly inhabited by Kaffir tribes, who were finally subdued.

This great trek has, apparently, been the source of subsequent trouble between the English and the Dutch, the latter thinking that they were forced from their old homes by injustice perpetrated by England, though at the time the British government offered no more than to register the rights of the Dutch, but to follow them into the interior because they considered the country not worth the trouble. The British, however, still considered them as subjects, they not having become subjects of any nation, and they trekked out they thereby renounced allegiance to the British crown, and on April 1852, when the Sand River convention was entered into with the Boers, there had been no such thing as a treaty between the British and the Boers.

By this convention the Boers beyond the Vaal river were permitted to manage their own affairs without British interference. Subsequently, in 1854 another convention was entered into, in which the Boers were permitted to manage their own affairs without British interference. Subsequently, in 1854 another convention was entered into, in which the Boers were permitted to manage their own affairs without British interference.

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AFTER GRIPPE

Vinol Will Restore Strength and Appetite Quickly.

Take It To Prevent The Grippe.

The grippe is a disease which seems to become more prevalent every year. It becomes almost a habit. Those who have had it once can scarcely get through the following winter without having it again, sometimes twice.

Everyone should keep their systems toned up. Fortify the human citadel so that it will be impregnable to the onslaughts of this most distressing of all malades.

There is nothing that will keep you in condition and help better to ward off diseases than Vinol. There are many people who have taken Vinol simply as a preventative and have proved conclusively that by keeping themselves in good condition they escaped the grippe.

We can tell those who have had the grippe what to take to help them through their speedy recovery. It is this same Vinol. Take it when you first have the grippe. It will not go so hard with you. Your recovery will be quicker, and when you are able to be out, you will not suffer from those terrible after effects that make this disease so dangerous.

Remember that Vinol is strengthening, flesh creating and an arrestor of all wasting diseases.

"I bought a bottle of Vinol for my wife and two children who were suffering from the after effects of grippe. They had taken several remedies without doing them any good. The effect of the medicine was so marked that I bought another bottle which made a complete cure, and restored my wife and children to perfect health."

N. B. BOWSER, travelling agent for the Vinol Mutual Life Insurance Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Our good opinion of Vinol increases every day. Our faith in it is unbounded. To prove to you that it is unbounded, we will gladly refund its cost if you do not find it is every-thing we claim it to be.

S. F. BOYCE

DRUGGIST.

ernment, but on the part of some of its friends, was that to grant this request would be to commit violence upon the British who have been persecuted, President Kruger merely punished them with fines and imprisonment, putting the British in the position of a conqueror.

It is rather difficult to persuade a man like President Kruger that it would be desirable for him to surrender his arms and without doing the war which broke out in the fall of 1899. Any government which has so narrowly escaped destruction as was the Transvaal, should be very cautious in its policy.

No condemnation of such an outrageous plot is sufficient to brand the infamy of this undertaking. The nation was taken up by the home government and investigated at length, but at last a season to conciliate the offended Boers was deemed necessary. Justice had on so many previous occasions been mortally wounded.

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NEW YEAR PRESENT

Superintendent Denfeld Re-Elected For a Three Year Term.

One Year Longer Than Has Heretofore Been Customary.

Bill of H. A. Hall & Co. Is Compromised For Smaller Amount.

The board of education held a meeting last night at which some important business was transacted. The meeting did not last so late as usual.

Robert E. Denfeld, superintendent of schools, was not only re-elected to the position he has held for many years, but his term was extended from two years to three years.

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WEAK MEN

Prof. Jules Laborde's Wonderful French Preparation of "CALTHOS" Restores Lost Manhood at All Ages—from 20 to 80 Years.

FIVE (5) DAYS' TRIAL TREATMENT ABSOLUTELY FREE BY SEALED MAIL.

BE A REAL MAN. Not a feeble imitation. It is as easy to be manly as to be a feeble, unmanly wreck. And for a young or old man who, through neglect, continues to suffer from Lost Manhood or Varicocele, there is not the shadow of an excuse. Sexual Weakness does not cure itself. It grows rapidly worse from week to week. It makes no difference what caused your weakness—bad habits in youth, excess, overwork, or business troubles—

the marvelous French remedy, will cure and restore you, and failure on your part to be a real man is incurable.

Prof. Laborde, through The Von Mohl Co., one of the largest, richest and most responsible firms in the United States, invites all sufferers from Lost Manhood, Spermatorrhea, Varicocele, Small Parts or weakness of any nature in the nerves or sexual organs to give "CALTHOS" five days' trial free of charge. The five days' free treatment will be sent to you in a sealed package. Full instructions will accompany the contents. Full instructions will accompany the contents. Full instructions will accompany the contents.

Send the coupon for your organs, re- newed in your muscles, the exhilaration of new blood in your veins and steeper strength to your nerves.

All correspondence relating to the CALTHOS remedy should be sent to The Von Mohl Co., 683 B. Cincinnati, O. Do not send it to the agent, as it is kept separate and distinct from their general business. Do not delay. Each day's delay is a day's more suffering. Address applications for trial treatment, etc., to:

THE VON MOHL COMPANY, 683 B. Cincinnati, O.

tion of the town gathered to see the whipping.

As they attempted to enter Driscoll's office the young woman and the officers were confronted with two revolvers which Driscoll pointed. Driscoll said he would not be taken alive. Intense excitement prevails, while he remains behind barricaded doors. Miss Miller alleges that he wrote her an insulting letter.

Driscoll was finally persuaded to come out on the street, after being assured that Miss Miller would be satisfied with a public apology. Surrounded by an angry mob of citizens, he apologized to the young lady for writing the insulting letter.

The object of the mob's derision was then given twenty days in which to close up his business and leave the community.

ANARCHY

Alone Was Responsible For the Deed of Czolgosz.

New York, Jan. 4.—An exhaustive report on the trial, execution, autopsy and mental status of Czolgosz, the assassin of President McKinley, is given in the New York Medical Journal for Jan. 4.

The report embodies the result of much careful investigation by Dr. Carlos MacDonald and Edward A. Soltzka, of this city. The question which the medical science the question that framed itself was, "Was Czolgosz, at the time he committed the act, a victim of mental disease or mental unsoundness?"

The reply to these questions, which embody the entire history of the case from the trial of the criminal to his execution and the disposal of his remains, taken up nearly two hundred pages of the Medical Journal, and, divested of all technicalities, is to the effect that Czolgosz was sane and sane to the end of his life.

Dr. MacDonald explains that "the anarchist crime of the case from the trial of the criminal to his execution and the disposal of his remains, taken up nearly two hundred pages of the Medical Journal, and, divested of all technicalities, is to the effect that Czolgosz was sane and sane to the end of his life."

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WITH THE FIGHTERS

History of the Prize Ring in the United States.

Hyar Was the First Simon Pure Champion in This Country—Sullivan, Corbett, Fitzsimmons and Jeffries.

The United States of America fulfilled all the requirements of national greatness in pugilism during the first century of its existence as a nation. Its general love for the art of self-defense and its unshakable confidence in everything pertaining to the sport places it today on a par with the world's pugilistic ladder. That, however, may not be considered a credit to a nation, but the fact that the United States forged ahead of England, the nation which ruled the pugilistic world before the new nation was born, is something to boast of.

True-fighting, or, to use a milder term, the art of self-defense, was first introduced in England about 1804 by Mr. Fitz, native of Oxfordshire, and, being the father of one sport, he retained the title until he retired in 1812. Tom Cribb became champion in 1829. In the following year, Molineux the Black, a native of New York, arrived in England and fought Cribb twice for the title, meeting defeat on both occasions. Molineux is also a first American prize fighter. The first pugilistic battle was started between Liverpool and New York, which naturally brought British and American pugilists together in impromptu fights.

The first fight in America at which some attention was made at uniform rules was in 1815, and was between Jacob Hyar and Tom Cribb. Both were large and powerful, but as neither was familiar with the science of the game, the fight resolved itself into a rough and tumble affair. Hyar broke both arms of the fight was declared a draw, mutual friends intervening. Although the fight was a common quarrel, it was much talked about among men of a pugilistic turn of mind.

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In 1821 Linnford defeated Bill Hatfield in thirty-seven rounds and it was the first fight in which any attention was paid to the number of rounds fought. Hatfield and George Kennett, Englishmen, arrived in this country about 1820. The first fight in America at which some attention was made at uniform rules was in 1815, and was between Jacob Hyar and Tom Cribb. Both were large and powerful, but as neither was familiar with the science of the game, the fight resolved itself into a rough and tumble affair. Hyar broke both arms of the fight was declared a draw, mutual friends intervening. Although the fight was a common quarrel, it was much talked about among men of a pugilistic turn of mind.

In 1828 William Fuller beat Bill Madison on a four-day going down without being struck. Three years later Jim Sullivan, nicknamed the "American Prometheus," was defeated by Andy McClellan in fifty-four rounds. McClellan was a Philadelphia, and his townsmen dubbed him with the name of "The Irish and English being bitter."

"Yankee" Sullivan's arrival in 1841 caused quite a commotion. On April 12, on Sept. 2 of that year he easily defeated Vincent Hammon, a San Francisco pugilist, who was known as "Country McClellan." In 1842, Sullivan defeated Tom Cribb and Professor Bell in 1842, but the most important fight of the year was between Chris Layne and Sullivan. Sullivan battled 120 rounds, and McClellan died before he could be removed from the ring. The first death in American pugilism, Chris Layne, was killed by Sullivan on Jan. 12, 1842, after a fight of 120 rounds. Sullivan was the victor, and he weighed 150 pounds.

Hyar's victory gave America her first Simon pure champion. The gold fever was at its height in California at this time, and Hyar, George Thompson, and John Morrissey went to San Francisco. Hyar retired and came back East, and George Thompson went to San Francisco. Willis fought for the championship and \$200 a side. Thompson won, but was injured by Morrissey, and lost on a foul on Aug. 31, 1852. Morrissey followed Hyar to New York and fought him, but the latter said he could not afford to fight for long time, and he found nothing came of it. Morrissey and Sullivan were matched for Boston Four Corners on Oct. 12, 1852, and was won by Morrissey. Sullivan had Morrissey beaten, but foolishly engaged in a free fight outside of the ring and did not heed the call of time.

Barney Aaron, Tom Davis, Jimmy Trainor, Jim and Tom Parker, and a number of other English pugilists arrived in America. Morrissey bantered Hyar into a match in June, 1854, and they arranged to have it out on Oct. 10. Bill Hyde took up the gauntlet in behalf of Hyar, and fought Morrissey in a rough-and-tumble fight at the foot of Anus street, North Hyar, at 6 a. m. on July 22. Morrissey and Hyar met on Oct. 20, as agreed, with a few friends, and as Hyar produced proof for two, the affair fell through. The years 1854-55 were years of strife for the fighters. Contests between good, bad, and indifferent "pugs" for stakes of from \$2 to \$100 a side took place in all parts of this country and Canada. On May 31, 1856, "Yankee" Sullivan was found dead in his cell in San Francisco, where he had been confined by the California vigilance committee.

In 1859 Heenan challenged all America without receiving a reply. On April 12, 1860, he fought his international battle with Tom Sullivan, who was in six rounds in a row. On July 11 Heenan received a telegram from Sullivan, who was in six rounds in a row. On March 22, 1862, Heenan and his brother James sailed for England, where the following year Heenan was defeated by Tom King. On May 8, 1861, Joe Corbett defeated Mike McCoy for the heavy-

SLOT MACHINES

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Write for our catalogue.
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11 to 23 South Jefferson Street.

weight championship and \$1000 a side in sixty-seven rounds, time, one hour and ten minutes. On May 11 Jimmy Elliott, who was killed by Joe Dunn in this city, lost to Jim Dunn on a foul. On May 13 Joe Corbett challenged any man in America for \$1000 or \$2000 a side. On May 19 O'Connell and Con Oram fought. Oram beat O'Connell on a foul, but the latter's friends placed guns at the referee's head and threatened to kill him if he did not give O'Connell the fight on a foul. O'Connell won and the referee lived.

On Aug. 2, 1865, Harry Lawson, a well known featherweight, was murdered by Barney Barry. On May 15 Jim Dunn defeated Bill Davis for \$2000 a side in forty-three rounds. On June 4 Jimmy Elliott defeated Bill Davis in thirty-four rounds for \$1000 a side and the heavy-weight championship belt, which has been preserved to Mike. On June 15, 1867, Sam Collier, light-weight champion, defeated Johnny McClellan in forty-seven rounds, time, 55 minutes.

March 11 Tom Cribb fought a battle with Billy Parkinson in one round; time, 2 minutes. The shortest fight on record up to the time, April 13, Tom Chandler defeated "Dooney" Harris for the middle-weight championship and \$500. The latter took place at Point Isabel, Cal., and lasted twenty-three rounds. But Barney Aaron won the light-weight championship from Sam Collier at Anula Creek, Va. In sixty-seven rounds, stake, \$1000. Aug. 31 Mike McCoy defeated Aaron Jones at Pleasanton, Calif. In thirty-four rounds, stake, \$2000. Nov. 27 Sam Collier defeated Billy Kelly for the light-weight championship and \$1000 a side in 111 rounds, time, 1 hour and 50 minutes. Barney Aaron forfeited the title to Collier after their last battle.

The first important battle in the year 1868 was between Dick Hollywood and John C. Sullivan for the middle-weight featherweight championship. Keating broke his arm in the second round, but fought the third, when his second knocked up the sponge. May 27 Joe Corbett and Mike McCoy fought for the middle-weight championship and \$5000 a side at Crook Spring Station, Ind. Corbett was arrested two days from the ring and McCoy claimed the stake. It ended in a draw. On June 15, 1868, Sullivan won the light-weight championship to Billy Edwards in forty-four rounds.

On Oct. 29 Ned O'Hallinan and Joe Worrell fought for the championship of the world and \$2000 at Lynnfield, Mass. The police interfered and arrested the principals during the progress of the fight. Both men were released on bonds and the fight was postponed to another time and place to fight. O'Hallinan won and received the stake. On Dec. 22, 1868, Sullivan beat Pete McGee by breaking his jaw in the fifth round.

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Amusing the Public

Anna Eva Fay to Give Three More Performances

Monday and Tuesday Evenings and Farewell Matinee on Wednesday—Gossip of the New York Theaters.

Owing to Miss Anna Eva Fay's success at the Lyceum this week and the fact that owing to illness she missed two performances, Manager Williams has prevailed upon her to give three more performances, which will take place on Monday and Tuesday evenings and a farewell matinee on Wednesday afternoon. As Miss Fay opens a two-weeks' engagement at the Davidson's theater, Milwaukee, on Thursday night, she will be obliged to leave Duluth on the evening train Wednesday, so there will be no performance on Wednesday night.

Of the many who have witnessed her exhibitions the majority are convinced that the frail little woman possesses some power which is marvelous because they cannot understand it. And there are few who, not having had the advantage of education and who are not posted in the great advance of science during the past few years, declare emphatically that Miss Fay is a humbug. Some men try to show their wisdom by branding as a fraud that which they cannot understand, and as no man can grasp the completeness of any proposition beyond a certain distance from his nose, such fellows are living in an atmosphere of fraud. Their ancestors imprisoned Galileo for proclaiming that the earth was round when everybody knew it was flat; and what is the use of giving Anna Eva Fay any better show than he had? There are another class of men who attribute everything they think cannot be grasped to spirits. Their ancestors had a gang of spirits manipulating the thunder and lightning, and anything that was not steered by some sort of a god was a fake. Science, however, crowded the unfortunate spirits from one field after another, until they are kept busy in one line of work—mental phenomena.

Thus, while one set of investigators believe that Anna Eva Fay should add the letter "K" to her name, another set of investigators just as firmly believe that the spirits of just men made perfect are holding him flunk on the stage when the little lady gives an exhibition. As a matter of fact, both classes are wrong. Miss Fay is not a fraud, on one hand, nor an instance through which disembodied intelligences are trying to make themselves useful as well as ornamental, on the other hand, but she is merely a gang of nerves, a sensitive plate, as it were, who is as far beyond the comprehension of a rugged booby as the planet Jupiter is beyond the seductive wiles of a book agent. To one of her nature impressions come with a clearness and definiteness that enable her to read that which is being written on the mental ether around her by the projective force of strong wills.

Coming events cast their shadows before. The entire proposition of human experiences is made up of cause and effect, and the shadow of effect is the cause just as truly as the blade of grass in the seed. The ability of a sensitive mind, in which the intuitive features have been carefully cultivated, to match these shadows as they travel on their mission along the mental ether constitutes one of the greatest gifts that from existing cause can be drawn a knowledge of coming effects. If one man, why not others? This is the basis of a scientific explanation of the exhibitions given by Miss Fay and others in the field of mental phenomena. Some day mankind will cease looking through the keyhole into this wonderful power and throw wide open the door to its marvelous possibilities. There is no use being discouraged.

For perhaps 10,000 years men lived and died thinking they had solved all the important problems of nature, before they discovered that they were surrounded by a power called electricity. The human mind is now to discover, yet little understood and seldom applied, is that of projecting into the mental ether, and catching the knowledge of the past, a knowledge of that which is to be, written by the hand of God upon

Cascarine

Is a household remedy you cannot afford to be without. Get a bottle to-day and have it on hand ready for use. You may not be sick now, but there is no telling how soon you may need it. CASCARINE is a sure, unfailing HELP IN THE HOUR OF DURESS. With a bottle in the house, you have nothing to fear from sudden attacks of disease. You are prepared. PROTECT YOURSELF. That is the FIRST LAW. Cascarine goes directly to the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels. It quickly, surely, cleanses the blood of all impurities, driving out the poisonous matter and making rich, healthy blood. It cures Constipation, Dyspepsia, Liver and Kidney troubles, Headache, Sleeplessness, Nervousness and all stomach troubles.



A TONIC LAXATIVE.

Cascarine is the only laxative THAT WILL NOT GRIPE. It is the only laxative made of Nature's true remedies—Barks, Licorice, Plantain, Senna, etc.—and is a faithful guardian and sentinel of the human system. It is the preserver of health and vigor.

Cascarine is recommended by leading physicians of America. It has been used for centuries and has been testified to this.

It is every mother's duty to have this great laxative and tonic in the house, and to give it to her children if she does not use Cascarine.

DANGER! It is very dangerous to use pills and tablets; they cause habitual constipation and make the system sluggish. Buy a bottle of Cascarine to-day, at your drug store. Price, 25c per bottle.

The manufacturers will send to any address, free of charge, a little booklet explaining the benefits of Cascarine, and one week's treatment, for 10 cents in stamps to cover postage.

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to marry him, the wedding to occur the next day after the opening of the story. After the wedding Carajo and his bride are to go to Villara, where they will begin his honeymoon with the great feast.

Pettifer, under contract, has provided the building for the wedding. He has built a fine house for the bride and groom, and he has also provided a fine house for the bride and groom.

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CHILDREN'S FASHIONS

Freshness Is the Essential Attribute of the Party Dress.

Various Materials Are Employed In Its Making -- Plain Tinted or Persian Sash An Invariable Accompaniment.

New York, Jan. 2.—Children's party dresses to be successful should be perfectly fresh, as when crushed or tumbled their beauty is quite lost. This fact should be taken into consideration when choosing materials for party frocks, and as they will probably not be needed on very many occasions, it is well to give a thought to the future and aim to have the material and style such that they can be produced and worn again when the summer comes round. It needs only a little contrivance to turn an evening frock into a day costume, and it is wise to have an extra yard or so of the material in reserve to make a gumpie or for the purpose of reweaving. Simple styles are best for these frocks, the low neck, full waist and skirt with tucks or tiny gathered frills edged with lace being a favorite model. White Swiss is both pretty and economical, as there is a crispness about

skirt may be elaborated with graduating tucks to the waist. The waist can be worn high or low with insertion set in the front, followed by lace, the neck sleeves. For all children's dresses the sash is invariably worn. It can be soft ribbon in liberty satin or wide, soft silk of Persian colors, in a floral effect, or in one solid tint. With all these materials and many others just as pretty to choose from, there are also silks of youthful variety, such as India, China and foulards, in any of the more delicate shades.

What are known as "party frocks" may be of any of the materials named, and the dress of fine wool is often trimmed as elaborately as the thinnest muslin with lace, bands, insertion, ribbon and even flowers and made with either high or low neck as preferred, with sleeves that reach the elbow, or ruffles which fall from the sleeves at the wrist. It is all a matter of choice where young folks are concerned.

MEDIEVAL EFFECT.



Stately velvet gowns richly trimmed with applique designs and modeled upon lines seen in old portraits, are often sent out by the best modistes. To be sure they have little modern touches, such as strappings of the velvet over mouseline yokes and collars, and inserts of moire, but the picture effect is preserved.

It which keeps it from soiling readily, and it can be pressed out to look like new on every occasion. A fresh white frock simply made with low cut neck and tucked bertha, worn with soft sash of becoming color, at times looks much handsomer than one of more costly material for evening wear, and a yoke and long sleeves as furnished by the introduction of a pretty gumpie transforms it into a useful dress for midsummer.

At no time have children's dresses been more beautiful than now. Indoor frocks for the little ones are as tastefully made as those of their elders, and in many instances, cost as much, the only difference being that perishable stuffs are but seldom employed. This season simple and serviceable fabrics such as cashmere, velvets, albatross, serge, and even lightweight white cloth is utilized. These materials are more appropriate for girls of 12, 14 or even older.

For the little miss of 6, 8 or 10 there are muslins in ever grade, or fabrics of even finer qualities, as silk mull or Chinese pineapple cloth. For dressier toilettes nothing is prettier than organdy in some of the very fine qualities. A figured organdy is utilized, especially over a silk foundation in some delicate tint of blue, pink or yellow. Net may be employed with or without a dotted figure. For dresses of this sort, the silk of apple green tone is peculiarly suitable as an underslip. The

MILADY'S PICTURE HAT.



Ornate plumes are used in profusion. Just now on the becoming picture hats of black velvet and black chiffon. As will be seen, the plumes on this model are reversed, the one on the upper brim sweeping from left to right, the one on the underbrim from right to left.

are used as a head for flounce or pretty finish for the deep ruffle. The waist can be made of small tucks, or have a nicely shaped bertha edged with lace. The sleeves are long or half length, according to fancy, in which frills or flaring cuffs are beaded with row after row of the same velvet trimming.

For the white dresses many varieties of trimmings are utilized, narrow velvet especially, in the delectable shades of blue, pink, red, green, making a most stylish appearance. Although the majority of women who follow fashion's lead are supplied with the various gowns which make a wardrobe complete, certain date belongings like the afternoon or reception dress or the informal "At Home" dinner or evening are still shown. These are made in a number of charming fabrics, such as nun's veiling, albatross cloth, loose crepe, all the qualities of cashmere and other soft wools, which may be trimmed according to fancy. In selecting colors, white takes the lead, followed by some of the pastel shades, which, as a general rule, suit all complexions.

For a young girl, the white dress in any of the materials mentioned has the skirt full and long, and trimmed with some half a dozen rows of white satin ribbon, either plain or in form of ruffles, or gathered on the edge as pretty ruffles. The full waist should be furnished with a bolero in all-over pattern of lace, in dots, squares or floral effects, while the skirt is trimmed with the same dainty white ribbon. As an additional charm, the sash may be of pure white or some delicate shade of pink, straw color, or blue, the gown touched up here and there with small bows matching the ribbon trimming. Where pure white is not really becoming, modish tints in cream white, wine and string color, are often chosen and are charming when combined with the fashionable Irish point. Cluny or purple lace, of which very good imitations are now found at temptingly low prices. A touch of one's favorite and most becoming color is added on the collar, vest or wristband of the dainty waist.

For home gowns, which can be worn indoors on almost any occasion, there is a most excellent choice in medium shades of tan, delicate green, charming rose tints, or hues of dull and rich reds. These colors often give just the touch required to produce the desired effect against the complexion of the mature woman, but each face must be studied, as there is always some tint which suits the general contour best. The soft wools already mentioned are well adapted to these gowns, but the trimmings must be selected with care and chosen particularly with a view to the harmony of the whole.

When lace is used it is well to remember that with red a deep cream, cream or even russet is preferable to white, while the latter makes a delightful contrast with blue.

A JAUNTY LITTLE MODEL.



Turban of cloth and silk with crown of white broadcloth and rim of soft folds of white and tan silk; same shade quills are jauntily drawn through cut steel rings of fancy design.

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My RHEUMATISM CURE is just as certain to cure rheumatism as water is to quench thirst. No matter what part of the body the pain may be in or whether it is acute or chronic, MUNYON'S RHEUMATISM CURE will drive it out in a few hours, and fully cure in a few days.—MUNYON. Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure will cure any case of indigestion or stomach trouble. Ninety per cent. of kidney complaints, including the earliest stage of Bright's Disease, can be cured with Munyon's Kidney Cure. Munyon's Catarrh Cure cures catarrhs of the head, throat and stomach, no matter of how long standing. Nervous affections and diseases of the heart are controlled and cured by Munyon's Nerve and Heart Cure. Munyon's Cold Cure will break up any form of cold. Munyon's Venereal Restorer restores lost power to weak men. Price 50c.

The Guide to Health (free) tells about diseases and their cure. Get it at any drug store. The Cure are all on sale there, mostly at 25 cents a vial. Munyon, New York and Philadelphia.

MUNYON'S INHALED CURE CATARRH.

of the gown was its simple elegance. We are told that pastel colors are still on the increase and that the well dressed woman in evening garb looks like a sea nymph of iridescent rays. Among French matrons the rose tint is said to stand supreme. In a rose taffeta the overdress partakes of an opal hue, as in a sea shell. Anemone, blush rose and azalea pink are favorites and are so artistically colored as to impart a glow to the complexion. The floating skirt at the waist is crossed and fastened by an Oriental pin of many colors. This effect is produced with a cream liberty satin, the skirt veiled with mauve mull, and the bodice with a delicate olive or honey suckle yellow.

As for opera waltzes, which are still worn with velvet skirts, rich taffetas of colored hues, as well as silks of black and white, the models displayed are of amethyst velvet trimmed with Venise guipure lace, rose colored chiffon, cream and white muslin, of blue peacock sole, with a yoke of gold net, gold edgings and straps. The theater and concert wear can be made of thinner materials, in which these diaphanous textures are charmingly combined. Every demand in fine white cloth, crepe de chine, a pretty silk or rich satin, it takes the lead. It was a happy thought of the dictator of fashion to found a costume that would do duty for many occasions. It is a golden rule to have a few toilettes, and these so admirably chosen that one is fashionably dressed at all times.

CLASH

Between Civil and Military Men in the Philippines.

Washington, Jan. 3.—It is becoming apparent that there is friction between the military and civil authorities in the Philippines.

It is claimed by the military men that the lack of energy on the part of the civil officials is permitting the insurgents to gather in armed forces in various parts of the island. The civilians, on the other hand, claim that the army officers have been too lax in their regulations and will not engage the insurgents unless a direct attack has been made.

They will not disperse the half-organized herds of rebels. The coming of Governor Taft is expected to offer a means of settling this unpleasant friction.

There has been a slight change in Washington in the last few days as to the future of Governor Taft. The intimation had come from White House circles that the military men would be invited to go into the cabinet, instead of the civilians, who are generally accepted as the true solution.

This information frequently came from those who have discussed the matter with the president.

Recently there is less talk of keeping Taft in Washington. The military men are talking along the line of Mr. Hay remaining longer in the Philippines. It is expected that there can be no doubt as to the president's growing fondness for him. The president is standing with the military men.

Recently the president remarked that he would like to choose a cabinet minister from Ohio while a great fact was in progress.

He made this remark when M. T. Herick's name was mentioned as a possible candidate for secretary of the treasury.

All this might indicate that it was the president's intention to have Governor Taft return to the Philippines to command the army, and for handling that difficult situation.

Kindly take notice that Ly's Liquid Cream Balm is of great benefit to those sufferers from nasal catarrh who cannot inhale freely through the nose, but must treat themselves by spraying. Liquid Cream Balm differs in form, but not medicinally, from the Cream Balm that has stood for years at the head of remedies for catarrh. It may be used in any nasal atomizer. The price, including a spraying tube, is 75 cents. Sold by druggists and mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren street, New York.

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Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood. Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Manhood, etc. 60 PILLS 50 CTS.

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Machinists and Founders.
NATIONAL IRON CO., Garfield Ave.

Mechanical Rubber Goods.
THOMPSON-GLASSIN CO., 29 S. 5th Ave.

Cut Stone Contractors.
BERG & NELSON, foot First Ave. W.

New Dealers-Books, Stationery.
LUNDBERG & STONE, 221 W. Sup.

Awnings and Tents.
FOIRIER & NORDSTROM, 104 E. Sup.

Florist and Floral Designs.
EISENEN BROS., 12 W. Superior.

Pipe and Boiler Covering.
KEARNEY & MATTISON, 225 W. Mich.

Flour.
DUL. UNIVERSAL MILL CO., Bd. Tr.

Rubber Stamps and Stencils.
CON. STAMP & PTC. CO., Phoenix Bk.

Hardware and Plumbing.
ROBERT MARCUSSE, 120 W. Michigan.

Paper and Stationery.
DULUTH PAPER CO., 108 W. Superior.

Metal Ceiling Mfg.
DUL. COR'G'G & R. CO., 122 E. Mich.

Hardware and Plumbing.
PAINE & NIXON CO., 116 W. Mich.

Brick.
PAINE & NIXON CO., 116 W. Mich.

Knitted Goods.
NELSON BROS., West Superior street.

Glass Plate and Window.
PAINE & NIXON CO., 116 W. Mich.

Coffee, Spices, Etc.
IMPL. COFFEE & S. CO., 12 W. Mich.

Cement, Lime and Salt.
CUTLER & GILBERT, Providence bldg.
STANDARD SALT & C. CO., 241 Lake.

Laundries.
PETERLESS LAUNDRY, 122 W. Sup.
LUTER'S STEAM LAUNDRY, 88 E. 21.
RURKA LAUNDRY, 108 E. 1st.

Art Glass and Mirrors.
ST. GERMAIN BROS., 110 First Ave. W.

Harness and Saddlery.
J. H. CONSTANTINE, 104 W. 1st.

Flour, Hay and Stock Feed.
C. S. FROESER & CO., 120 E. Sup.

Men's Furnishing Goods, Etc.
CHRISTENSEN, MENDENHALL & GRAHAM, 22 W. Superior.

Min Work & House Material.
OUELLETTE & BAXTER, CO., 209 Lake.

Paints, Oils and Varnishes.
NORTHWEST PAINT CO., 222 W. 1st.

Carriages and Wagons.
M. W. TURNER, E. Superior St.

Show Cases-Store Fixtures.
DUL. BROS. CASE FACTORY, 25 E. 1st.

Plumbing and Heating.
D. R. BLACK, 20 Third Ave. W.
N. C. HARVEY & CO., 211 W. 1st.
FARMER & THURMAN, 12 E. Sup.

Wagon, Realeys & Co.
AMERICAN HEATING CO., 31 W. Mich.

Hides and Tallow.
T. E. HALFORD & CO., 21th Ave. W.

Sash and Doors.
D. E. HOLSTON & CO., 112 E. Michigan.

Ties, Cedar Posts, Pulp Wood.
L. R. MARTIN, 21 First Ave. W.

Brasseries.
DULUTH BREWING CO., Phone 240.
A. FITZGER & CO., E. Superior St.

Leather-Findings-Saddlery.
SCHULZE BROTHERS, 32 W. Mich.

Bakeries.
GRAY BROTHERS, 13 E. Superior.
CELESTINE BAKERY, 10 E. Fourth.
BRANDINAVAN BAKERY, 10 E. 4th.

Milk, Cream and Butter.
BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL, 15 E. Sup.

Studebaker Wagons & Car's.
L. HAMMILL & CO., 34 and E. 1st.

"Good Things to Eat."
MRS. E. H. FINE & CO., 207 W. Sup.

Candy and Ice Cream Mfg.
SMITH CONFECTIONERY CO., 307 W. Superior street.

PROFESSIONAL-RETAIL

Merchant Tailors.
NELSON & SWANSON, 4th W. Sup.

Decorating and Wallpaper.
H. A. HALL & CO., 12 E. Superior.

Furrier.
R. KROJANKER, 101 W. Superior.

Dentists.
DR. R. E. NIXON, New Jersey bldg.
CELESTINE BAKERY, 10 E. Fourth.
DR. J. D. PARK, New Jersey bldg.

Grocers.
MEDEN & MORTON, 21 W. 1st.
C. E. BUNNAY, 128 W. Sup.
SUNDEN & JOHNSON, 122 W. Sup.

Department Store.
JOHNSON & MOORE, 210-212 W. Superior.
HENDRICKS DRY GOODS CO., W. D.

Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry.
GIBST & BRD, 121 W. Superior.
J. GILBERTSON, 31 W. Superior.
O. G. HULBERG, 1923 W. Superior st.

Books, Stationery and Guns.
J. W. NELSON, 5 E. Superior.

Photographer.
J. R. ZWEIFEL, Phoenix bldg.

Meat Markets.
COX BROS., 101 E. Superior.
M. V. PORTER, 192-192 W. Superior.
NORRIS BROS., 600 W. Superior.

Crochery & Housefurnishings.
N. O. NELSON, 201-19 W. Superior.

Grocers and Clothiers.
C. H. OPEL & SONS, 114 E. Sup.

Groceries and Meats.
HENRY POLZ, 321-323 W. Superior.

Federal Directors.
C. J. STEWART, 225 W. First.
DURKIN & CHAMFORD, 13 2d Ave. W.
C. O. NELSON, U. S. Bk.

Harness and Saddlery.
G. H. HUSEBY, 155 W. Superior.

Optician.
SMITH & SMITH, 101 W. Superior.
S. F. BOYCE, 4th Ave. and Superior.
EMILE PETERSON, 192-223 W. Sup.

Business College, Typewriting.
DULUTH BUSINESS UNIVERSITY,
109 W. Superior.

Furniture, Stoves, Etc.
BLOOM & CO., 1st Ave. W. and 1st.

Loan Office and Jewelry.
STANDARD JEWELRY & LOAN OF-
FICE, 32 W. Superior.

Employment Agents.
ALEXANDER & CO., Phone 476.
NATIONAL CO., (Richards & Hirsch), 421
W. Michigan.
DUL. EMPLOYMENT CO., 429 W. Mich.

ACTION IS DELAYED

Attorney General Douglas Is at Washington.

He Will Soon File Suit Against the Merger.

Washington, Jan. 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—Attorney General Douglas and Senator George D. Wilson arrived in the Baltimore & Ohio train from Chicago today at 12:15 p. m. They went to the capitol at once and were met at the office of the clerk of the supreme court by Mr. Munn. After a brief consultation between the three lawyers, Attorney General Douglas made this statement:

"We found on reaching Washington that the supreme court had begun rendering a number of decisions which will occupy the time for several hours. We therefore decided not to enter a formal motion to file the suit which the state is bringing until later and until the court is engaged in entertaining motions. There is no reason for any special hurry in the matter, and I have been advised that we can file the bill

any morning during the opening hours of the court."

Representative Page Morris today introduced a bill to pay \$1000 to Joseph Elebrock, formerly postmaster at St. Cloud, to reimburse him for money expended over and above his salary and allowances for clerk hire and rent necessary for the proper conduct of the business of the postoffice at St. Cloud.

The agricultural committee of the house will take up the Tawney oleomargarine bill for consideration on Wednesday. The majority of the committee is largely in favor of a tax of 10 cents a pound on colored imitation butter, but Chairman Wadsworth retains his opinion that the proposed legislation is vicious. The bill will certainly be reported favorably and the majority for it in the house is overwhelming.

REFUSES TO INTERFERE

Federal Supreme Court Declines to Release Capt Oberlin M. Carter From Prison On Writ of Habeas Corpus.

Washington, Jan. 6.—The United States supreme court refused to interfere in the case of Capt. Oberlin M. Carter. The decision was rendered in the proceedings instituted by Capt. Carter for the purpose of securing a writ of habeas corpus that would release him from prison at Leavenworth, Kas. The case originated in the United States circuit court for the district of Kansas, from which the petition for a writ was denied. Today's opinion was delivered by Chief Justice Fuller and affirmed the opinion of the circuit court.

The United States supreme court to-

day affirmed the decision of the United States circuit court for the Southern district of New York in the case of Benj. Green and John F. Gaynor. William T. Gaynor and Edward T. Gaynor. They are charged with being in conspiracy with Capt. M. Carter, now serving a term in the United States prison at Leavenworth, Kas., on the charge of defrauding the government of a large sum of money, while superintending public works at Savannah, Ga., and have sought by habeas corpus proceedings in New York to avoid being sent to Georgia for trial. The New York court refused to grant the writ, and the opinion rendered today confirms that verdict. The opinion was delivered by Justice Peckham.

LONG DELAYED DECISION

Judge Tuley Has Finally Declined to Issue an Injunction Against the Pullman Company, Asked For Two Years Ago.

Chicago, Jan. 6.—Judge Tuley, in the circuit court today, declined to issue the injunction against the Pullman Palace Car company, asked for by Truman A. Taylor, who sought to have that company restrained from purchasing the stock of the Wagner Sleeping Car company with \$50,000 shares of Pullman stock.

Mr. Taylor's attempt to defeat the merger took the form of a petition seeking to enjoin the Pullman Palace Car company from giving to stockholders of the Wagner company 50,000 shares in the consolidated concern, those being valued at \$50,000. His action was taken following the meeting of Dec. 10, when the Pullman Palace Car company agreed to purchase the Wagner company's equipment and business, to change the name of the expanded corporation to the Pullman company, and to increase the stock from \$100,000 to \$750,000. So many arguments were advanced by the Pullman

or that Judge Tuley felt the need of much time to properly consider the matter, and has devoted all possible attention to it during the past two years. His decision in almost every point is against Mr. Taylor. He said the company was endeavoring to create a trust and monopoly in the sleeping car business of the country and preventing it to limit and reduce the operation and number of cars, and to regulate prices. He further alleged that the Wagner company had not the right to dispose of its property under the laws of New York, as it would enable itself from performing the duties for which it was organized. In regard to the "anti-trust" arguments made in the petition and enlarged by counsel, Judge Tuley held that the transaction by which the two companies became one was practically analogous to the ordinary business transaction of one man buying out the business of another.

WANTS A DIVORCE.

Prince of Monaco Would Sever Marital Bonds.

New York, Jan. 6.—The prince of Monaco has sent a special messenger to Rome, with a request for a special interview with the pope on the subject of obtaining a divorce from the princess, the daughter of Michael Heine, the New Orleans banker, cables the London cor-

respondent of the Journal and American. The Portuguese concubine, Isador de Lara, is the cause of the breach—said to be the past meddling—between the two, but the prince has decided to ignore De Lara and not banish him from the principality.

DEWEYS GO TO PALM BEACH. Washington, Jan. 6.—Admiral and Mrs. Dewey left today for Palm Beach, Fla. The length of their stay there is indefinite, as the trip is undertaken for the benefit of Mrs. Dewey's health. They were accompanied only by a maid and a valet.

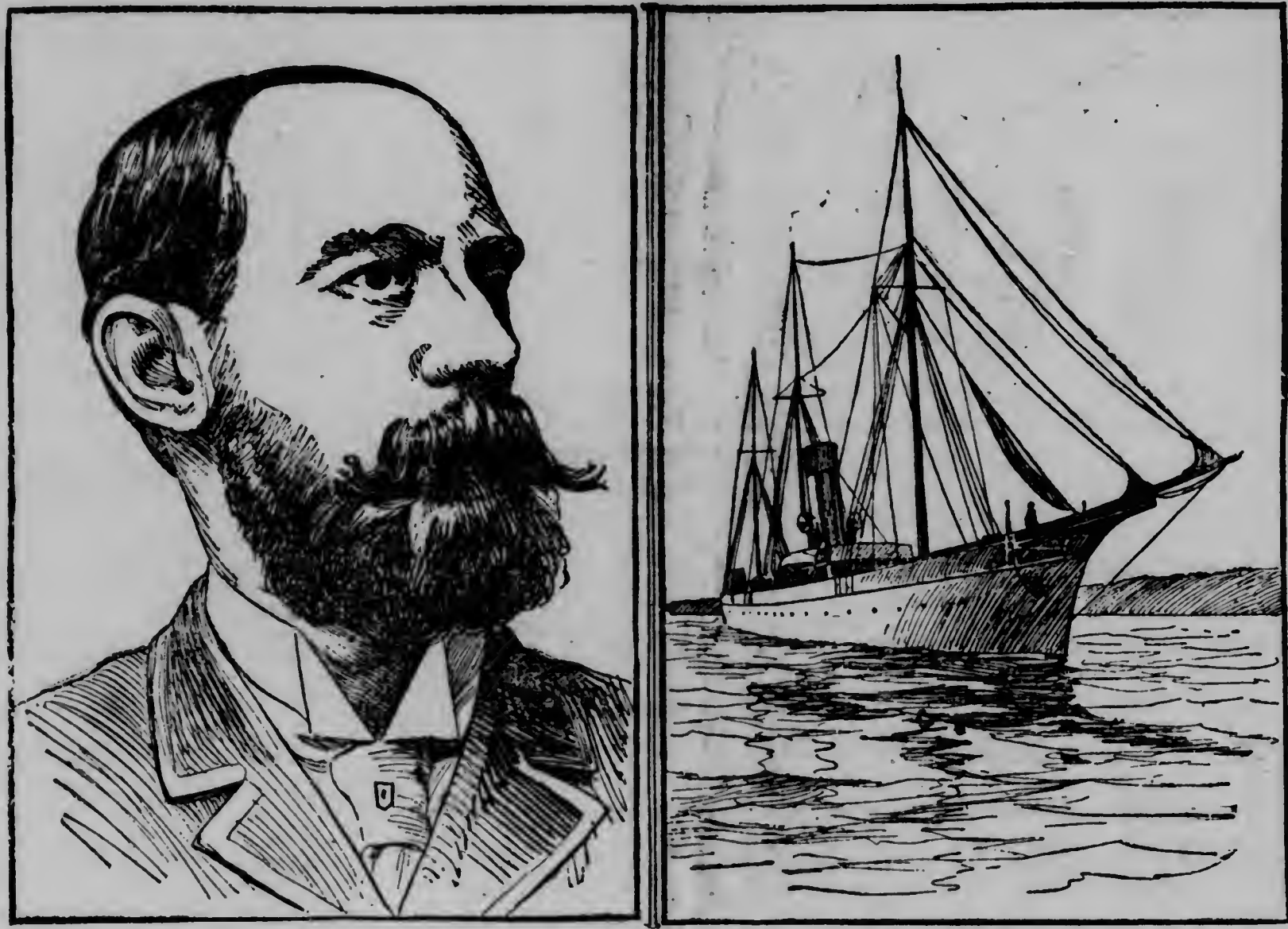
EIGHTEEN WERE DROWNED

Lisbon, Jan. 6.—The British steamer Alfonso, from Newport, Dec. 15, for Gibraltar, and the Spanish steamer, Vileva, both loaded with coal, collided during the night of Jan. 4, off Aveiro, Portugal. Both vessels sank. Eighteen men of the Alfonso and one man belonging to the Vileva were drowned. The captain of the Alfonso and several sailors were picked up and landed at Picola.

CANTEENS FULL OF WHISKY

Chicago, Jan. 6.—The officers at Fort Sheridan have finally discovered where the soldiers found large supplies of whisky without leaving the reservation. A saloon at Highland Park, which recently and soon after several barrels of whisky disappeared from the stock. The whisky it seems was hidden in the woods

and the men of Company E found it. They all filled their canteens and then told members of other companies. Many soldiers, it is said, were walking about in the woods, and the officers questioned the men in vain till the supply was practically exhausted. Then the secret leaked out.



MATOS, THE VENEZUELAN INSURGENT, AND THE GOVERNMENT GUNBOAT RESTAURADOR.

President Crespo's warship, the Restaurador, which was formerly George Gould's yacht Atlanta, is now looking for the British steamship Ban Ilich, rechristened the Libertador by Venezuelan revolutionists, which recently left Martinique with the insurgent expedition on board bound for Venezuela. Senor Manuel A. Matos, the civilian leader of the revolutionists, is on board the ship, and with him, besides 350 more followers, are several prominent Venezuelans. The ship is loaded with munitions of war and has been declared a pirate by Crespo.

DETAILS FAULT IS ALL CASTRO'S

Of the Jeffries and Sharkey Fight Have Been Arranged. Gen. Andrade, Former President of Venezuela, Says Friction With Colombia Has Been Caused Entirely By Castro's Methods.

New York, Jan. 6.—The details of the match between Jeffries and Sharkey have been finally determined upon at a meeting between Managers Kennedy and Deane and Sharkey, who was represented by Alvie King. The men agree to fight for 62½ per cent gross receipts, the winner to take 25 per cent and the loser 25 per cent. The fight will take place on some date between March 25 and April 5, to be decided upon later.

The scene of battle will be the Mechanics' Pavilion, San Francisco, under the auspices of the Yosemite Athletic club of that city.

Clintondale Jeffries, Sharkey and the Yosemite club management have agreed to post \$500 each with Harry Corbett as final stakeholder. The principals will go into active training at once.

TOO SMALL.

England's Trade With Colonies Not What It Should Be.

New York, Jan. 6.—The Standard, referring to the statistical abstract of the trade of the British colonies, which has just been issued, according to a dispatch from London to the Tribune, says: "The main lesson of the return is only too plain, and is that the business done by England with her colonies, is too often smaller than it should be. In regard to Canada, it is only natural that her chief customer should be her close neighbor, nor is it surprising that the United States runs Great Britain very close in Newfoundland and the West Indies. It is, however, disappointing to see that we are excelled in Australia, and so, to it is to find confirmation of the rather disquieting fact that Canada has difficulty in attracting settlers, and that her territories remain empty in spite of her improved means of communication and offers made to colonists."

TEMPERANCE.

Woolley Believes World In General Is Advancing.

Chicago, Jan. 6.—That the world in general is advancing toward temperance is the belief of John G. Woolley, the prohibition leader, who returned from a seven months' trip around the globe. His trip was taken for the purpose of studying the condition of the liquor traffic in foreign lands. On his trip Mr. Woolley addressed over ninety temperance meetings, speaking against rum in Australia, whisky in Scotland and kava in Honolulu. The islands of the South seas visited by Mr. Woolley in his study of social conditions included Hawaii, Samoa, Tutuila, New Zealand and Australia. On his return trip he visited Ceylon, France, England, Scotland and Wales.

Mr. Woolley says that among all the greater nations he feels sure that America is at present the farthest advanced in the struggle for prohibition.

ACTIVE TRAINING.

McGovern to Prepare to Fight Sullivan.

New York, Jan. 6.—Today Terry McGovern will begin active training for his fight with Dave Sullivan, at his cottage at Hempstead, L. I. He has just reached home and announced that he will not consider any additional engagements for the present. George Dixon has been engaged as his sparring partner.

FAULT IS ALL CASTRO'S

Gen. Andrade, Former President of Venezuela, Says Friction With Colombia Has Been Caused Entirely By Castro's Methods.

huthenydhkofashonfnwfc e c emcin colon, Colombia, Jan. 6. (via Galveston.) Gen. Andrade, the former president of Venezuela, who arrived here from Caracas yesterday, said today in the course of an interview with closest and most friendly des, and they are now for the first time enemies, thanks to Castro's machinations.

"It is not Venezuela, but Castro, who is the enemy of Colombia," the Venezuelan general absolutely so desire for war with Colombia, Venezuela and Colombia during the past seventy years have always regarded each other as sister republics, bound by closest and most friendly ties, and they are now for the first time enemies, thanks to Castro's machinations.

Referring to the internal troubles of Venezuela Gen. Andrade said he was satisfied that the whole country was in revolt against Castro, whose government is likely to fall at any time.

Gen. Matos, who, Andrade said, was an immensely rich, nobleman, a perfect

gentleman, much esteemed and well supported in many quarters, possibly would be a candidate for the presidency, once Castro was overthrown. Andrade added that he himself was unwilling to seek reelection.

When questioned on the subject of the revolutionary steamer Libertador (Ran- right) Andrade said he was confident the expedition would succeed in effecting a landing on some eastern point of the Venezuelan coast.

Willemstad, Island of Curacao, Jan. 6. (via Haytian cable.)—Shortly before midnight last night a steamer, believed to be the Venezuelan revolutionary steamer Libertador, passed several times before this port, signalling to people on shore. Answering signals appeared to have been received from the shore, and it is asserted that the last members of the revolutionary expedition, who had assembled on this island, embarked on board the Libertador, and should have been landed early this morning on the Venezuelan coast near Veia De Cora.

THE HOLE-IN-THE-WALL

Once the Refuge of Many Outlaws, Will Soon Be But a Remembrance, Owing to Progress of Civilization.

Cheyenne, Jan. 6.—The celebrated Hole-in-the-Wall will in a short time be only a remembrance. The hole has been the refuge of outlaws from Arizona, Utah, Montana, Colorado and Wyoming and was practically inaccessible. It lies in the southwestern part of Johnson county and directly in the line of a county road, which is soon to be built.

The hole in the wall is not wide enough to allow the passage of the road and dynamite will be brought into use

to widen the fissure in the red sandstone cliffs. The hole-in-the-wall is the only entrance from the south to a beautiful and rich valley and must be used to prevent a day's detour.

Another mark of the passing of the hole-in-the-wall is a petition which has been sent in to the postoffice department asking for the establishment of a postoffice at the Houck ranch, almost in the mouth of the hole. The settlement of the country has been rapid and the hole-in-the-wall is a refuge for bandits and there are now enough residents to make a postoffice a necessity.

GIRL WAS MURDERED

Body of Carrie Larson Found In the Chicago River With a Weight Tied Around Its Neck.

Chicago, Jan. 6.—A body, said to be that of Carrie Larson, and which had a weight around its neck, was taken from the river here today. Louis Thomas, cook of the steamer Oscar, and Robert Resnick, who also worked on the boat, were placed under arrest following the discovery.

The body was identified as that of Carrie Larson, a girl, 22 years old.

whom Thomas is alleged to have secured from an employment agency. New Year's day, to assist him in the cook's galley. According to Resnick's story, Thomas and the woman quarreled and the latter was knocked unconscious. Resnick said the cook compelled him to assist in fastening a weight to the woman and in throwing her overboard. Thomas, the police say, denies the accusation.

DILLER CUTS HIS THROAT

Liberty, Neb., Jan. 6.—Smith Diller, cashier of the First National bank, of Diller, Neb., and in whose honor that town was named, seriously gashed his throat with suicidal intent at this place yesterday. Although badly injured, he probably will recover. Diller's child died from accidental poisoning a few months ago and since then he has been mentally deranged.

IS SUCCESSOR TO MACLAY

Washington, Jan. 6.—Secretary Long has appointed John A. Kearney, of Colorado, as the successor to E. S. Macley, the historian-laborer at the New York navy yard, who was removed by order of the president for an indiscretion upon Rear Admiral Schley. The office is officially designated "special laborer in the department of supplies and accounts navy yard, New York." The appointment reads: "Vice E. S. Macley" and omits all reference to the manner of that individual's departure from the service.

TO MOVE COUNTY SEAT

A Remarkable Fight Lasting For Twenty Years, Ended By a Decision of the Nebraska Supreme Court.

Creighton, Neb., Jan. 6.—In its ruling that county offices of Knox county must move their offices to the farm of William Wisendorff, twelve miles from the nearest town, the supreme court of Nebraska has ended the most remarkable county seat fight in the entire West, a fight which has been persistently waged for more than twenty years and has cost the taxpayers \$20,000.

Accordingly on April 1, the date fixed by the supreme court, a remarkable exodus will take place. Business men of Niobrara, where the county seat of Knox county has been maintained since the beginning of history of Nebraska and of Virgilis and Creighton, twelve miles away from Wisendorff's farm, and which last named two towns will

AMUSING, SAYS LONG

Is Criticism On the Prize Money Distribution.

Writes to Senator Nelson Concerning Matter.

Washington, Jan. 6.—Secretary Long has addressed to Senator Knute Nelson of Minnesota a long letter defending the navy department against what is declared to be unfriendly criticism in connection with the distribution of prize money and bounty. The letter is called forth by one from the senator, asking for information on this point for the use of a Western newspaper.

The secretary declares that the criticism that the department has discriminated in favor of Admiral Sampson and against Schley in the distribution of prize money and bounty is unjust, because the department has no control over this matter; the money being contributed from the treasury, and all questions of law and fact relative to prize and bounty having been determined by the courts. The secretary calls attention to the laws touching prize and bounty as they existed at the beginning of the Spanish war, and says that, though advised by the attorney general that it might make a distinction, the navy department preferred to place the matter in the court of claims, and so far from displaying favoritism, adopted the most effective means in its power to secure a just deal by the courts of law of the right of all concerned.

Touching the claim of Admiral Samp-

son for bounty at Santiago, the secretary says that the distribution was made under a decree of the court of claims, which he cites, and from which no appeal was taken. He further points out that, under the prize laws, the commander-in-chief of the fleet is entitled to his "one-twentieth" of bounty by virtue of his position as commander-in-chief, whether he is personally present during the engagement or not.

As commander-in-chief, Admiral Sampson would, therefore, under the law, have been entitled to his share of the bounty for the destruction of the Spanish ships at Santiago if he had been on the north shore of Cuba at the time. This was the law, for which the navy department is in no wise responsible. On this point, the secretary says, the department itself was the first to realize the inequalities of this law, and to make the recommendation which led to its repeal, so that "a rather amusing feature of the attacks made upon the navy department," as the secretary puts it, is that the administration is blamed more than two years after it had cured the evil. The secretary concludes his letter with an extract from the report of the auditor of the treasury for the navy department, showing the status of the prize money and bounty cases, yet unsettled, owing to delays in the courts, and predicting a settlement within the year.

AMERICAN MACHINERY

Will Be Used For Traction System at Tokio and to Turn the Wheels at Diamond Mines at South Africa.

New York, Jan. 6.—The Tokio Kubishiki Kwasha, a Japanese concern, has concluded arrangements through Mitsui & Co. of New York, whereby American firms will furnish the equipment valued at nearly \$500,000, for the first electric traction system in Tokio, the largest contract of its description ever awarded for American machinery, etc., by a far Eastern concern. The General Electric company will build three 1200 kilowatt generators. The three 1300 horsepower cross compound horizontal engines to be manufactured by the McIntosh-Beymour company of this city. There will be light water tube boilers aggregating 400 horsepower, to be furnished by the Babcock & Wilcox company, of New York. The Blake branch of the International Pump company, of New York. The Morgan Engineering company, of Alliance, Ohio, is to build 900-horsepower steam crane, and Chief Engineer Enlo of the Tokio company, who has been in America for some weeks arranging details, regarding the contracts, has left for Japan. On the eve of his departure he said the road would operate in the principal streets in Tokio and would be ready to begin operations early in 1903.

The De Beers Consolidated Diamond mines, limited, of Kimberley, South Africa, have just awarded contracts to American concerns for structural material and complete heavy American equipment for a large plant, which will be utilized for general power purposes. The value of the combined contracts is about \$250,000. The steel will be furnished by the Illinois Steel company, of Chicago. The equipment of the plant will consist of two Westinghouse-Paterson steam turbines of 100 kilowatt capacity each. The Chicago Pneumatic Tool company has also secured an order for pneumatic equipments and the Cincinnati Milling Machine company is to furnish several machine tools. Gardner Williams, general manager of the De Beers company, who has been on a visit to the United States for several weeks just returned to South Africa. The Loomis-Pettibone company, of this city, has secured a concession from the government of Nuevo Leon, Mexico, for the construction of a \$500,000 gas plant at Monterrey. R. N. Oaklin, chief engineer of the Loomis-Pettibone company, has gone to Mexico to determine the exact material needed in connection with the gas plant. At least \$100,000 of material is required. The structural material and equipment pipes, etc., will be purchased in the United States.

SOCIALISM IS FAULTY

Archbishop Corrigan Says That the Theories of the Socialists Will Not Stand the Test of Actual Practice.

New York, Jan. 6.—Archbishop Corrigan has just preached a sermon on "Socialism" at St. Patrick's cathedral, which is attracting general attention. He said the theories of the socialists would be found faulty in actual practice. He did not agree with them that religion had nothing to do with morals or morality and that socialism alone is able to do with wrong doing and crime. One of the chief arguments to prove the divinity of Christianity, he said, was that of the amelioration of the characters of the adherents. Today

socialism appeared before the world with most seductive promises of a earthly paradise. "Modern democratic socialism may be found to be reducible to practical usefulness under certain conditions," he added. "If all men became angels, or again, under some strictly absolute government, such as that of Incas, or again, for a short season under the influence of some wild revolution, such doctrines might overcome the whole country as a cyclone does, but unless human nature be changed, they would like the cyclone lose their power soon and old habits would return."

TO MOVE COUNTY SEAT

A Remarkable Fight Lasting For Twenty Years, Ended By a Decision of the Nebraska Supreme Court.

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supply the largest part of the population of the new county seat, are already preparing for this wholesale removal. Many of the owners of buildings will follow the example of the three town in Charles Mix county, across the Missouri. In South Dakota, where horses were hitched to the buildings and the entire towns moved bodily from old to new sites.

The new county seat of Knox county will be called Center. Today there is nothing to be seen on the site but the farm house and outbuildings of the Wisendorffs. The change from Niobrara was made because the place is on the border of the county, and the vote was divided. The new county seat is

M. S. BURROWS.

Shoe Stock Must Be Reduced.

Bargains in Men's and Boys' Shoes and Rubber Goods and Ladies' Warm Shoes and Arctics.

All odd pairs of Men's Shoes in Hains and Burrows House, rolled, 3 1/2 and 4 1/2 sizes. Some with heavy and some light soles. All styles and widths. Your choice of the lot for only—

\$3.75

All odd pairs of Men's Shoes in the Burrows House, rolled, 3 1/2 and 4 1/2 sizes. Some with heavy and some light soles. All styles and widths. Your choice of the lot—

\$2.85

105 pair Men's \$3.00 Welt Shoes in box calf, steel and enamel, all sizes and widths. Your choice of the lot—

\$2.30

All odd pairs of Men's \$2.50 Shoes, lace or Congress, single or double soles. In box calf, steel and enamel, all sizes and widths. Your choice of the lot—

\$1.80

150 pair Men's \$1.50 and \$2.00 Shoes in several different styles, lace or Congress. Your choice only—

\$1.29

All our men's \$2.75, \$3.00 and \$3.50 Welt Shoes—

\$2.30

All our Men's \$2.50 Welt Shoes—

\$1.80

All our Men's \$1.75 and \$2.00 Welt Shoes—

\$1.29

Men's first quality \$1.25 grade Storm Arctics—

95c

Men's first quality \$1.75 grade light Arctics—

\$1.39

Men's second quality \$1.50 grade light Arctics—

\$1.19

Men's first quality \$2.00 and \$2.50 light and heavy Arctics, rolled edge or plain. \$2.50 and \$2.00 grades at—

\$2.19

Men's first quality \$2.50 and \$3.00 heavy buckles Arctics—

\$1.39

Men's first quality \$2.00 and \$2.50 Lumberman's buckles Arctics, with and without rolled edge or plain edge—

\$1.89

100 pair Men's low Overshoes, \$1.00 grade, small sizes only. Your choice—

29c

Men's and Boys' German Socks and Shoe Pies

at 20% Discount

All our LADIES' FELT and BEAVER Slippers and Fur Boots, all grades, at—

\$1.29

Ladies' \$1.25 Felt and Beaver Shoes, leather soles. All styles and sizes. Best on the market—

\$1.49

Ladies' \$2.25 and \$2.50 Beaver and warm lined shoes, in lace or buck, all styles, four different styles—

\$1.98

ALL LADIES' ARCTICS AND WARM LINED RUBBERS AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

M. S. BURROWS

ICE THICKNESS.

Figures Showing Averages in Former Years.

Among the other data kept at the local office of the weather bureau is that of the varying thickness of the ice in the bay and lake during the winter season. Forecaster Richardson has kept a daily record of the ice at the head of the lakes during the winter seasons since 1899 and thus far the reports show that for nearly all the seasons commencing with January, 1899, the ice is thicker in the Duluth harbor every other year.

On the present date the average thickness of the ice in the harbor is 12 inches. Jan. 6, 1901, the ice was 18.5 inches thick, on the average, and 11 inches Jan. 6, 1900. On the date in 1899 the harbor ice was 16.5 inches thick.

Last year during the first part of January there was ice forming on the lake and the size of the floating ice field was increasing, but at the present time there is practically no ice in the lake at this end and if there is any ice at all it is so thin as to be insignificant.

Last year the ice was the thickest in the harbor and in the lake during February and March.

The ice men are not worrying to any degree, for they expect, as in former seasons, that the conditions favorable to their crop will be late in coming.

Charged With Cruelty.

Charged with driving a spike through a pup's head, James Scrimin and Thomas Marks were arrested this afternoon. Both men entered pleas of not guilty.

Dr. Henry E. Webster, of Lakeville, swore out the warrant for the arrest. He says that the two men willfully tortured his dog, but the men under arrest claim they were not in Lakeville on the day the dog was killed.

The hearing was set for Wednesday morning.

What are Humors?

They are vitiated or morbid fluids coursing the veins and affecting the tissues. They are commonly due to defective digestion but are sometimes inherited.

How do they manifest themselves? In many forms of constipation, eruption, salt rheum or eczema, pimples and boils, and in weakness, languor, general debility, and how are they expelled? By

Hood's Sarsaparilla which also builds up the system that has been run down.

It is the best medicine for all humors.

Preparations Are Being Made for our

Annual Sale of White

Which will commence on Monday next and which was first inaugurated by this house three years ago

There will be plenty of other sales! The more sales and imitations, the more will you appreciate the real thing. Shopping is a matter of discrimination and experience. Discrimination to tell the good from the bad, the best from the merely good. Experience to teach discrimination. After a while comes confidence or the lack of it. We know you'll wait for "THE WHITE SALE" if you are particular as to the kind of White Things you expect to buy. The preparations are being made on a larger scale than ever before.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

FORM NEW COMPANY

Kelley Hardware Company Intend To Enter Wholesale Field.

Reorganized As Kelley-How Company With \$300,000 Capital.

B. W. How of Sauk Center Associated With New Company.

Duluth is to have another wholesale hardware house. The present Kelley Hardware company is to be reorganized, a new and much larger company, for the purpose of entering the wholesale hardware business on a large scale.

The new company will be known as the Kelley-How Hardware company. B. W. How, of Sauk Center, Minn., who has been in the hardware business there for a number of years, enters the company here, and that explains the "How" which appears in the corporate name. He will have charge of the financial affairs of the firm.

The present members of the Kelley Hardware company, all of whom have interests, in fact will add to them. The statement, which has been made, that J. F. Sullivan would retire, is entirely wrong. He is one of the officers of the new company.

The Kelley-How Hardware company will have a capital of \$300,000, and the corporation will date from Feb. 1. The officers will be: President, Michael Kelley; vice president, J. F. Sullivan; B. W. How, treasurer; George W. Welles, secretary.

The Kelley Hardware company has always done considerable wholesale business in the line of heavy hardware, and has had four traveling men out covering the field from Michigan to Montana. The new concern will enter the business on a much larger scale, dealing in heavy and light hardware and mill and lumbermen's supplies. The field covered will also be much larger.

The company has not yet decided upon a location, but has several views. A large building will be required.

The present retail store will be continued, but the wholesale business will be entirely separate from it.

How enters the company, is a brother of C. F. How, of Pulford, How, Co. He is a young man, energetic, aggressive and active, and for some time has been seeking a wider field for his activities.

Another instance of the prominence which the city is fast taking in the business world.

The Sauk Center Avalanche has this to say of Mr. How's leaving:

"Mr. How has been a great help to the city of Duluth, and is so regarded by every citizen of this city and vicinity. He has built up a model business in this city, and has also made himself a reputation for ability and thoroughness that extends far beyond the confines of this city and county. A few years ago he was mayor of the city, and his administration was one of the most progressive that it has ever had. He could have been re-elected hands down had he permitted the use of his name, but he firmly declined to run again, feeling that his private business needed all his personal attention."

Mr. How expects to leave within a week to take up his new duties, but his family, which consists of his mother and sisters, will probably remain here for a time at least. It is probable, however, that they will eventually leave the city, in a phase of the situation which local society will sincerely regret.

"The Avalanche, while thoroughly regretting the removal of Mr. How and his estimable family, cannot but wish him the fullest measure of success in his new venture, and predicts that it will be his. By ability, faithful application to business and a liberal use of printer's ink he has built up a business second to none in Central Minnesota, and to his successors we wish the fullest measure of success."

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbets, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St. Kelly's hat hospital for sick hats.

Parlor theater. Everybody enjoys it. The Silberstein & Bondy company annual sale of white will commence next Monday.

A. B. Kenney, of Kenney, Anker & Denham, last night, in Chicago and the East, to look over the markets, more especially for boys' and children's clothing, which will be opened about March 1 with a full new and complete line.

Further theater next night. Circle No. 5 of St. Paul's church, will meet Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. Eva, 308 West Third street.

Violin lessons 3 cents upwards, at the Broadway violin school, 2 Columbus Bldg. Rev. Howard R. Patrick, pastor of the First Baptist church, will have charge of the Monday evening Bible study at the Lake Avenue Bethel this evening at 7 o'clock.

The mandate from the supreme court in the case against Dr. Thomas J. Pierce, reversing the district court and granting him a new trial, was received in the clerk's office this morning.

Joseph Holub has filed an answer in district court to the false imprisonment case of Mrs. Anna Skull. She charged that he put her in jail in Sweden and assaulted her. He admits having put her in jail, but denies that she was drunk and disorderly on the streets, but he denies having used any violence. Holub and Skull are here at present.

There was a small fire in the home of M. J. O'Donnell, 1022 East Third street, at noon today. The blaze was confined to a bed room on the second floor.

A young boy named Elmer Kimball was arrested this afternoon accused of stealing clothes. The complaint was made by Mrs. A. E. Karon, who claims that she was assaulted by young Kimball last Friday while going up First avenue east.

Dr. B. P. Long, of the First Methodist church, will have revival meetings at the lecture room of the church every evening for the next two weeks, beginning at 7 o'clock. Rev. John Callahan will assist and Mr. W. Weeks will have charge of the music.

At the council meeting this evening the following resolutions were passed: Resolved, that the committee on the opening of the Chippewa reservation be requested to report to the next meeting of the board.

At the council meeting of the board of health, held this evening, the following resolutions were passed: Resolved, that the committee on the opening of the Chippewa reservation be requested to report to the next meeting of the board.

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Silberstein & Bondy Company.

Preparations are now being made for our "Annual Sale of White" which will commence on Monday next on a much broader basis than previous years, including Muslin Undergarments, Household Linens, White Goods, Etc.

A Thousand Pairs of Nottingham Lace Curtains at Almost Half Regular Prices....

No odds and ends. A full assortment for you to choose from and all good kinds in the lot. We've far too many of them, hence these radical reductions! Here is a partial list:

Irish Point and Brussels Net Curtains.

1 lot of these curtains comprising four patterns of each kind, regular value \$5.75 and \$6.00 per pair. Sale price, \$4.75 per pair.

Lot comprising three patterns of each kind, regular price \$5.50 and \$7.00 per pair. Sale price \$5.75 per pair.

1 lot comprising two patterns of each kind, regular price \$5.50 and \$6.50 per pair. Sale price \$5.50 per pair.

The name reductions made on all of these curtains in like proportion in values up to \$5.00 per pair.

Battensburg Lace Curtains—

12-inch border, fine lace, hand-worked; regular price per pair \$24.50. Sale price \$19.50 per pair.

Pointed edge, fine lace, hand-worked, regular price per pair \$19.50. Sale price \$14.50 per pair.

Scarf pattern, deep corner, fine lace, hand-worked, regular price per pair \$19.50. Sale price \$13.50.

Insertion pattern, fine lace, hand-worked, regular price \$13.75. Sale price \$10.00.

22-inch corner, fine lace, hand-worked, regular price \$13.75. Sale price \$10.00.

Insertion pattern, fine lace, hand-worked, regular price \$10.50 and \$11.00 per pair. Sale price \$8.50 per pair.

Insertion pattern, fine lace, hand-worked, regular price per pair \$7.00. Sale price \$5.00 per pair.

Dress Goods—Reduced—

The response today was such as we expected—the sale will increase in interest as the values become better known. You can afford to miss this opportunity.

Lining Specials:

100 quality Skirt Stiffening for 2c. 50c Farmer Suits for 25c. 50c Fancy Skirts for 25c.

Some very good values in short lengths of 3/4 to 6 yards, as follows—

\$2.00 Whip Cord for \$1.25. \$3.75 Vienna for \$2.50. \$2.00 Yarn for \$1.25. \$2.50 Suitings for \$1.50. \$3.00 Gray Worsted for \$2.00. 75c Armure for 50c. \$1.75 Drapes de Ete for \$1.25. \$1.00 Soliel for \$1.15. \$2.50 Fancy Ceres for \$1.50.

Real bargains in short lengths of 3 to 6 yards.

\$1.25 Tweeds for 75c. \$1.50 Cheviots for \$1.00. \$1.50 French Linens for \$1.00. \$1.50 Venetian for \$1.00. \$1.50 Scotch Mixtures for \$1.00. \$1.50 Homespuns for \$1.00. \$1.50 Skirting for \$1.00.

\$4 and \$5 Fancy Pattern Waists for 2.90.

All Novelty Dress Patterns 1/2 price

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

Special Note

We close at 5:30 every evening in the week (Saturday excepted) and open at 8:30.

We started the early closing movement Thursday, Dec. 26, after a notice to our employees that faithful work during the holiday season would be rewarded with any thought in view of getting newspaper notoriety, or making capital out of our "goodness" to our employees. We did it because we thought they were deserving of it—and were not playing to the "galleries"—so to speak.

A certain business house in this city well known for their "bomastic" and "sensational" methods have again commenced their "mad attempt" to use a slang phrase—and for which they already have an established reputation—and have announced in bold newspaper type that they are the only original "John Smith" institution in the city, and were the original early closers—fact, the only store that requires their employees to work but eight hours each work day?

And pray! since when such goodness and consideration for employees? We might call their attention to the fact that not so very long ago resolutions were passed by labor organizations in this city censuring this same institution for keeping open on Christmas day. And these same people have tried to tell the people of Duluth that they are the only store of "goodness" (heart). Perhaps they do—but do the people think so? We closed the store the day after Christmas without noise or bluster, because we felt that it was right—and not because we wished to use it for advertising purposes. It matters very little to us who were first in the field, so long as a good object is accomplished in general.

Eleven years ago we started the 8 o'clock closing in Duluth, and some time later the other stores followed. And now we have inaugurated the 5:30 closing and open at 8:30 a. m. Our employees are required to be on hand and have their stocks in shape at opening time, our customers have been informed if they presume that we ordered them to report at 8—deliberately told an untruth.

It might be advisable to come to us for any information about our business which they wish to keep the public posted!

Flannels Reduced.

A Clean-up of Everything in the department.

WAIST PATTERNS. \$5.00 patterns embroidered fronts—at \$4.50! \$4.25 patterns, Persian bands—at \$3.50! \$4.25 patterns, all over designs—at \$2.50!

\$4.75 patterns, embroidered fronts—at \$3.60! \$2.00 patterns, Persian bands—at \$1.40! \$2.25 ALL-WOOL WAIST PATTERNS. All the desirable colors. Neat, stylish and serviceable.

See SKIRTING FLANNELS AT \$2.00. It is the best quality of Aasmora Flannel, in plain colors, stripes and checks. Slightly all wool.

FRENCH FLANNELS—REDUCED. 60c and 75c quality 31 60c. In printed and marked stripes and designs, excellent quality.

CLOAKING AT ONE-QUARTER OFF—We will place on sale tomorrow our entire stock of children's cloaks, ranging in price from \$1.00 to \$2.00 per yard, at our pay rate. The cloaks are of FLANNELLETTE NIGHT GOWNS—REDUCED—At 95c—were \$1.25—Flannellette night gowns, in all colors and checks, trimmed with three rows of braid. Full length and width.

At 2c—were 50c garments, sizes from 2 to 10 years.

INFANTS' FLANNELLETTE NIGHT Gowns, cream and blue—at 60c. At 2c, were 40c Children's Electric Sleeping Garments, sizes 2 to 10 years.

IS TO PLEAD.

Duncan Campbell Is Expected to Admit His Guilt.

It was expected about the court house this morning that Duncan Campbell, the young man who was indicted at the last term of district court for abduction, would plead guilty late this afternoon.

The case was to have come up for trial today, but owing to the conference that was on regarding a plea of guilty, the matter went over to this afternoon. If young Campbell should plead guilty, the case would be dismissed.

It was expected that he would get a sentence to the reformatory at St. Cloud, owing to his youth and to his having pleaded guilty, instead of standing trial.

The case was continued over from last term on the defendant's motion, and his father, Donald Campbell, for attempting to bribe a witness. He was charged with offering the complaining witness \$200.

It was reported that the case against him would be dismissed this afternoon, but that no further proceedings would be taken against him.

TO PAY OFF DEBT.

African Methodist Church Making Great Strides.

The African Methodist congregation yesterday made big strides toward paying off the indebtedness of the church.

This is the only colored church in the city. It is located at Fifth avenue east and sixth street. Rev. Hieatus is the pastor.

The church has been going along under an indebtedness for some time, but yesterday in a very short time over \$300 was paid, and the church is now in a position to pay and the energetic church workers say that this will be wiped out in a short time.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Cures a Cough or Cold at once. Coughs, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Grippe and Consumption. Quick, sure results. Dr. Bull's Little Cure Consumption. 50 pills 10c.

THEY WANT NAUGHTON.

Superior Authorities Anxious to Get Missing Man.

The citizens' committee of West Superior is so active in pushing the cases against those persons charged with trying to defraud Douglas county, Wis., is very anxious to locate Joseph McNaughton, the missing man.

McNaughton, the date set for the hearing of Robert Shields of that city. The matter went over to this afternoon. If young Campbell should plead guilty, the case would be dismissed.

It is believed in official circles that the Chicago associate of Saturday night stating that Naughton had been seen in that city and his whereabouts might be known, that his arrest might be expected soon, is a fake. One of the Douglas county deputy sheriffs is seeking for the superior near Chicago, but no information has been received from him as to any clues.

A PECULIAR CASE.

Mary Bustad's Insanity of an Odd Nature.

Mary Bustad, the unfortunate young Scandinavian woman, who came to Mayor Hugo the other day with a complaint that conspirators were working to deprive her of employment, was examined in probate court this afternoon and found to be insane.

She is not a resident of this state, however, having been here only since last June, so she will be held here until the date board of control notifies Judge Bonham what shall be done with her. She will either be sent back to Norway or taken to Fergus Falls.

Hers is a very peculiar case. Practically her only manifestation of insanity is the hallucination that some body is plotting against her. She appears to have come from a good family, and her own statement is that she was a governess in the old country. She was employed in several families here as a domestic, and they noted nothing insane about her. She seemed to have rather remarkable incapacity to do any work, saying when she was taken to task that she used to know how to do housework, but had forgotten how.

In one case she was directed to cook some fish. Some time afterwards her employer was surprised to find that nothing had been done. The girl then said that she used to know how to cook fish, but had forgotten.

Her

Annual January White Goods Sale Commences Tomorrow!

Bargain Counter 1.
 17,000 yds of fresh, new Embroideries—direct importations—beautiful patterns and qualities—at unheard of prices—[see another part of this advertisement for more details.]

Bargain Counter 2.
 10,000 yds fancy White Goods—Dimities, Nainsooks, Piques, Madras, etc.—worth up to 25c per yard—choice at—**10c**

PANTON WHITE
 THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
 DULUTH, MINN.

Bargain Counter 3.
 Three special lots ladies fine muslin underwear—skirts, drawers, corset covers worth \$1.00 for 49c—worth \$2.00 for 98c. Ladies' corset covers, children's aprons and gowns, worth 50c for 25c.

Bargain Counter 4.
 The season's newest wash goods ideas—the supreme styles for spring and summer—beautiful, exclusive, novel, fascinating—if you make a selection now no one else will have the same thing later. The styles are confined to us for this city.

The Annual January Undermuslin Sale—the Most Important Yet.

Extraordinary, elaborate, preparations make this annual January Undermuslin sale the greatest of all our past Muslin Underwear successes. Greater varieties than ever—lower prices than ever—better goods than ever. We have been making selections for over six months, purchasing from the best and largest factories at times when work was slack and the manufacturers were anxious to make every legitimate concession in order to keep machines in operation. It's the time of all times to buy all kinds of Muslin Underwear now, during the January Sale, while prices are the lowest of the year and assortments largest. Everything guaranteed.

Chemise, 39c to \$4.50.

Every possible intermediate price—many new styles—beautifully finished.

Fine lawn and cambric chemise—scores of styles—newest and most fascinating effects—sleeves and yoke edged with dainty lace, fine beading with inserted baby ribbon—fine

inserted lace in bust—bottom finished with several rows fine tucks, lawn ruffle, and lace edge—\$2.25, \$3.50, \$4.50.

Plain Muslin Chemise—well 39c made—substantial, durable—carefully finished—39c.

Good Grade Chemise, made 59c from good muslin—arm holes and yoke edged with lace, and others with embroidery—many styles.

Several Styles of Chemise, some 69c with round yoke and others square effect—arm holes and yoke neatly edged with embroidery and lace—69c.

75c to \$2.98—Many of the new 75c from the French—extra well made and finished—full sizes—very desirable.

Ladies' fine muslin, round yoke 98c—edged with lace and three rows of lace inserting.

Two styles fine Muslin Chemise 1.19—lace or embroidery trimmed—extra long, full length, round yoke, with embroidery or lace inserting.

No matter how low the price, the materials are good, the garments are not skimpy, the making not slighted—no cheap cloth in any of our goods.

French Styles corset covers—made with 1.98 round yoke, pointed front effects—made with new, straight front corsets—exquisitely trimmed with sheer laces and dainty Swiss embroidery—edging and ribbons—beautiful styles—all new—\$1.98.

12c plain muslin corset covers—all sizes 12c—best garments ever seen for so little money—during this sale only 12c.

25c—five styles muslin and cambric corset covers—high or low neck—V or square shape, embroidery or lace trimmed—extra good values.

Aprons 29c to \$1.00.

An unusually large assortment of aprons—white and colored—for the maid, mistress or nurse—daintily finished, full sizes, low priced.

29c, 39c, 49c for 29c white lawn aprons—tucked, hemstitched, lace and embroidery trimmed—extra large sizes—the most complete assortment we have ever exhibited—you will appreciate our efforts to please you.

59c and 79c for 59c dresden white lawn aprons—several pretty styles—embroidery, lace and tucks.

Corset Covers 12c to \$3.49.

French Styles corset covers—made with 1.98 round yoke, pointed front effects—made with new, straight front corsets—exquisitely trimmed with sheer laces and dainty Swiss embroidery—edging and ribbons—beautiful styles—all new—\$1.98.

12c plain muslin corset covers—all sizes 12c—best garments ever seen for so little money—during this sale only 12c.

25c—five styles muslin and cambric corset covers—high or low neck—V or square shape, embroidery or lace trimmed—extra good values.

Short Skirts 49c to \$1.19.

Ladies' muslin short 49c skirts—hemstitched ruffle with seven rows—fine tucks—49c.

Ladies' muslin short 59c skirts—embroidery trimmed—finished with three rows fine tucks—59c.

Cambric short skirts 79c—deep ruffle—lace inserting and edging—fine quality—79c.

Ladies' muslin short 1.19 skirts—wide—ruffle edged with embroidery—four rows of hemstitched tucks—\$1.19.

French Undermuslins.

Ladies' Imported Fr'ch Hand-made Underwear—made in French convents—finest white laces and lawns.

Ladies' Hand-made Chemise, \$3.00 to \$6.00.

Ladies' Hand-made Skirts, \$3.98 to \$5.00.

Matched Bridal Sets—beautiful garments—at various prices.

Long Skirts 59c to \$12.50.

Hundreds of exquisite styles, \$9.34 to \$12.50.

clever, new, exclusive—magnificent works of art—a most elaborate display of extra fine lawn skirts—deep lawn dust ruffle edged with lace—beautiful fine beading around flounce—fluffy and dainty—original effect—styles similar to large cut—ribbon and fine net inserting—\$9.75 to \$12.50

59c—reliable skirts at 59c—fine muslin—deep tucked flounce—extra quality for the price.

79c—fine muslin skirts—deep tucked flounce—also cambric tucked and hemstitched—79c

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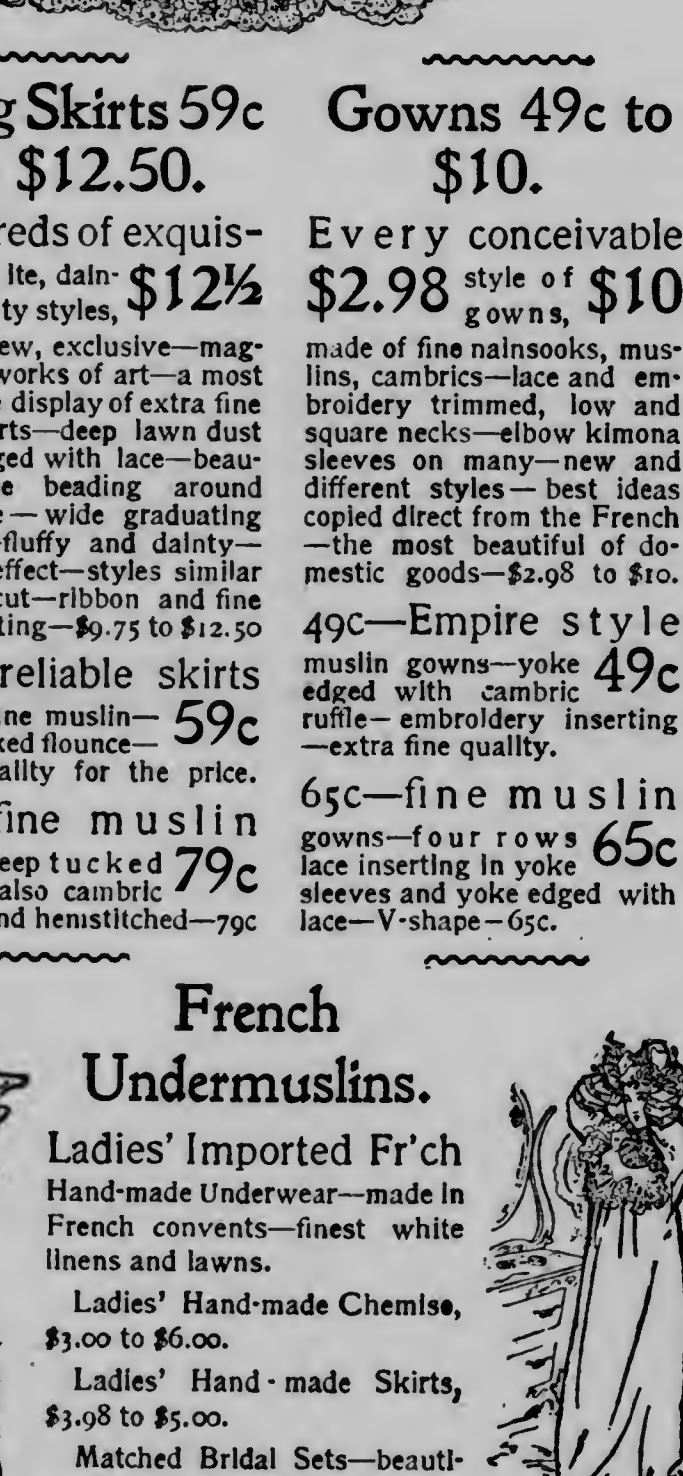
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Thousands of dollars worth of crisp, fresh, new muslin Underwear in this exhibition—all the bewitching new styles that are so different from any you have seen before, or can possibly find elsewhere—not an old garment on sale. The styles, materials, needlework, class of garments shown here are positively fascinating—far superior to anything heretofore exhibited. There is no economy in making undermuslins at home, when the garments ready made, so dainty, so pretty, so generous, and so clever in style can be had at such exceedingly low prices. We have bought our goods exclusively from inspected sanitary factories, mostly situated in rural districts having most healthful surroundings, thus positively insuring cleanliness and hygiene.

Drawers, 29c to \$6.00.

Fine Nainsook Drawers—umbrella shape—edged with finest insertion, with embroidery ruffle—80 fine tucks in ruffle—yoke band—exquisite—\$3.98.

Fine Cambric Drawers—umbrella shape—deep hemstitched ruffle with two rows lace inserting in fine lawn—\$2.25.

Fine Cambric Drawers—deep lawn ruffle—one row lace inserting—neatly edged with \$1.14 lace—extra fine—full width—\$1.25.

Ladies' well made Muslin and cambric drawers—(not 29c cheese cloth)—good quality—stitched and finished, tucked, ruffled, hemmed and plain—umbrella or plain.

Fine Cambric Drawers—lawn ruffle and embroidery, with deep lace edging—extra good—39c perfectly made and finished—three styles—39c.

Four of the best styles ever shown—made from cambric and muslin, trimmed with lace or embroidery—lace inserting, tucked and finished.

Lawn, cambric and muslin—embroidery trimmed—hem 59c stitched and lace trimmed—59c.

There's an added satisfaction in buying these airy, fascinating garments to have the absolute assurance that they come from surroundings that are clean, and are made by well paid, contented people.

Table Damask.

58-inch cream damask, all linen with red border, a yd. 35c

68-inch cream damask, dice pattern—for restaurant use—extra heavy—worth 65c, at per 42 1/2c

72-inch cream damask, all linen, heavy weight—75c value at 59c

Napkins.

5-8 bleached Table Napkins, all linen, dozen 59c

5-8 bleached Table Napkins, all linen, dozen 75c

5-8 cream Table Napkins; all linen, dozen 98c

5-8 cream Table Napkins, all linen, dozen \$1.25

5-8 bleached or unbleached, all linen, doz \$1.50

Sheeting

at mill prices.

10-4 Pequot bleached sheeting—22 1-2c worth 30c.

9-4 Pequot bleached sheeting—20 1-2c worth 28c.

8-4 Pequot bleached sheeting—18 1-2c worth 25c.

7-4 Pequot bleached sheeting—17 1-2c worth 22c.

6-4 Pequot bleached sheeting—15 1-2c worth 20c.

5-4 Pequot bleached pillow casing—12c worth 15c.

42-inch Pequot bleached pillow casing—10 1-2c worth 14c.

Turkish Towels.

16 x 38 Turkish towels, heavy unbleached towels—9c each—at per dozen \$1.00

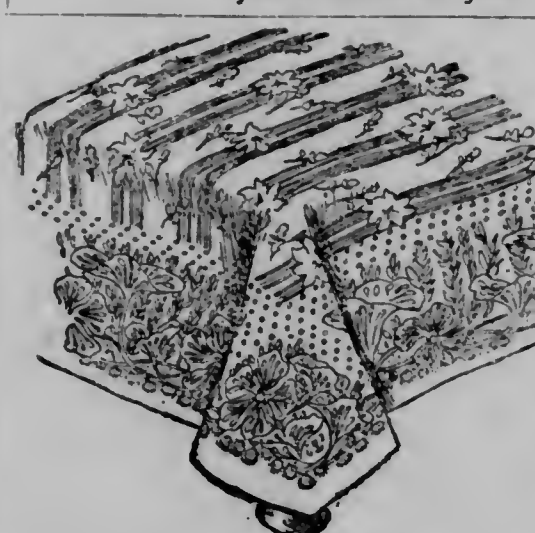
10 x 38 bleached Turkish towels—heavy double thread, 15c each, per dozen \$1.65

Annual January Sale Fine Linens, Sheetings and White Goods.

Absolutely Lowest Prices and by far the greatest assortments of the year.

Housekeepers! Hotel keepers! Restaurant keepers! every user of Linens! Attention! Our Annual January Sale of Linens, Sheetings, White Goods, for which we have been busily planning for several months, begins tomorrow. We have prepared GREAT BARGAINS. Don't miss them. Better supply yourself for the year. There is no other time of the year that you can buy these goods as cheaply here—prices are lower than elsewhere.

Extra Special.
 Fruit of the Loom and Lonsdale 36-inch bleached Muslins, sold at 10c elsewhere; here at 6 1/2c yard—limit 20 yds.



Bleached Damasks.

72-inch bleached table damasks—all pure linen—49c worth 65c, January sale price 49c.

68-inch bleached satin damasks—fine pure linen—pretty new designs, 95c value at 75c.

22 x 22 inch Napkins to \$1.98 match, at per dozen \$1.98.

68-inch bleached satin damask, fine pure linen, the \$1.10 value at 88c—Napkins to match.

72-inch bleached satin damask—fine pure linen—\$1.35 value at \$1.00. 5-8 and 3/4 Napkins to match.

Longcloths.

Imperial 36-inch Longcloths, "chamois finish," for underwear etc.

No. 300 quality at 10c yard—\$1.08 piece.

No. 350 quality at 12 1/2c—\$1.35 piece.

No. 500 quality at 14c—\$1.65 piece.

No. 600 quality 5-4 at 18c—\$2.10 piece.

No. 800 quality 5-4 at 22c—\$2.50 piece.

Twelve yards to a piece.

Nainsooks

for underwear, etc.

Twelve yards to a piece. At \$1.50 \$1.75 and \$2.25 per piece.

We are sustaining our reputation for selling the best designs, best qualities, and above all the very best values.

In this Linen gathering are offered J. N. Richardson Sons & Owsen make (awarded the Grand Prix at the Paris Exposition, 1900), John S. Brown & Sons, O'Jaffe & Pinker's and John Graham & Co.'s.

Table Damask.

58-inch cream damask, all linen with red border, a yd. 35c

68-inch cream damask, dice pattern—for restaurant use—extra heavy—worth 65c, at per 42 1/2c

72-inch cream damask, all linen, heavy weight—75c value at 59c

Napkins.

5-8 bleached Table Napkins, all linen, dozen 59c

5-8 bleached Table Napkins, all linen, dozen 75c

5-8 cream Table Napkins; all linen, dozen 98c

5-8 cream Table Napkins, all linen, dozen \$1.25

5-8 bleached or unbleached, all linen, doz \$1.50

Sheeting

at mill prices.

10-4 Pequot bleached sheeting—22 1-2c worth 30c.

9-4 Pequot bleached sheeting—20 1-2c worth 28c.

8-4 Pequot bleached sheeting—18 1-2c worth 25c.

7-4 Pequot bleached sheeting—17 1-2c worth 22c.

6-4 Pequot bleached sheeting—15 1-2c worth 20c.

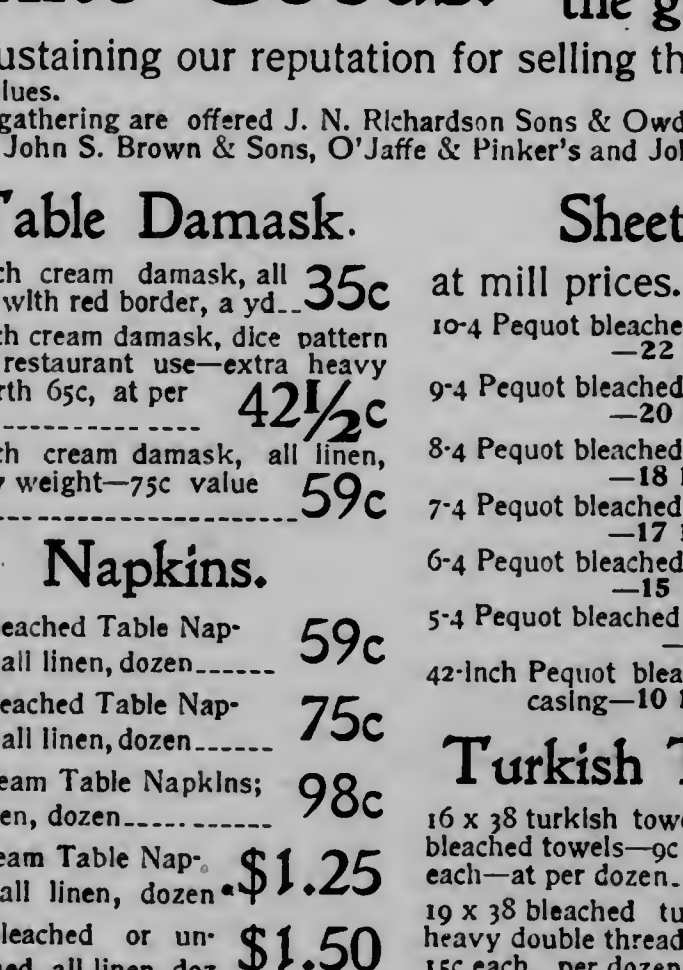
5-4 Pequot bleached pillow casing—12c worth 15c.

42-inch Pequot bleached pillow casing—10 1-2c worth 14c.

Turkish Towels.

16 x 38 Turkish towels, heavy unbleached towels—9c each—at per dozen \$1.00

10 x 38 bleached Turkish towels—heavy double thread, 15c each, per dozen \$1.65



Annual January Sale Fine Embroideries, Bargain Counter No. 1—17,000 Yards.

The new embroideries are here—and such a delightful exhibition! What a bright, crisp and refreshing array of the most lavish varieties. Each design has been selected from dozens as interesting and fascinating. Nothing nicer for use on women's lingerie and white dresses, as well as on children's dresses.

We import our goods direct from the embroidery centers of Europe. There are over 17,000 yards of new embroideries in this sale, embracing the daintiest of Nainsooks, Swisses, Cambrics and Hamburg edgings and insertions. Prices far below anything ever heretofore offered in this city.

These goods were bought before the market advanced, and were bought at from 30 to 35 per cent under present prices. See the point? There's good saving in store for you. Come early and get freshest picking—over 250 patterns—every one new and different from anything heretofore seen.

Nainsook Sets—Baby Patterns at 5c, 7c, 8c, 10c, 12 1/2c, 15c.
 Large open patterns 8c, 10c, 12 1/2c, 15c, 18c, 25c, 35c, 45c, 75c.
 Blind work, with cut out edge, 12 1/2c, 18c, 25c, 40c, 65c.
 Wide medium and narrow cut out patterns, exquisite goods, 15c, 20c, 25c, 35c, 45c, 65c.
 Cambric edging and insertions—large open work—fast edges, from 2 to 14 inches wide, 5c, 7c, 8c, 10c, 12 1/2c, 15c, 18c, 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c, 45c.

Your house, your flat, your room can be quickly rented by a small want ad in the Saturday Herald

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

SPECIAL OFFERING

Of the 5 per cent Gold Bonds of the Crookston Water Works Power and Light Company, of Crookston, Minn.

These bonds are an especially sound security owing to the fact that the electricity used for light and power is generated by water power. The net earnings of the property securing these bonds is more than three times the interest upon the bonds.

Personal interviews or correspondence invited.

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A resolution of great length was passed and will be sent to the president of the United States. The resolution calls the attention of the president to the continuance of the war for the past two years and states that it has been characterized, on the part of the British, as a conflict of surgery by the confiscation or destruction of property of inhabitants and non-combatants living within the zone of war. Attention is called to the denunciation by President McKinley of the system of concentration camps.

A quotation from the Manchester (England) Guardian of Sept. 4, 1914, is made, which states that a degree of suffering and death exists in these camps without a parallel in history. In conclusion the president is asked to continue the efforts of his predecessor to bring to an end the horrors of concentration camps and a warfare which, by its unexampled ferocity and enormous cost of life and treasure has astounded the civilized world.

VIOLATED

All the Amenities of Official Intercourse Most Flagrantly.

Washington, Jan. 6.—The Army and Navy Register, a semi-official organ of the government, in its issue published Saturday adds to its previous criticism of President Roosevelt for the Miles episode, it says:

"It is a great pity the complete story of Gen. Miles' visit to the White House, previous to his reprimand by the order of the president cannot be told. The answer of the president on that occasion, and the language which he employed to the commanding general of the army, has never been accurately reported.

"Mr. Roosevelt appointed Gen. Miles in a manner which, without exaggeration, may be described as savage. It is a poor compensation for the publicity of the personal reprimand that the president, before Gen. Miles left the room, assumed a less domineering attitude.

"The president attended the amenities of official and unofficial intercourse when he personally administered a rebuke to Gen. Miles who that officer was calling upon him at the White House. It is not possible to justify that incident, notwithstanding the fact that Mr. Roosevelt has contracted of losing his temper.

"Much more delicate, courteous, considerate, and yet quite as effective was the method taken by Secretary Long in his endorsement of the Schley case, when he conveyed in unmistakable terms to Admiral Dewey the departmental displeasure at his unwarrantable introduction of irrelevant matter in that officer's remarkable minority report as president of the Schley court of inquiry."

The certificates are all of the first grade and entitle the holder to teach in any public school of the state, including high schools. All except two are issued on college diplomas. Mr. C. C. Woodman, of Duluth, graduate of Indiana university.

Florence Burlingame, of Two Harbors, graduate of New York university; A. L. Crull, of Duluth, Indiana university; and E. K. Smith, of Duluth, Wesleyan university, received original five-year certificates. Two-year certificates were issued to:

Julia M. Hawkes, Ada, Carleton college; Laura A. McClay, Montevideo, Hamline university; Cora B. Miller, Cotton, Crookston; Elizabeth A. Fisher, Stillwater; Mary M. Grailing, Harmony; Caroline Manning, Zumbrota; J. R. Shawnes, Thibault; Grace L. Perry, Ferguson Falls; Irene L. Woolman, Herman.

Renewals for life were granted to: L. P. Cravens, Lake City; M. J. Griffen, Hamilton; R. H. Hilleboe, Benson; I. A. Thorsen, Atkin.

Those receiving renewals for five years were: Annabel W. Hearn, Parli-hault; W. B. Bridgman, Rush City; Ralph H. Burns, St. James; Anna L. Cotton, Crookston; Elizabeth A. Fisher, Stillwater; Mary M. Grailing, Harmony; Caroline Manning, Zumbrota; J. R. Shawnes, Thibault; Grace L. Perry, Ferguson Falls; Irene L. Woolman, Herman.

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Who Can Tell
You turn may come tomorrow. Prepare for it today. Consider whether you have a proper amount of insurance on your property. If not, should you not, in justice to yourself and your family, secure the necessary protection at once? You want the best. We furnish it.

Graves-Manley Agency
Insurance and Bonds.
Torrey Building, First Floor.
Duluth, Minn.

Wanted to See
those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.
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THE CANAL DISCUSSED

VISITORS to the Charleston exposition are to see one of the most precious relics of the republic, the old Liberty bell, by which American liberty was proclaimed to the world from Independence Hall, Philadelphia, on July 4, 1776. This is the fourth time the old bell has been taken to New Orleans, in 1885, to celebrate the World's Fair, Chicago, in 1893 and to the Atlanta exposition in 1895. The four reserve policemen who accompany the bell as a guard of honor are John J. Robinson, Gilbert L. Forsythe, William A. Farrell and William P. Bruce. Each policeman is over six feet in height, and the four together weigh 900 pounds.

KILLED BY A BLOW

Death of Leonard Shelgren at Sioux City, Iowa.

Frank Ferguson is Arraigned on Charge of Manslaughter.

Trouble Arose Over Shelgren's Little Three-Year-Old Son.

Sioux City, Iowa, Jan. 7.—The coroner's jury yesterday afternoon decided that a blow from Frank Ferguson, the latter has been identified by officers as an ex-convict, sent up for ten years from Ottu, this county, for robbery.

The killing took place in the rooms of Leonard Shelgren, who was struck three times in the face and on the head by a blow from Ferguson, who was then in the act of striking the child, when the latter was taken to the hospital, where he died.

Early Sunday morning Leonard Shelgren, of Cherokee, Iowa, was struck three times in the face and on the head by a blow from Ferguson, who was then in the act of striking the child, when the latter was taken to the hospital, where he died.

The trouble was over Shelgren's little 3-year-old son, who was taken to the hospital, where he died.

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justifies such outrage. While he thinks it would take some years to oust the Mexican dollar, which is today the current coin of a large part of Asia, he is of the opinion that American money could be introduced into the country in sections of Africa.

Mr. Frewen, although he favored the regular Democratic ticket in 1896 and contributed money and wrote articles for the cause of Bryan, now says the great flow of new gold has probably settled the money question for a generation and currently advances the restoration of harmony in Democratic ranks.

SENSATIONAL.

Allegations Made By Actor MacDowell Against Brune.

Kansas City, Jan. 7.—Melbourne McDowell, the actor, who ended an engagement here Sunday, signed yesterday, in Kansas City, Kas., a sensational deposition in his suit against Clarence M. Brune, a theatrical manager, who last season starred his wife, Minnie Little Brune, and MacDowell in Sardou's play, "Theodora." MacDowell, in his deposition, swears that in New York, while intoxicated, he was induced to sign bills of sale, conveying the receipts to the Sardou plays to Brune for \$50. He asserts that fraud was used in bringing about the transaction, and asks that it be set aside. The suit was filed in Ramsey county, Minn., and seeks to recover damages and to restrain Brune from producing any of the Sardou plays. Other sensational allegations are made by MacDowell in his deposition, one being to the effect that he was drugged in New York, and taken to a steamer and taken, first to Boston, and then to Newport News, and that at Baltimore later, while still under the influence of the drug, he was married.

Charges to Be Investigated By New York Jury.

New York, Jan. 7.—In charging the January grand jury yesterday, Judge Foster took notice of the statement put forth by officials of the city government last week that attempts had been made to bribe the grand jury members of the board of aldermen to vote with the Democratic members in the organization of the board. "I do not know," the judge said, "whether these charges, publicly made, are founded on truth, history or fiction. The public is entitled to know. If, after investigation, you find them true, the guilty one ought to be indicted, and to receive severe punishment, and the merited disgrace which our law provides for such crimes. If, on the other hand, after investigation, you shall find them wholly unsupported in fact, then those who gave currency to such baseless and serious charges, should be held up to the community as alarmists, and worthy of rebuke. Such statements, if unfounded, serve only to bring our government and our institutions and our public officers into groundless suspicion and disfavor."

The board of aldermen, after organizing by electing Mr. McInnes, chairman, vice chairman of the board, adopted by acclamation a resolution requesting the mayor to furnish the board with whatever information he may have regarding the alleged attempt at bribery.

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Embroideries

Nainsook embroideries, widths up to 4 inches, also insertions, worth 15c to 18c—at choice a yard.

Nainsook embroideries, widths up to 5 inches; also insertions, values to 20c—at a yard.

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Freimuth's

GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

Advance Sale Fine Table Linens and White Goods!

Each year our annual opening sale has seemed to be the limit of good merchandising—but this season we will again break all records—for despite the advanced prices of Linens our orders were placed months ago, and our prices are at least 20 per cent lower than present market values. Our linen stock is from the most famous mills of the world, and foremost of these—Wm. Liddell & Co., of Belfast, Ireland. Their "Gold Medal" brand of linens has won prizes at the greatest international industrial expositions, and are sold in Duluth by us exclusively.

Dainty White Goods in all the fine sheer fabrics and best qualities—as also the leading makes of Muslins, Cambrics, Sheetings, Towels and Bedspreads—all combine to make a **Linen and White Goods showing** to be long remembered by the women of Duluth. The advance sale will begin tomorrow, **Wednesday, Jan. 8**, and quality considered the prices stand out matchless and alone. Our present showing is but a part of what will be our season's stock, as several large shipments are yet to arrive—but we can now supply all immediate wants, and at very low prices.

Defender Sheets and Cases

are best—they are always measured after being made.

81 x 90 Sheets regular price 60c, advance sale price 47c.

Pillow Cases—sizes 45 x 36—regular price 12½c, advance sale price 9c.

"Defender" Sheets size, 72 x 90, regular price 70c, advance sale price 55c.

"Defender" Sheets, 81 x 90, regular price 75c, advance sale price 59c.

"Defender" Pillow Cases—sizes 45 x 36 regular price 17c, advance sale price 12c.

Leaders in Towels.

18 x 34 Linen Huck Towels—fast color borders, hemmed, ready for use, good value at 15c—advance sale price 10c.

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Fancy Damask and Huck Towels,

hemmed, hemstitched and with knotted fringe, regular 30c to 40c values, advance sale price each—

21 x 54 Turkish Bath Towels, a bargain at 12½c—advance sale price each—

18-inch Toweling—Bleached and unbleached, checked and plain, sold for 12½c and 15c, extra special a yard—

Sheetings at special prices:

10-4 Lockwood Bleached Sheetings worth 27c, for this sale a yard—

9-4 Lockwood Bleached Sheetings worth 25c—for this sale, a yard—

8-4 Lockwood Bleached Sheetings worth 23c, for this sale—

Other Brands at Mill Prices.

Table Damasks.

62-inch Bleached Table Damask; pure linen, heavy quality, regular price 85c—for this sale, a yard—

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Pre-Inventory Laces.

Platt Val. Laces, dainty patterns, from 1 to 5 inches, values 18c to 35c, choice a yard.

Nainsook Embroideries and Insertions, up to 7 inches wide, at a yard.

Nainsook Embroideries and Insertions, values up to 35c—at a yard.

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These Muslin Extras.

Unbleached Muslin, fine soft finish—free from dressing—for this sale, a

COST OF LIVING HAS INCREASED

Annual Per Capita Rate Is Higher Than For Many Years--Dun Explains Why It Is So.

Year	Food	Shelter	Other	Total
1898, Jan. 1	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
1899, Jan. 1	101.50	101.50	101.50	101.50
1900, Jan. 1	103.00	103.00	103.00	103.00
1901, Jan. 1	104.50	104.50	104.50	104.50
1902, Jan. 1	106.00	106.00	106.00	106.00
1903, Jan. 1	107.50	107.50	107.50	107.50
1904, Jan. 1	109.00	109.00	109.00	109.00
1905, Jan. 1	110.50	110.50	110.50	110.50
1906, Jan. 1	112.00	112.00	112.00	112.00
1907, Jan. 1	113.50	113.50	113.50	113.50
1908, Jan. 1	115.00	115.00	115.00	115.00
1909, Jan. 1	116.50	116.50	116.50	116.50
1910, Jan. 1	118.00	118.00	118.00	118.00
1911, Jan. 1	119.50	119.50	119.50	119.50
1912, Jan. 1	121.00	121.00	121.00	121.00
1913, Jan. 1	122.50	122.50	122.50	122.50
1914, Jan. 1	124.00	124.00	124.00	124.00
1915, Jan. 1	125.50	125.50	125.50	125.50
1916, Jan. 1	127.00	127.00	127.00	127.00
1917, Jan. 1	128.50	128.50	128.50	128.50
1918, Jan. 1	130.00	130.00	130.00	130.00
1919, Jan. 1	131.50	131.50	131.50	131.50
1920, Jan. 1	133.00	133.00	133.00	133.00
1921, Jan. 1	134.50	134.50	134.50	134.50
1922, Jan. 1	136.00	136.00	136.00	136.00
1923, Jan. 1	137.50	137.50	137.50	137.50
1924, Jan. 1	139.00	139.00	139.00	139.00
1925, Jan. 1	140.50	140.50	140.50	140.50
1926, Jan. 1	142.00	142.00	142.00	142.00
1927, Jan. 1	143.50	143.50	143.50	143.50
1928, Jan. 1	145.00	145.00	145.00	145.00
1929, Jan. 1	146.50	146.50	146.50	146.50
1930, Jan. 1	148.00	148.00	148.00	148.00
1931, Jan. 1	149.50	149.50	149.50	149.50
1932, Jan. 1	151.00	151.00	151.00	151.00
1933, Jan. 1	152.50	152.50	152.50	152.50
1934, Jan. 1	154.00	154.00	154.00	154.00
1935, Jan. 1	155.50	155.50	155.50	155.50
1936, Jan. 1	157.00	157.00	157.00	157.00
1937, Jan. 1	158.50	158.50	158.50	158.50
1938, Jan. 1	160.00	160.00	160.00	160.00
1939, Jan. 1	161.50	161.50	161.50	161.50
1940, Jan. 1	163.00	163.00	163.00	163.00
1941, Jan. 1	164.50	164.50	164.50	164.50
1942, Jan. 1	166.00	166.00	166.00	166.00
1943, Jan. 1	167.50	167.50	167.50	167.50
1944, Jan. 1	169.00	169.00	169.00	169.00
1945, Jan. 1	170.50	170.50	170.50	170.50
1946, Jan. 1	172.00	172.00	172.00	172.00
1947, Jan. 1	173.50	173.50	173.50	173.50
1948, Jan. 1	175.00	175.00	175.00	175.00
1949, Jan. 1	176.50	176.50	176.50	176.50
1950, Jan. 1	178.00	178.00	178.00	178.00
1951, Jan. 1	179.50	179.50	179.50	179.50
1952, Jan. 1	181.00	181.00	181.00	181.00
1953, Jan. 1	182.50	182.50	182.50	182.50
1954, Jan. 1	184.00	184.00	184.00	184.00
1955, Jan. 1	185.50	185.50	185.50	185.50
1956, Jan. 1	187.00	187.00	187.00	187.00
1957, Jan. 1	188.50	188.50	188.50	188.50
1958, Jan. 1	190.00	190.00	190.00	190.00
1959, Jan. 1	191.50	191.50	191.50	191.50
1960, Jan. 1	193.00	193.00	193.00	193.00
1961, Jan. 1	194.50	194.50	194.50	194.50
1962, Jan. 1	196.00	196.00	196.00	196.00
1963, Jan. 1	197.50	197.50	197.50	197.50
1964, Jan. 1	199.00	199.00	199.00	199.00
1965, Jan. 1	200.50	200.50	200.50	200.50
1966, Jan. 1	202.00	202.00	202.00	202.00
1967, Jan. 1	203.50	203.50	203.50	203.50
1968, Jan. 1	205.00	205.00	205.00	205.00
1969, Jan. 1	206.50	206.50	206.50	206.50
1970, Jan. 1	208.00	208.00	208.00	208.00
1971, Jan. 1	209.50	209.50	209.50	209.50
1972, Jan. 1	211.00	211.00	211.00	211.00
1973, Jan. 1	212.50	212.50	212.50	212.50
1974, Jan. 1	214.00	214.00	214.00	214.00
1975, Jan. 1	215.50	215.50	215.50	215.50
1976, Jan. 1	217.00	217.00	217.00	217.00
1977, Jan. 1	218.50	218.50	218.50	218.50
1978, Jan. 1	220.00	220.00	220.00	220.00
1979, Jan. 1	221.50	221.50	221.50	221.50
1980, Jan. 1	223.00	223.00	223.00	223.00
1981, Jan. 1	224.50	224.50	224.50	224.50
1982, Jan. 1	226.00	226.00	226.00	226.00
1983, Jan. 1	227.50	227.50	227.50	227.50
1984, Jan. 1	229.00	229.00	229.00	229.00
1985, Jan. 1	230.50	230.50	230.50	230.50
1986, Jan. 1	232.00	232.00	232.00	232.00
1987, Jan. 1	233.50	233.50	233.50	233.50
1988, Jan. 1	235.00	235.00	235.00	235.00
1989, Jan. 1	236.50	236.50	236.50	236.50
1990, Jan. 1	238.00	238.00	238.00	238.00
1991, Jan. 1	239.50	239.50	239.50	239.50
1992, Jan. 1	241.00	241.00	241.00	241.00
1993, Jan. 1	242.50	242.50	242.50	242.50
1994, Jan. 1	244.00	244.00	244.00	244.00
1995, Jan. 1	245.50	245.50	245.50	245.50
1996, Jan. 1	247.00	247.00	247.00	247.00
1997, Jan. 1	248.50	248.50	248.50	248.50
1998, Jan. 1	250.00	250.00	250.00	250.00
1999, Jan. 1	251.50	251.50	251.50	251.50
2000, Jan. 1	253.00	253.00	253.00	253.00
2001, Jan. 1	254.50	254.50	254.50	254.50
2002, Jan. 1	256.00	256.00	256.00	256.00
2003, Jan. 1	257.50	257.50	257.50	257.50
2004, Jan. 1	259.00	259.00	259.00	259.00
2005, Jan. 1	260.50	260.50	260.50	260.50
2006, Jan. 1	262.00	262.00	262.00	262.00
2007, Jan. 1	263.50	263.50	263.50	263.50
2008, Jan. 1	265.00	265.00	265.00	265.00
2009, Jan. 1	266.50	266.50	266.50	266.50
2010, Jan. 1	268.00	268.00	268.00	268.00
2011, Jan. 1	269.50	269.50	269.50	269.50
2012, Jan. 1	271.00	271.00	271.00	271.00
2013, Jan. 1	272.50	272.50	272.50	272.50
2014, Jan. 1	274.00	274.00	274.00	274.00
2015, Jan. 1	275.50	275.50	275.50	275.50
2016, Jan. 1	277.00	277.00	277.00	277.00
2017, Jan. 1	278.50	278.50	278.50	278.50
2018, Jan. 1	280.00	280.00	280.00	280.00
2019, Jan. 1	281.50	281.50	281.50	281.50
2020, Jan. 1	283.00	283.00	283.00	283.00
2021, Jan. 1	284.50	284.50	284.50	284.50
2022, Jan. 1	286.00	286.00	286.00	286.00
2023, Jan. 1	287.50	287.50	287.50	287.50
2024, Jan. 1	289.00	289.00	289.00	289.00
2025, Jan. 1	290.50	290.50	290.50	290.50
2026, Jan. 1	292.00	292.00	292.00	292.00
2027, Jan. 1	293.50	293.50	293.50	293.50
2028, Jan. 1	295.00	295.00	295.00	295.00
2029, Jan. 1	296.50	296.50	296.50	296.50
2030, Jan. 1	298.00	298.00	298.00	298.00
2031, Jan. 1	299.50	299.50	299.50	299.50
2032, Jan. 1	301.00	301.00	301.00	301.00
2033, Jan. 1	302.50	302.50	302.50	302.50
2034, Jan. 1	304.00	304.00	304.00	304.00
2035, Jan. 1	305.50	305.50	305.50	305.50
2036, Jan. 1	307.00	307.00	307.00	307.00
2037, Jan. 1	308.50	308.50	308.50	308.50
2038, Jan. 1	310.00	310.00	310.00	310.00
2039, Jan. 1	311.50	311.50	311.50	311.50
2040, Jan. 1	313.00	313.00	313.00	313.00
2041, Jan. 1	314.50	314.50	314.50	314.50
2042, Jan. 1	316.00	316.00	316.00	316.00
2043, Jan. 1	317.50	317.50	317.50	317.50
2044, Jan. 1	319.00	319.00	319.00	319.00
2045, Jan. 1	320.50	320.50	320.50	320.50
2046, Jan. 1	322.00	322.00	322.00	322.00
2047, Jan. 1	323.50	323.50	323.50	323.50
2048, Jan. 1	325.00	325.00	325.00	325.00
2049, Jan. 1	326.50	326.50	326.50	326.50
2050, Jan. 1	328.00	328.00	328.00	328.00
2051, Jan. 1	329.50	329.50	329.50	329.50
2052, Jan. 1	331.00	331.00	331.00	331.00
2053, Jan. 1	332.50	332.50	332.50	332.50
2054, Jan. 1	334.00	334.00	334.00	334.00
2055, Jan. 1	335.50	335.50	335.50	335.50
2056, Jan. 1	337.00	337.00	337.00	337.00
2057, Jan. 1	338.50	338.50	338.50	338.50
2058, Jan. 1	340.00	340.00	340.00	340.00
2059, Jan. 1	341.50	341.50	341.50	341.50
2060, Jan. 1	343.00	343.00	343.00	343.00
2061, Jan. 1	344.50	344.50	344.50	344.50
2062, Jan. 1	346.00	346.00	346.00	346.00
2063, Jan. 1	347.50	347.50	347.50	347.50
2064, Jan. 1	349.00	349.00	349.00	349.00
2065, Jan. 1	350.50	350.50	350.50	350.50
2066, Jan. 1	352.00	352.00	352.00	352.00
2067, Jan. 1	353.50	353.50	353.50	353.50
2068, Jan. 1	355.00	355.00	355.00	355.00
2069, Jan. 1	356.50	356.50	356.50	356.50
2070, Jan. 1	358.00	358.00	358.00	358.00
2071, Jan. 1	359.50	359.50	359.50	359.50
2072, Jan. 1	361.00	361.00	361.00	361.00
2073, Jan. 1	362.50	362.50	362.50	362.50
2074, Jan. 1	364.00	364.00	364.00	364.00
2075, Jan. 1	365.50	365.50	365.50	365.50
2076, Jan. 1	367.00	367.00	367.00	367.00
2077, Jan. 1	368.50	368.50	368.50	368.50
2078, Jan. 1	370.00	370.00	370.00	370.00
2079, Jan. 1	371.50	371.50	371.50	371.50
2080, Jan. 1	373.00	373.00	373.00	373.00
2081, Jan. 1	374.50	374.50	374.50	374.50
2082, Jan. 1	376.00	376.00	376.00	376.00
2083, Jan. 1	377.50	377.50	377.50	377.50
2084, Jan. 1	379.00	379.00	379.00	379.00
2085, Jan. 1	380.50	380.50	380.50	380.50
2086, Jan. 1	382.00	382.00	382.00	382.00
2087, Jan. 1	383.50			

WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD
No advertisement less than 15 c

SECRET SOCIETIES.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.
PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, ...

A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and third Mondays of each month, 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Jan. 6, 1962. Work. H. M. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE No. 386, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Mondays of each month, 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting Jan. 12, 1962. Work. Thos. J. deere, secretary.

IONIC LODGE No. 386, A. F. & A. M.—John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER No. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and third Wednesdays of each month, 7:30 o'clock. Work. rehearsal, Jan. 8, 1962. M. W. Turner, H. F. J. Penbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 10, O. E. S.—Stated convocations second and third Wednesdays of each month, 7:30 o'clock. Work. rehearsal, Jan. 8, 1962. M. W. Turner, H. F. J. Penbrook, secretary.

first Tuesday of each month
7:30 p. m. Next convocate Jan
7, 1902. Thomas J. Davis,
Leflecheux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL NO.
1.—Meets every Wednesday
evening at 8 o'clock
in Elks' hall, 113 West
Superior street, Frank

BEAT COUNCIL NO. 1
meets every Monday at
Columbia hall, corner
Twentieth avenue west
at 8 p. m. Jack Hultquist,
G. S.; Ruben Johnson,
P.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN.
SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST
Duluth, meets every Thursday of
month at Great Eastern hall. William
Clegh, sachem; S. C. Murphy, chief
of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN.
PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 65, MEET
every Friday at 8 p. m. at Sloan's hall.
Twentieth avenue west and Superior
street. Wilfred Harris, sachem; U. C.
Holloway, chief of records.

[illegible]

Rankin, v. C. C. John Burnett, bank
C. P. Earl, col.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—
Luth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday
evening at 8 o'clock, in Maccabees hall, corner
Superior street and First avenue west.
Invitation nights, first and third Wednes-
days. Visiting knightholds always
welcome. C. O. G. T. H. H. H. H. H. H. H.
Putnam, R. K., 24 West Superior street.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS
Court Eastern Star No. 1, meets
every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock
at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall, All State
building, corner of First and Superior
streets. H. H. H. H. H. H. H. H. H. H.
Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.
J. H. H. H. H. H. H. H. H. H. H. H. H. H.
Dr. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR,
Burrows building, Best work, most
adequate prices.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.
DULUTH, MISSISSAUGA
NORTHERN RY. CO.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:45 a.m.	Duluth, Ar.p.m.
8:10 a.m.	Ar. Proctor, Lv.p.m.
10:12 a.m.	Ar. Iron Jct., Lv.p.m.
10:20 a.m.	Ar. Wolt, Lv.p.m.
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia, Lv.p.m.
10:29 a.m.	Ar. Eveleth, Lv.p.m.
10:56 a.m.	Ar. Sparta, Lv.p.m.

11:20 a.m.	Ar. Milwaukee	Lv. p.m. 1
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Chicago	Lv. p.m. 1
11:00 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing	Lv. p.m. 1

7:55 am	Forke, Montana & Coast Points
7:30 pm	Swan River, Hibbing, Int. Points
Sleepers from 11:30 p. m. Train can be occupied at 11:30 p. m. after p. m.	
L. J. KITCHELL, Nor. Pass Agent	

NORTH-WESTERN LINE

Leave Duluth	*Daily
**Except Sunday	
9 18 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis
4 30 pm	Twilight Limited
5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,
5 00 pm	Appleton,
5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac

* 5.00 pm | **FAST MAIL**
 Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining
NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY
 Leave
 a 4:00 p m Ashland and East
 b 8:00 a m Minnesota and Dakota Express
 c 7:10 p m North Coast Limited
 d 8:00 a m "DULUTH SHORT LINE."
 Leave
 b 9:00 a m
 c 1:55 p m
 d 8:10 p m

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railroad
at Seaside Hotel Block, Union Depot

Leave	Daily.	Ex. Sunday.
7:00 pm	BOSTON LIMITED.	
3:15 am	Copper Country Local.	